## **CADD Standards**

## DS\_Util.dgn

Dec 2022

The DS\_Util drawing shall include both 2D and 3D Models. An OpenRoads managed model "Default–3D" is recommended. The managed – civilized 3D model is automatically created from within the 2D model by creating a civilized 3D feature or setting an active terrain.

Presently, the most important reason for a 3D drainage model is to support OpenRoads cross sections. If drainage items need to be shown in cross sections, they should be drawn in the 3D model.

The 2D model should include the annotation, dimensions and other items not shown in the cross sections. Flow lines should also be shown in the 2D model. All ditches must be marked with flow lines to indicate direction of flow.

The 3D model should include the pipes and structures. Structures can be modeled with a basic slabs or cylinders or both. The NDDOT 3D structures library is incomplete. The NDDOT has not implemented the 3D features of Bentley – Drainage and Utilites.

A Macro has been devolved to help draw 3D pipe. The macro uses a 3D line as a reference. The 3D lines should be drawn from pipe invert to invert. The macro will use this line to place pipe and end sections.

The macro can be accessed from Design (workflow) > Main (tab) > Macros (panel) > Other > Pipe 3D by Line". This tool should be used in a 3D model.

The following dialog box should open when the tool is accessed. Select the type of pipe, size, and end sections. Then click the "Place Pipe" button and select a 3D line. The macro will place the 3D pipe.

Place 3D Pipe from Line			×
RCP RCP Force Main Metal Culvert Other Pipe	RCP 12 Inch RCP 15 Inch RCP 18 Inch RCP 21 Inch RCP 24 Inch RCP 27 Inch RCP 30 Inch RCP 33 Inch RCP 36 Inch RCP 39 Inch	No End Section End Sec RCP 12 Inch End Sec RCP 15 Inch End Sec RCP 18 Inch End Sec RCP 21 Inch End Sec RCP 24 Inch End Sec RCP 27 Inch End Sec RCP 30 Inch End Sec RCP 36 Inch End Sec RCP 42 Inch	•
Place Pipe			