## RESEARCH REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

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Optical Camera In Edge Drains			Click on link to open report	8. Project No.
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14. Supplementary Notes				
15. Abstract Purpose and Need				
	es, provisions are needed to provid	le proper subsurface drainage for	the removal of water from undernea	h the road surface. The North Dakota Department
of Transportation (NDDOT), along with many of	other states, have utilized longitudir			underlying pavement structure directly beneath the
roadbed to eliminate moisture related paveme Objective	nt distress.			
. In order to evaluate the effectiveness an				edge drain piping. In performing the annual
inspection of the edge drain systems, an evaluation of the optical camera system was also conducted to determine its performance and usefulness as a diagnostic tool for other applications.  Scope				
The NDDOT has set aside a select group				project is located on I-94 (eastbound) in Cass
County. This study will monitor the performance and effectiveness of the edge drain system by use of the optical camera annually with a final report in the fifth year.  Items evaluated are:				
-Amount of fines being carried in	to the edge drains			
-Flushing capability of the fines				
-Condition of the drain pipes Summary				
				e drain systems evaluated show that 26 of the 38
(68.4%) had no change or a decrease in the a continues to decrease in amount. Of those sy				
Other items such as the intrusion of roden	ts into the drain system, punctures			ough degrading the overall condition of the edge
drain system, do not appear to be presenting any problems.  The clogging of concrete headwall outlets with hay and other matter may create performance problems. Grass clippings should be removed for optimum operation of the edge drain systems.				
The source of the damage to the rodent screens appears to be NDDOT mowers. Edge drain concrete headwalls used on current projects utilize a different rodent screen design. This new design is				
less susceptible to the type of damage observ		formed as required		
project. The condition of the rodent screens should be monitored and repairs performed as required.  The optical camera system used to inspect the edge drains continues to work well with little or no difficulty in operation. Since acquired by the NDDOT, the camera system has been utilized by				
Materials and Research Division personnel for the evaluation of experimental projects. District personnel from around the state have used it to evaluate newly constructed pavement edge drain systems,				
slide area drainage systems, roadway culverts, and storm drainage systems.  Materials and Research personnel have performed general maintenance on the camera system. Maintenance operations consist of general cleaning and lubrication of camera head contacts and				
fittings. Miniature light bulbs, which act as the light source for the camera in the absence of natural light, are replaced when they have been damaged or fail. Replacement bulbs, (approximately \$1.70				
per bulb), are somewhat difficult to replace; however, using proper tools, this operation also is performed by Materials and Research personnel. Color-coded tape was applied to the 300' cable to indicate the position of the camera when "snaking" the camera through a pipe. Due to the adverse conditions (water, grit, etc.) in which the camera operates, this tape must occasionally be replaced.				
Recommendations:  The condition of the headwall area is critical to the performance of the edge drain systems. The headwall should be kept clear of grass clippings and other debris. Damaged rodent screens should				
be repaired to prevent rodents from entering the edge drain system.				
The optical camera system has been very reliable, and easy to operate. District personnel continue to use it regularly to inspect new construction of drainage systems. Te camera has proven to be a valuable inspection and diagnostic tool.				
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