

NDDOT ABBREVIATIONS

? This is a special text character used in the labeling of existing features. It indicates a feature that has an unknown characteristic, potentially based on: lack of description, location accuracy or purpose.

Abn abandoned
 Abut abutment
 Ac acres
 Adj adjusted
 Aggr aggregate
 Ahd ahead
 ARV air release valve
 Align alignment
 Al alley
 Alt alternate
 Alum aluminum
 ADA Americans with Disabilities Act
 A ampere
 & and
 Appr approach
 Approx approximate
 ACP asbestos cement pipe
 Asph asphalt
 AC asphalt cement
 Assmd assumed
 @ at
 Atten attenuation
 ATR automatic traffic recorder
 Ave Avenue
 Avg average
 ADT average daily traffic
 Az azimuth
 Bk back
 BF back face
 Bs backsight
 Balc balcony
 B Wire barbed wire
 Barr barricade
 Btry battery
 Brg bearing
 BI beehive inlet
 Beg begin
 BM bench mark
 Bkwy bikeway
 Bit bituminous
 Blk block
 Bd Ft board feet
 BH bore hole
 BS both sides
 Bot bottom
 Blvd Boulevard
 Bndry boundary
 BC brass cap
 Brkwy breakaway
 Br bridge
 Bldg building

BV butterfly valve
 Byp bypass
 C Gdrl cable guardrail
 Calc calculate
 Cd candela
 CIP cast iron pipe
 CB catch basin
 CRS cationic rapid setting
 C Gd cattle guard
 C To C center to center
 Cl or C centerline
 Cm centimeter
 Ch chain
 Chnlk chain-link
 Ch Blk channel block
 Ch Ch channel change
 Chk check
 Chsld chiseled
 Cir circle
 Cl class
 Cl clay
 Cl F clay fill
 Cl Hvy clay heavy
 Cl Lm clay loam
 Clnt clean-out
 Clr clear
 Cl&gr clearing & grubbing
 Co S coal slack
 Comb. combination
 Coml commercial
 Compr compression
 CADD computer aided drafting & design
 Conc concrete
 Cond conductor
 Const construction
 Cont continuous
 CSB continuous split barrel sample
 Contr contraction
 Contr contractor
 CP control point
 Coord coordinate
 Cor corner
 Corr corrected
 CAES corrugated aluminum end section
 CAP corrugated aluminum pipe
 CMES corrugated metal end section
 CMP corrugated metal pipe
 CPVCP corrugated poly-vinyl chloride pipe
 CSES corrugated steel end section
 CSP corrugated steel pipe
 C coulomb
 Co County
 Crse course
 C Gr course gravel
 CS course sand

Ct Court
 Xarm cross arm
 Xbuck cross buck
 Xsec cross sections
 Xing crossing
 Xrd Crossroad
 Crn crown
 CF cubic feet
 M3 cubic meter
 M3/s cubic meters per second
 CY cubic yard
 Cy/mi cubic yards per mile
 Culv culvert
 C&G curb & gutter
 CI curb inlet
 CR curb ramp
 CS curve to spiral
 C cut
 Dd Ld dead load
 Defl deflection
 Defm deformed
 Deg or D degree
 DInt delineate
 DIntr delineator
 Depr depression
 Desc description
 Det detail
 DWP detectable warning panel
 Dtr detour
 Dia diameter
 Dir direction
 Dist distance
 DM disturbed material
 DB ditch block
 DG ditch grade
 Dbl double
 Dn down
 Dwg drawing
 Dr drive
 Drwy driveway
 DI drop inlet
 D dry density
 Ea each
 Esmt easement
 E East
 EB Eastbound
 Elast elastomeric
 EL electric locker
 E Mtr electric meter
 Elec electric/al
 EDM electronic distance meter
 Elev or El elevation
 Ellipt elliptical
 Emb embankment
 Emuls emulsion/emulsified

ES end section
 Engr engineer
 ESS environmental sensor station
 Eq equal
 Eq equation
 Evgr evergreen
 Exc excavation
 Exst existing
 Exp expansion
 Expy Expressway
 E external of curve
 Extru extruded
 FOS factor of safety
 F Fahrenheit
 FS far side
 F farad
 Fed Federal
 FP feed point
 Ft feet/foot
 Fn fence
 Fn P fence post
 FO fiber optic
 FB field book
 FD field drive
 F fill
 FAA fine aggregate angularity
 FS fine sand
 FH fire hydrant
 Fl flange
 Flrd flared
 FES flared end section
 F Bcn flashing beacon
 FA flight auger sample
 FL flow line
 Ftg footing
 FM force main
 Fs foresight
 Fnd found
 Fdn foundation
 Frac fractional
 Frwy freeway
 Frt front
 FF front face
 F Disp fuel dispenser

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
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D-101-2

FFP	fuel filler pipes	IPn	Iron Pin	MC	medium curing	Ped	pedestal
FLS	fuel leak sensor	IP	iron Pipe	M	mega	Ped	pedestrian
Furn	furnish/ed	Jt	joint	Mer	meridian	PPP	pedestrian pushbutton post
Gal	gallon	J	joule	M	meter	Pen.	penetration
Galv	galvanized	Jct	junction	M/s	meters per second	Perf	perforated
Gar	garage	K	kelvin	M	mid ordinate of curve	Per.	perimeter
Gs L	gas line	Kn	kilo newton	Mi	mile	PL	pipeline
G Reg	gas line regulator	Kpa	kilo pascal	MM	mile marker	PI	place
GMV	gas main valve	Kg	kilogram	MP	mile post	P&P	plan & profile
G Mtr	gas meter	Kg/m3	kilogram per cubic meter	MI	milliliter	PL	plastic limit
GSV	gas service valve	Km	kilometer	Mm	millimeter	PI	plate
GVP	gas vent pipe	K	Kip(s)	Mm/hr	millimeters per hour	Pt	point
GV	gate valve	LS	Land Surveyor (licensed)	Min	minimum	PCC	point of compound curve
Ga	gauge	LSIT	Land Surveyor In Training	Misc	miscellaneous	PC	point of curve
Geod	geodetic	Ln	lane	Mon	monument	PI	point of intersection
GIS	Geographical Information System	Lg	large	Mnd	mound	PRC	point of reverse curvature
G	giga	Lat	latitude	Mtbl	mountable	PT	point of tangent
GPS	Global Positioning System	Lt	left	Mtd	mounted	POC	point on curve
Gov	government	L	length of curve	Mtg	mounting	POT	point on tangent
Grd	graded/grade	Lens	lenses	Mk	muck	PE	polyethylene
Gr	gravel	Lvl	level	Mun	municipal	PVC	polyvinyl chloride
Grnd	ground	LB	level book	N	nano	PCC	Portland Cement concrete
GWM	ground water monitor	Lvng	leveling	NGS	National Geodetic Survey	Lb or #	pounds
Gdrl	guardrail	Lht	light	NS	near side	PP	power pole
Gtr	gutter	LP	light pole	Neop	neoprene	Preempt	preemption
H Plg	H piling	Ltg	lighting	Ntwk	network	Prefab	prefabricated
Hdwl	headwall	Lig Co	lignite coal	N	newton	Prfmd	performed
Ha	hectare	Lig Sl	lignite slack	N	North	Prep	preparation
Ht	height	LF	linear foot	NE	North East	Press.	pressure
HI	height of instrument	Liq	liquid	NW	North West	PRV	pressure relief valve
Hel	helical	LL	liquid limit	NB	Northbound	Prestr	prestressed
H	henry	L	litre	No. or #	number	Pvt	private
HZ	hertz	Lm	loam	Obsc	obscure(d)	PD	private drive
HDPE	high density polyethylene	Loc	location	Obsn	observation	Prod.	production/produce
HM	high mast	LC	long chord	Ocpd	occupied	Prog	programmed
HP	high pressure	Long.	longitude	Ocpy	occupy	Prop.	property
HPS	high pressure sodium	Lp	loop	Off Loc	office location	Prop Ln	property line
Hwy	highway	LD	loop detector	O/s	offset	Ppsd	proposed
Hor	horizontal	Lm	lumen	OC	on center	PB	pull box
HBP	hot bituminous pavement	Lum	luminaire	C	one dimensional consolidation		
HMA	hot mix asphalt	L Sum	lump sum	OC	organic content		
Hr	hour(s)	Lx	lux	Orig	original		
Hyd	hydrant	ML	main line	O To O	out to out		
Ph	hydrogen ion content	M Hr	man hour	OD	outside diameter		
Id	identification	MH	manhole	OH	overhead		
In or "	inch	Mkd	marked	PMT	pad mounted transformer		
Incl	inclinometer tube	Mkr	marker	Pg	pages		
IMH	inlet manhole	Mkg	marking	Pntd	painted		
ID	inside diameter	MA	mast arm	Pr	pair		
Inst	instrument	Matl	material	Pnl	panel		
Intchg	interchange	Max	maximum	Pk	park		
Intmdt	intermediate	MC	meander corner	PK	Parker-Kalon nail		
Intscn	intersection	Meas	measure	Pa	pascal		
Inv	invert	Mdn	median	PSD	passing sight distance		
IM	iron monument	MD	median drain	Pvmt	pavement		

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Qty	quantity	SN	sign number	Tan	tangent	Wb	weber
Qtr	quarter	Sig	signal	T	tangent (semi)	WIM	weigh in motion
Rad or R	radius	Si Cl	silt clay	TS	tangent to spiral	W	west
RR	railroad	Si Cl Lm	silty clay loam	Tel	telephone	WB	westbound
Rlwy	railway	Si Lm	silty loam	Tel B	Telephone Booth	Wrng	wiring
Rsd	raised	Sgl	single	Tel P	telephone pole	W/	with
RTP	random traverse point	SC	slow curing	Tv	television	W/o	without
Rge or R	range	SS	slow setting	Temp	temperature	WC	witness corner
RC	rapid curing	Sm	small	Temp	temporary	WGS	world geodetic system
Rec	record	S	South	TBM	temporary bench mark	Z	zenith
Rcy	recycle	SE	South East	T	tesla		
RAP	recycled asphalt pavement	SW	South West	T	thinwall tube sample		
RPCC	recycled portland cement concrete	SB	Southbound	T/mi	tons per mile		
Ref	reference	Sp	spaces	Ts	topsoil		
R Mkr	reference marker	Spcl	special	Twp or T	township		
RM	reference monument	SA	special assembly	Traf	traffic		
Refl	reflectorized	SP	special provisions	TSCB	traffic signal control box		
RCB	reinforced concrete box	G	specific gravity	Tr	trail		
RCES	reinforced concrete end section	Spk	spike	Transf	transformer		
RCP	reinforced concrete pipe	SC	spiral to curve	TB	transit book		
RCPS	reinforced concrete pipe sewer	ST	spiral to tangent	Trans	transition		
Reinf	reinforcement	SB	split barrel sample	TT	transmission tower		
Res	reservation	SH	sprinkler head	Trans	transverse		
Ret	retaining	SV	sprinkler valve	Trav	traverse		
Rev	reverse	Sq	square	TP	traverse point		
Rt	right	SF	square feet	Trtd	treated		
R/W	right of way	Km2	square kilometer	Trmt	treatment		
Riv	river	M2	square meter	Qc	triaxial compression		
Rd	road	SY	square yard	TERO	tribal employment rights ordinance		
Rdbd	road bed	Stk	stake	Tpl	triple		
Rdwy	roadway	Std	standard	TP	turning point		
RWIS	roadway weather information system	N	standard penetration test	Typ	typical		
Rk	rock	Std Specs	standard specifications	Qu	unconfined compressive strength		
Rt	route	Sta	station	Ugrnd	underground		
Salv	salvage(d)	Sta Yd	station yards	USC&G	US Coast & Geodetic Survey		
Sd	sand	Stm L	steam line	USGS	US Geologic Survey		
Sdy Cl	sandy clay	SEC	steel encased concrete	Util	utility		
Sdy Cl Lm	sandy clay loam	SMA	stone matrix asphalt	VG	valley gutter		
Sdy Fl	sandy fill	SSD	stopping sight distance	Vap	vapor		
Sdy Lm	sandy loam	SD	storm drain	Vert	vertical		
San	sanitary sewer line	St	street	VC	vertical curve		
Sc	scoria	SPP	structural plate pipe	VCP	vitrified clay pipe		
Sec	seconds	SPPA	structural plate pipe arch	V	volt		
Sec	section	Str	structure	Vol	volume		
SL	section line	Subd	subdivision	Wkwy	walkway		
Sep	separation	Sub	subgrade	W	water content		
Seq	sequence	Sub Prep	subgrade preperation	WGV	water gate valve		
Serv	service	Ss	subsoil	WL	water line		
Sh	shale	SE	superelevation	WM	water main		
Sht	sheet	SS	supplement specification	WMV	water main valve		
Shtng	sheeting	Supp	supplemental	W Mtr	water meter		
Shldr	shoulder	Surf	surfacing	WSV	water service valve		
Sw	sidewalk	Surv	survey	WW	water well		
S	siemens	Sym	symmetrical	W	watt		
SD	sight distance	SI	systems international	Wrng	wearing		

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NDDOT UTILITY COMPANY AND ORGANIZATION ABBREVIATIONS

D-101-10

702COM 702 Communications
 ACCENT Accent Communications
 AGASSIZ WU Agassiz Water Users Incorporated
 AGC Associated General Contractors of America
 AII PI Alliance Pipeline
 ALL SEAS WU All Seasons Water Users Association
 AMOCO PI Amoco Pipeline Company
 AMRDA HESS Amerada Hess Corporation
 AT&T AT&T Corporation
 B PAW Bear Paw Energy Incorporated
 BAKER ELEC Baker Electric
 BASIN ELEC Basin Electric Cooperative Incorporated
 BEK TEL Bek Communications Cooperative
 BELLE PL Belle Fourche Pipeline Company
 BLM Bureau of Land Management
 BNSF Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway
 BOEING Boeing
 BRNS RWD Barnes Rural Water District
 BURK-DIV ELEC Burke-Divide Electric Cooperative
 BURL WU Burleigh Water Users
 Cable One Cable One
 CABLE SERV Cable Services
 CAP ELEC Capital Electric Cooperative Incorporat
 CASS CO ELEC Cass County Electric Cooperative
 CASS RWU Cass Rural Water Users Incorporated
 CAV ELEC Cavalier Rural Electric Cooperative
 CBLCOM Cablecom Of Fargo
 CENEX PL Cenex Pipeline
 CENT PL WATER DIST Central Pipe Line Water District
 CENT PWR ELEC Central Power Electric Cooperative
 COE Corps of Engineers
 CONS TEL Consolidated Telephone
 CONT RES Continental Resource Inc
 CPR Canadian Pacific Railway
 D O E Department Of Energy
 DAK CARR Dakota Carrier Network
 DAK CENT TEL Dakota Central Telephone
 DAK RWD Dakota Rural Water District
 DGC Dakota Gasification Company
 DICKEY R NET Dickey Rural Networks
 DICKEY RWU Dickey Rural Water Users Association
 DICKEY TEL Dickey Telephone
 DNRR Dakota Northern Railroad
 DOME PL Dome Pipeline Company
 DVELEC Dakota Valley Electric Cooperative
 DVMW Dakota, Missouri Valley & Western
 ENBRDG Enbridge Pipelines Incorporated
 ENVENTIS Enventis Telephone
 FALK MNG Falkirk Mining Company
 FHWA Federal Highway Administration
 G FKS-TRL WD Grand Forks-traill Water District
 GETTY TRD & TRAN Getty Trading & Transportation
 GLDN W ELEC Golden West Electric Cooperative
 GRGS CO TEL Griggs County Telephone

GT PLNS NAT GAS Great Plains Natural Gas Company
 HALS TEL Halstad Telephone Company
 IDEA1 Idea1
 INT-COMM TEL Inter-Community Telephone Company
 KANEB PL Kaneb Pipeline Company
 KEM ELEC Kem Electric Cooperative Incorporated
 KOCH GATH SYS Koch Gathering Systems Incorporated
 LKHD PL Lakehead Pipeline Company
 LNGDN RWU Langdon Rural Water Users Incorporated
 LWR YELL R ELEC Lower Yellowstone Rural Electric
 MCKNZ CON McKenzie Consolidated Telcom
 MCKENZIE ELEC McKenzie Electric Cooperative
 MCKNZ WRD McKenzie County Water Resource District
 MCLEOD McLeod USA
 MCLN ELEC McLean Electric Cooperative
 MCLN-SHRDN R WAT McLean-Sheridan Rural Water
 MDU Montana-dakota Utilities
 MID-CONT CABLE Mid-Continent Cable
 MIDSTATE TEL Midstate Telephone Company
 MINOT CABLE Minot Cable Television
 MINOT TEL Minot Telephone Company
 MISS W W S Missouri West Water System
 MNKOTA PWR Minnkota Power
 MOR-GRAN-SOU ELEC Mor-gran-sou Electric Cooperative
 MOUNT-WILLI ELEC Mountrail-williams Electric Cooperative
 MRE LBTY TEL Moore & Liberty Telephone
 MUNICIPAL City Water And Sewer
 MUNICIPAL City Of '.....'
 N CENT ELEC North Central Electric Cooperative
 N VALL W DIST North Valley Water District
 ND PKS & REC North Dakota Parks And Recreation
 ND TEL North Dakota Telephone Company
 NDDOT North Dakota Department of Transportation
 NDSU SOIL SCI DEPT NDSU Soil Science Department
 NEMONT TEL Nemont Telephone
 NODAK R ELEC Nodak Rural Electric Cooperative
 NOON FRMS TEL Noonan Farmers Telephone Company
 NPR Northern Plains Railroad
 NSP Northern States Power
 NTH PRAIR RW Northern Prairie Rural Water Association
 NTHN BRDR PL Northern Border Pipeline
 NTHN PLNS ELEC Northern Plains Electric Cooperative Incorporated
 NTHWSTRN REF Northwestern Refinery Company
 NW COMM Northwest Communication Cooperation
 ONEOK Oneok gas
 OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 OTTR TL PWR Otter Tail Power Company
 P L E M Prairielands Energy Marketing
 POLAR COM Polar Communications
 PVT ELEC Private Electric
 QWEST Qwest Communications
 R&T W SUPPLY R & T Water Supply Association
 RAMSEY R SEW Ramsey Rural Sewer Association
 RAMSEY RW Ramsey Rural Water Association
 RAMSEY UTIL Ramsey County Rural Utilities

RED RIV TEL Red River Rural Telephone
 RESVTN TEL Reservation Telephone
 ROBRTS TEL Roberts Company Telephone
 R-RIDER ELEC Roughrider Electric Coop
 RRVW Red River Valley & Western Railroad
 RSR ELEC R.S.R. Electric Cooperative
 S E W U South East Water Users Incorporated
 SCOTT CABLE Scott Cable Television Dickinson
 SHERDN ELEC Sheridan Electric Cooperative
 SHEYN VLY ELEC Sheyenne Valley Electric Cooperative
 SKYTECH Skyland Technologies Incorporated
 SLOPE ELEC Slope Electric Cooperative Incorporated
 SOURIS RIV TELCOM Souris River Telecommunications
 ST WAT COMM State Water Commission
 STATE LN WATER State Line Water Cooperative
 STER ENG Sterling Energy
 STUT RWU Stutsman Rural Water Users
 SW PL PRJ Southwest Pipeline Project
 T M C Turtle Mountain Communications
 TCI TCI of North Dakota
 TESORO GHG PLNS PL Tesoro High Plains Pipeline
 TRI-CNTY WU Tri-County Water Users Incorporated
 TRL CO RWU Traill County Rural Water Users
 UNTD TEL United Telephone
 UPPR SOUR WUA Upper Souris Water Users Association
 US SPRINT U.S. Sprint
 USAF MSL CABLE U.S.A.F. Missile Cable
 USFWS US Fish and Wildlife Service
 USW COMM U.S. West Communications
 VRNDRY ELEC Verendrye Electric Cooperative
 W RIV TEL West River Telephone Incorporated
 WEB W. E. B. Water Development Association
 WILLI RWA Williams Rural Water Association
 WILSTN BAS PL Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company
 WLSH RWD Walsh Water Rural Water District
 WOLVRTN TEL Wolverton Telephone
 XLENER Xcel Energy
 YSVR Yellowstone Valley Railroad

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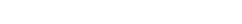
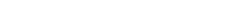
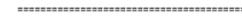
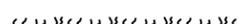
Line Styles

.....	Limits of Const Transition Line	—— s —— s ——	Floating Silt Curtain	—— ——— ———	Existing Aggregate (Cross Section View)	- - - - -	Existing Centerline
.....	Bale Check	—— ——— T ——	Existing Telephone Line	—— ——— ———	Existing Curb and Gutter (Cross Section View)	- - - - -	Supplemental Contour
.....	Rock Check	—— ——— TV ——	Existing TV Line	—— ——— ———	Existing Riprap	—— - - - - -	Right of Way
.....	Sight Distance Triangle Line	Void — void — void — v	Existing Assumed Ground (Not Surveyed)	—— ——— ———	Existing Underground Vault or Lift Station	—— - - - - -	Existing Right of Way
- - - - -	Small Hidden Object	Void — void — void — v	Tentative Ground Line	—— ——— ———	Tangent Line	—— - - - - -	Existing Right of Way Railroad
- - - - -	Dimension Leader	—— ——— w ——	Existing Water or Steam Line	- - - - -	Hidden Object	- - - - -	Failure Line
- - - - -	Existing Ground	=====	Existing Under Drain	—— ——— ———	Existing Dirt Surface	- - - - -	Existing Conditions
- - - - -	Existing Topsoil (Cross Section View)	=====	Under Drain	—— ——— ———	Existing Conduit	- - - - -	Existing Ground (Details)
—— ——— ———	Large Hidden Object	=====	Wall	—— ——— ———	Topsoil Profile	—— - - - - -	Existing Sixteenth Section Line
—— ——— ———	Edge Drain	=====	Existing Slotted Drain	- - - - -	Existing Conductor	- - - - -	Existing Right of Way Not State Owned
—— D —— D ——	Geotextile Fabric Type D	—— + —— + ——	Existing Cemetary Boundary	- - - - -	Conductor	- - - - -	Phantom Object
—— ——— E ——	Existing Electrical	—— ——— ———	Centerline Pavement Marking	- - - - -	Fiber Optic	- - - - -	Centerline Main
—— ——— FO ——	Existing Fiber Optic Line	=====	Barrier with Centerline Pavement Marking	- - - - -	Existing Loop Detector	-	Existing Guardrail Cable
—— ——— FO ——	Existing TV Fiber Optic	=====	Barrier Pavement Marking	- - - - -	Subgrade, Subcut or Ditch Grade	— . — . — . — .	Existing Guardrail Metal
—— ——— G ——	Existing Gas Pipe	- - - - -	Stripe 4 IN Dotted Extension White	—— ——— ———	Existing Asphalt Surface	—— . —— . —— . —— .	Existing Edge of Water
—— ——— Geo —— Geo ——	Geogrid	- - - - -	Stripe 8 IN Dotted Extension White	—— ——— ———	Existing Asphalt (Cross Section View)	- - - - -	Excavation Limits
—— ——— OH ——	Existing Overhead Utility Line	- - - - -	Stripe 8 IN Lane Drop	—— ——— ———	Existing Reinforcement Rebar	—— . —— . —— . —— .	Existing Government Lot Line
—— ——— P ——	Existing Power	—— ——— ———	Wetland Mitigation	—— ——— ———	Existing Tie Point Line	.....	Existing Adjacent Block Lines
—— ——— PL ——	Existing Fuel Pipeline	- - - - -	Existing Box Culvert Bridge	—— ——— ———	Existing State or International Line	.....	Existing Adjacent Lot Lines
—— ——— PL ——	Existing Undefined Above Ground Pipe Line	- - - - -	Existing Concrete Surface	—— ——— ———	Existing Quarter Section Line	.....	Existing Adjacent Property Line
—— ——— R —— R ——	Geotextile Fabric Type R	- - - - -	Existing Drainage Structure	—— ——— ———	Existing County	.....	Existing Adjacent Subdivision Lines
—— ——— R —— R ——	Geotextile Fabric Type R1	- - - - -	Easement	—— ——— ———	Existing Section Line	.....
—— REMOVE —— REMOVE ——	Remove Line	- - - - -	Existing Concrete	—— ——— ———	Existing Township	.....
—— RR —— RR ——	Geotextile Fabric Type RR	- - - - -	Existing Easement	—— ——— ———	Existing Railroad Centerline	
—— ——— S —— S ——	Geotextile Fabric Type S	—— ——— ———	Existing Gravel Surface	—— ——— ———	Centerline	

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Line Styles

	Subgrade Reinforcement		Existing Railroad Switch		Sheet Piling
	Existing Down Guy Wire Down Guy		Overhead Sign Structure Cantilever		W-Beam w Posts
	Existing Fence		24 Inch Pipe		Existing W-Beam Guardrail with Posts
	Existing Railroad		Reinforced Concrete Pipe		Exst Wet Area-Vegetation Break
	Existing Sanitary Sewer		Signal Head with Mast Arm		Existing Wetland Delineated
	Existing Sanitary Force Main		Existing Signal Head with Mast Arm		
	Existing Storm Drain		Tie Bar at Random Spacing		
	Existing Storm Drain Force Main		3-Cable w Posts		
	Fence		Existing 3-Cable w Posts		
	Silt Fence		Site Boundary		
	Existing Field Line		Fiber Rolls		
	Exst Flow		Doweled Joint		
	Flow		Tie Bar 30 Inch 4 Foot Center to Center		
	Existing Culvert		Tie Bar 18 Inch 3 Foot Center to Center		
	Existing Curb		Existing Berm, Dike, Pit, or Earth Dam		
	Existing Valley Gutter		Existing Ditch Block		
	Existing Driveway Gutter		Depression Contours		
	Existing Curb and Gutter		Existing City Corporate Limits or Reservation Boundary		
	Existing Mountable Curb and Gutter		Gravel Pit - Borrow Area		
	Existing Double Micro Loop Detector		Existing Tree Boundary		
	Micro Loop Detector Double		Tree Row		
	Existing Overhead Sign Structure		Existing Brush or Shrub Boundary		
	Existing Micro Loop Detector		Existing Retaining Wall		
	Micro Loop Detector		Existing Planter or Wall		
	Existing Overhead Sign Structure Cantilever		Retaining Wall (Plan View)		

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Symbols

	North Arrow (Half Scale)		Attenuation Device		Existing Railroad Battery Box		Existing Delineator Type E
	Truck Mounted Attenuator		Diamond Grade Delineator Type A		Existing Bush or Shrub		Existing EFB Misc
	Type I Barricade		Diamond Grade Delineator Type B		Existing Gas Cap or Stub		Existing Flashing Beacon
	Type II Barricade		Diamond Grade Delineator Type C		Existing Sanitary Cap or Stub		Existing Pipe Mounted Flasher
	Type III Barricade		Diamond Grade Delineator Type D		Existing Storm Drain Cap or Stub		Existing Pad Mounted Feed Point
	Catch Basin		Diamond Grade Delineator Type E		Existing Water Cap or Stub		Existing Pipe Mounted Feed Point with Pad
	Cairn or Stone Circle		Flexible Delineator		Existing Sanitary Cleanout		Existing Pole Mounted Feed Point
	Video Detection Camera		Flexible Delineator Type A		Existing Concrete Foundation		Existing Railroad Frog
	Storm Drain Cap or Stub		Flexible Delineator Type B		Existing Traffic Signal Controller		Existing Snow Gate 18
	Corrugated Metal End Section 18 Inch		Flexible Delineator Type C		Existing Pad Mounted Signal Controller		Existing Snow Gate 28
	Corrugated Metal End Section 24 Inch		Flexible Delineator Type D		Existing Sixteenth Section Corner		Existing Snow Gate 40
	Corrugated Metal End Section 30 Inch		Flexible Delineator Type E		Existing Quarter Section Corner		Existing Headwall
	Corrugated Metal End Section 36 Inch		Delineator Type A		Existing Section Corner		Existing Pedestrian Head with Number
	Corrugated Metal End Section 42 Inch		Delineator Type A Reset		Existing Railroad Crossbuck		Existing Signal Head
	Corrugated Metal End Section 48 Inch		Delineator Type B		Existing Satellite Dish		Existing Sprinkler Head
	Concrete Foundation		Delineator Type B Reset		Existing Fuel Dispensers		Existing Fire Hydrant
	Ground Connection Conductor		Delineator Type C		Existing Flexible Delineator Type A		Existing Catch Basin Drop Inlet
	Neutral Connection Conductor		Delineator Type D		Existing Flexible Delineator Type B		Existing Curb Inlet
	Phase 1 Connection Conductor		Delineator Type E		Existing Flexible Delineator Type C		Existing Manhole Inlet
	Phase 2 Connection Conductor		Delineator Drums		Existing Flexible Delineator Type D		Existing Junction Box
	Traffic Cone		Spot Elevation		Existing Flexible Delineator Type E		
	Signal Controller		Existing Access Control Arrow		Existing Delineator Type A		
	Pad Mounted Signal Controller		Existing Artifact		Existing Delineator Type B		
	Alignment Data Point		Existing Flashing Beacon		Existing Delineator Type C		
	Emergency Vehicle Detector		Existing Benchmark		Existing Delineator Type D		

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
07-01-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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Symbols

	Existing Light Standard		Existing Manhole with Valve Water		Existing Telephone Pole		Existing Undefined Manhole
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 10 Luminaire		Existing Water Manhole		Existing Wood Pole		Existing Undefined Pull Box
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 3 Luminaire		Existing Mile Post Type A		Existing Post		Existing Undefined Pedestal
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 4 Luminaire		Existing Mile Post Type B		Existing Pedestrian Push Button Post		Existing Undefined Valve
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 5 Luminaire		Existing Mile Post Type C		Existing Control Point CP		Existing Undefined Pipe Vent
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 6 Luminaire		Existing Reference Marker		Existing Control Point GPS-RTK		Existing Gas Valve
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 7 Luminaire		Existing RW Marker		Existing Control Point TRI		Existing Water Valve
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 8 Luminaire		Existing Utility Marker		Existing Reference Marker Point NGS		Existing Fuel Pipe Vent
	Existing High Mast Light Standard 9 Luminaire		Iron Monument Found		Existing Pull Box		Existing Gas Pipe Vent
	Existing Overhead Sign Structure Load Center		Iron Pin R/W Monument		Existing Intelligent Transportation Pull Box		Existing Sanitary Pipe Vent
	Existing Luminaire		Existing Object Marker Type I		Existing Water Pump		Existing Storm Drain Pipe Vent
	Existing Light Standard Luminaire		Existing Object Marker Type II		Existing Slotted Reinforced Concrete Pipe		Existing Water Pipe Vent
	Existing Federal Mailbox		Existing Object Marker Type III		Existing RR Profile Spot		Existing Weather Station
	Existing Private Mailbox		Existing Electrical Pedestal		Existing Fuel Leak Sensors		Existing Ground Water Well Bore Hole
	Existing Meander Section Corner		Existing Telephone Pedestal		Existing Highway Sign		Existing Windmill or Tower
	Existing Meter		Existing Fiber Optic Telephone Pedestal		Existing Miscellaneous Spot		Existing Witness Corner
	Existing Electrical Manhole		Existing TV Pedestal		Existing Lighting Standard Pole		Flashing Beacon
	Existing Gas Manhole		Existing Fiber Optic TV Pedestal		Existing Traffic Signal Standard		Flagger
	Existing Sanitary Manhole		Existing Fuel Filler Pipes		Existing Transformer		Pipe Mounted Flasher
	Existing Sanitary Force Main Manhole		Existing Traverse PI Aerial Panel		Existing Large Evergreen Tree		Sanitary Force Main with Valve
	Existing Sanitary Manhole with Valve		Existing Pole		Existing Small Evergreen Tree		
	Existing Storm Drain Manhole		Existing Power Pole		Existing Large Tree		
	Existing Force Main Storm Drain Manhole		Existing Power Pole with Transformer		Existing Small Tree		
	Existing Force Main Storm Drain Manhole with Valve				Existing Tree Trunk		
	Existing Telephone Manhole				Existing Pad Mounted Traffic Signal Control Box		

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
07-01-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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Symbols

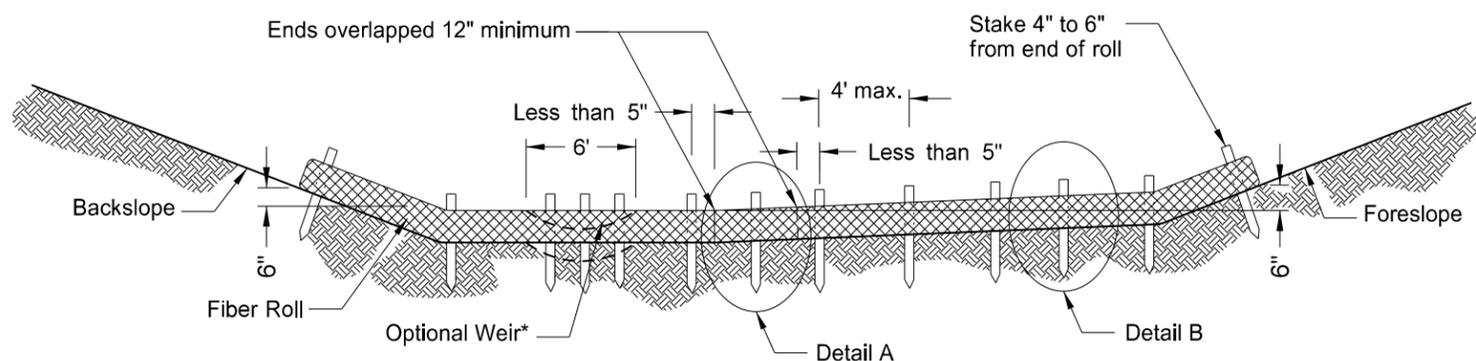
D-101-32

 Pad Mounted Feed Point  Pipe Mounted Feed Point with Pad  Pole Mounted Feed Point  Headwall  Double Headwall with Vegetation Barrier  Single Headwall with Vegetation Barrier  Pole Mounted Head  Sprinkler Head  Fire Hydrant  Inlet Type 1  Inlet Type 2  Double Inlet Type 2  Inlet Gate Type 2  Junction Box  High Mast Light Standard 10 Luminaire  High Mast Light Standard 3 Luminaire  High Mast Light Standard 4 Luminaire  High Mast Light Standard 5 Luminaire  High Mast Light Standard 6 Luminaire  High Mast Light Standard 7 Luminaire  High Mast Light Standard 8 Luminaire  High Mast Light Standard 9 Luminaire  Relocate Light Standard  Overhead Sign Structure Load Center  Light Standard 100 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire	 Light Standard 1000 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 150 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 175 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 200 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 250 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 310 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 35 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 400 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 50 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 70 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Light Standard 700 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor Luminaire  Manhole  Manhole 48 Inch  Sanitary Force Main Manhole  Sanitary Sewer Manhole  Storm Drain Manhole  Storm Drain Manhole with Inlet  Reset Mile Post  Mile Post Type A  Mile Post Type B  Mile Post Type C  Right of Way Marker  Tubular Marker  Alignment Monument  Iron Pin Reference Monument	 Object Marker Type I  Object Marker Type II  Object Marker Type III  Caution Mode Arrow Panel  Back to Back Vertical Panel Sign  Double Direction Arrow Panel  Left Directional Arrow Panel  Right Directional Arrow Panel  Sequencing Arrow Panel  Truck Mounted Arrow Panel  Power Pole  Wood Pole  Pedestrian Push Button Post  Property Corner  Pull Box  Intelligent Transportation Pull Box  Sanitary Pump  Storm Drain Pump  Reinforced Pavement  Reinforced Concrete End Section 15 Inch  Reinforced Concrete End Section 18 Inch  Reinforced Concrete End Section 24 Inch  Reinforced Concrete End Section 30 Inch  Reinforced Concrete End Section 36 Inch  Reinforced Concrete End Section 42 Inch	 Reinforced Concrete End Section 48 Inch  Reinforced Concrete End Section 54 Inch  Reset Right of Way Marker  Reset USGS Marker  Right of Way Markers  Riser 30 Inch  Continuous Split Barrel Sample  Flight Auger Sample  Split Barrel Sample  Thinwall Tube Sample  Highway Sign  SNOW GATE 18 FT  SNOW GATE 28 FT  SNOW GATE 40 FT  Standard Penetration Test  Transformer  Inclinometer Tube  Underdrain Cleanout  Excavation Unit  Water Valve
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NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
07-01-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

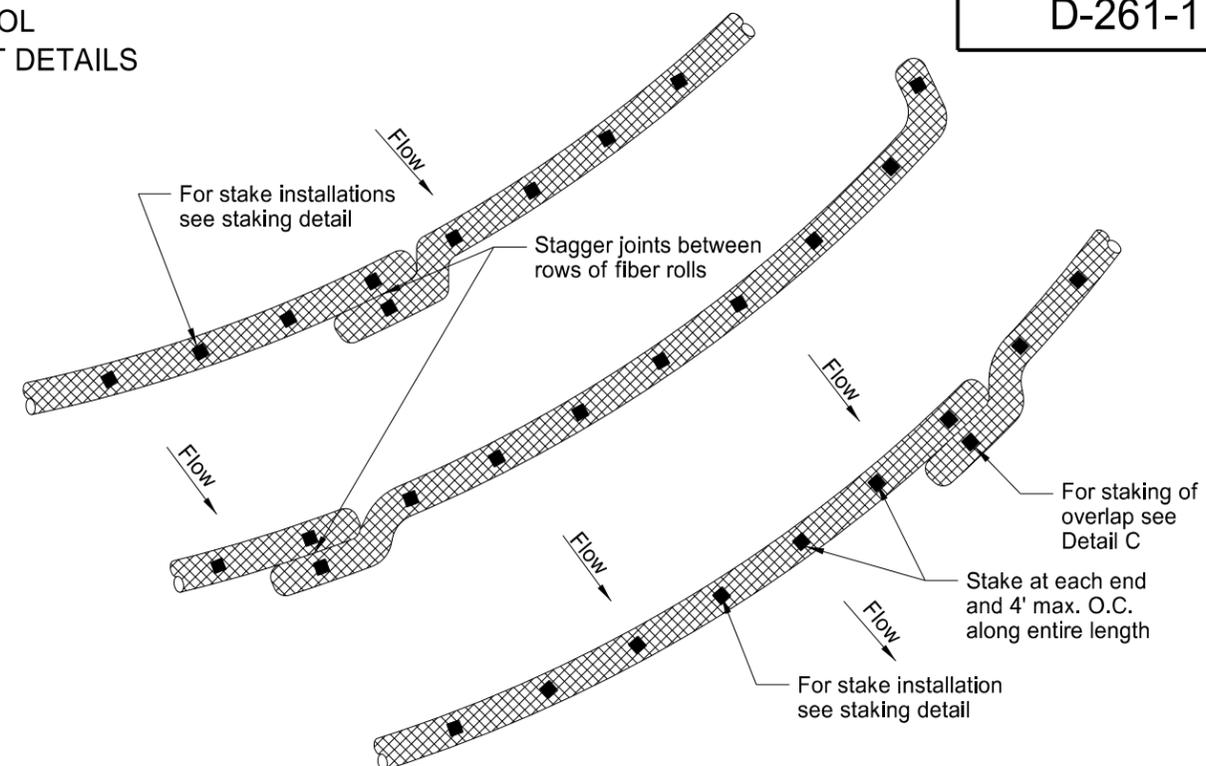
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EROSION CONTROL
FIBER ROLL PLACEMENT DETAILS

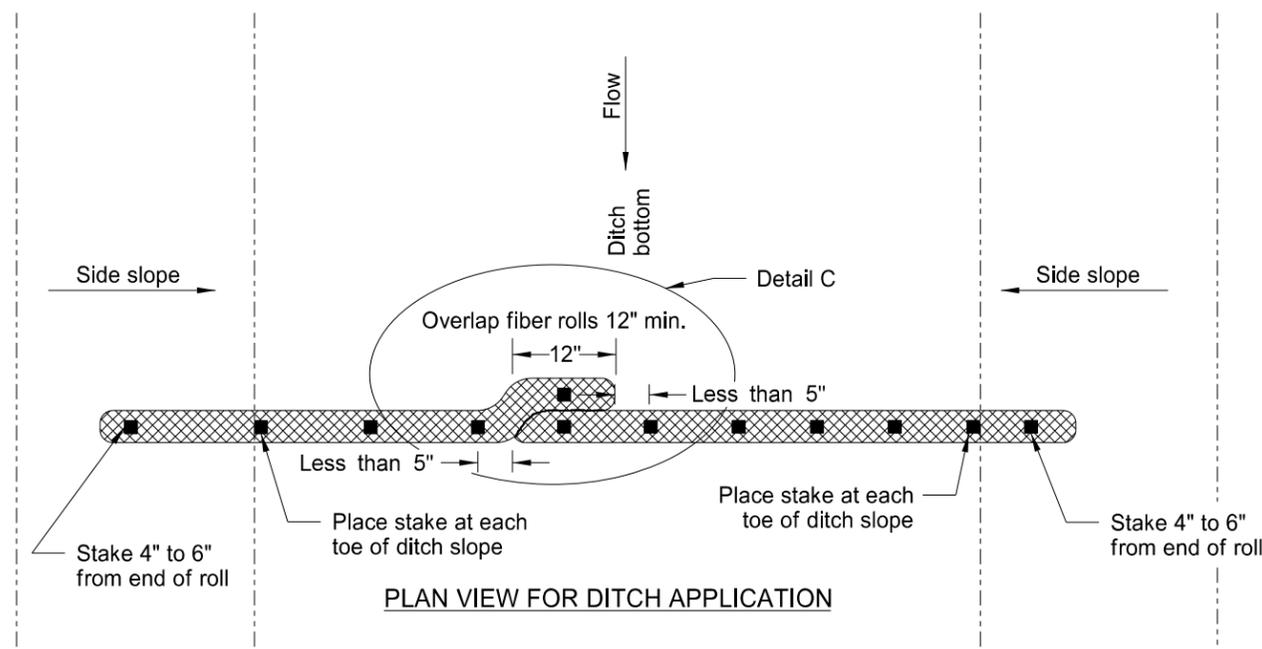


*Optional Weir. Use in flat areas, such as the Red River Valley, where there is potential for water to back up on adjacent property. Lower fiber roll enough to prevent water from backing up on adjacent property. Do not use 20-inch fiber rolls in flat areas where there is potential for water to back up on adjacent property.

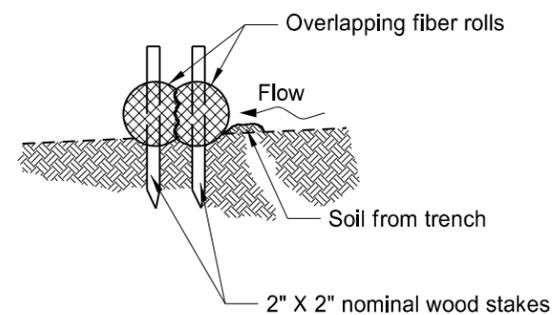
12 OR 20 INCH FIBER ROLL - DITCH BOTTOM



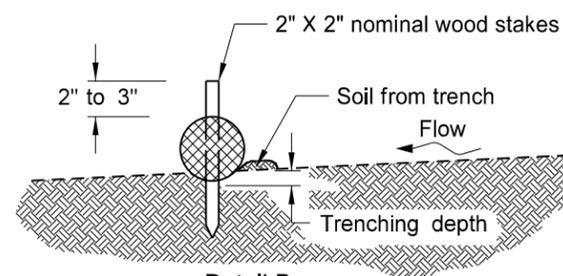
PLAN VIEW FOR SLOPE APPLICATION



PLAN VIEW FOR DITCH APPLICATION



Detail A
Fiber Roll Overlapping Staking Detail



Detail B
Fiber Roll Staking Detail

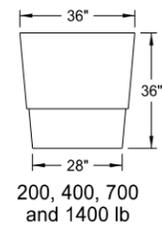
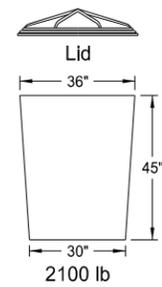
FIBER ROLL DIAMETER	NOMINAL STAKE SIZE	MINIMUM STAKE LENGTH	MINIMUM TRENCH DEPTH	MAXIMUM TRENCH DEPTH
6"	2" x 2"	18"	2"	2"
12"	2" x 2"	24"	2"	3"
20"	2" x 2"	36"	3"	5"

NOTE: Runoff must not be allowed to run under or around roll.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
11-18-10	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
06-10-13	Added plan view for ditch and slope application, Added table with values for stake and trench dimensions.
10-04-13	Revised fiber roll overlap detail.
06-26-14	Changed standard drawing number from D-708-7 to D-261-1

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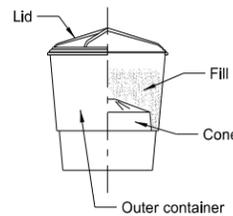
ATTENUATION DEVICE



Outer Containers

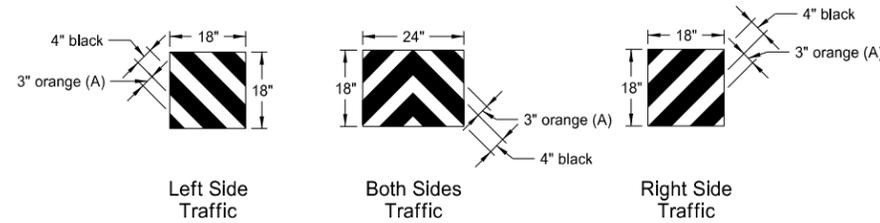


Cones



Typical Assembly

Typical Module Construction Detail

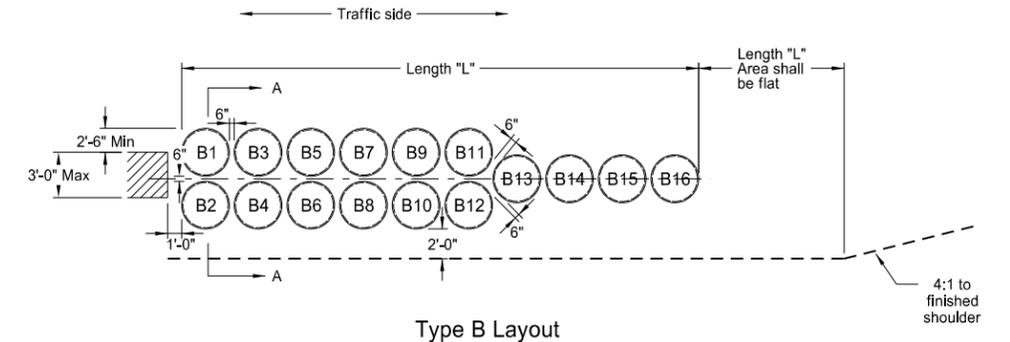


Reflective Sheet Detail

Note:
The last attenuation device facing traffic shall have a reflective sheet, following the details above, directly applied to the outer container. The sheet may also be applied to a metallic sheet and attached to the container with approved fasteners. The reflective sheeting shall be Type IV as specified in NDDOT Standard Specifications.

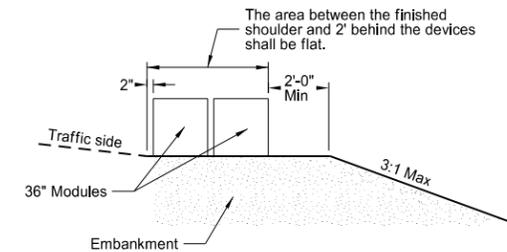
(A) 3" orange sheeting shall be used for temporary installations, and 3" yellow sheeting shall be used for permanent installations.

	Fill Chart				
	Module Weights (LBS)				
Distance from top edge	200	400	700	1400	2100
	8 1/2"	5"	4"	3"	0"



Type B Layout

Note:
When attenuation devices are placed at piers offset from roadway, they shall be angled 10 degrees towards traffic.



Section A-A (Type B Layout)

Type B Attenuation Device											
Module Number	Dash Number										
	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25
Module Weights (LBS)											
B1	2100										
B2	2100										
B3	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100		
B4	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	2100	
B5	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
B6	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
B7	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
B8	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
B9	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
B10	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
B11	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
B12	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
B13	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
B14	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
B15	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
B16	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
Length (L)	34.2'	30.7'	30.7'	30.7'	30.7'	30.7'	30.7'	30.7'	30.7'	27.2'	27.2'
Module Weights (LBS)	Replacement Module										
	2100	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1400	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	700	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	400	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
200	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Notes:

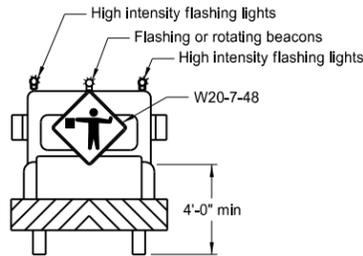
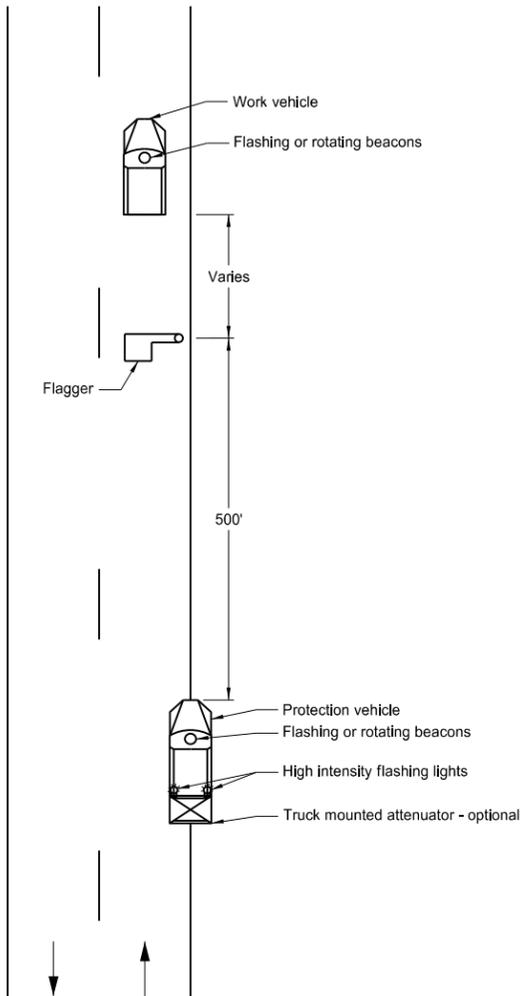
- Materials
 - A) Modules shall be manufactured from a frangible polyethylene material which will shatter upon impact.
 - B) Modules shall be filled with class 43 aggregate meeting the requirements for aggregate according to NDDOT Standard Specifications. The fill unit weight shall be at least 100 pounds per cubic foot. Fill left over winter shall have a moisture content of 2% or less.
- Modules
 - The modules shall be provided in two sizes to contain volumes of either 2, 4, 7, 14, or 21 cubic feet as a minimum.
 - A) The module for the 2, 4 or 7 cubic foot container shall consist of three components:
 - 1) A 14 C.F., yellow outer container.
 - 2) A black lid which locks securely over the top lip of the container.
 - 3) A cone-shaped supporting insert. The insert shall be varied to allow for the three sizes of modules and capable of supporting 200, 400, or 700 pounds of sand mass. The cone inserts shall be placed inside the 14 cubic foot container.
 - B) The module for the 21 cubic foot container shall consist of two components:
 - 1) A 36" height X 36" width yellow outer container.
 - 2) A black lid which locks securely over the top of the container.
- For temporary use: The modules shall be Energite or Fitch attenuation barrels manufactured by Energy Absorption Systems of Chicago, IL, TrafFix barrels manufactured by TrafFix Devices, Inc. of San Clemente, CA, or an approved equal. The attenuation devices may be placed on pallets to facilitate maintenance. Pallets shall have a maximum thickness of 3 1/2".
- For permanent use: Barrel Attenuation Device installations, the outer sand container portion of the modules shall consist of a one-piece container with separate detachable lid. The modules which meet these requirements are Energite attenuation barrels manufactured by Energy Absorption Systems of Chicago, IL, TrafFix barrels manufactured by TrafFix Devices, Inc. of San Clemente, CA, or an approved equal. Modules having outer sand containers assembled from multiple pieces shall not be accepted for permanent installations.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-25-12	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
7-18-14	Revised sheeting in reflective sheet detail

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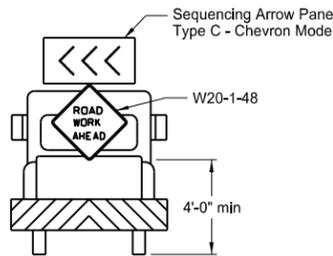
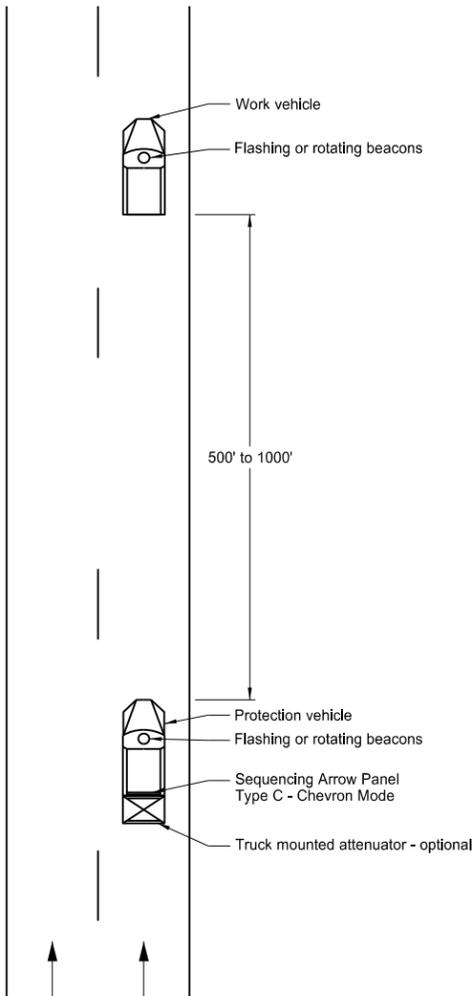
TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR CORING OF HOT BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT

Two Lane, Two Way Roadways



Typical Protection Vehicle

Multilane Roadways



Typical Protection Vehicle

- Notes:
1. The working vehicle shall display a 360 degree rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe light.
 2. The shadow vehicle shall display a 360 degree rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe light. The shadow vehicle for Multilane Roadway shall also have a sequencing arrow panel Type C operated in the chevron mode.
 3. This application is for use during daylight hours and in areas of good visibility only.
 4. Two lane, two way roadway, a flagger shall be used to protect the work area and warn oncoming traffic.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-25-12	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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CONSTRUCTION SIGN DETAIL

D-704-5

SIGN NUMBER	G20-10-108	STATION(S):	AREA: 36.0 Sq.Ft.	
WIDTH x HEIGHT	9'-0" x 4'-0"			
BORDER WIDTH	1.25" (inset 0.75")			
CORNER RADIUS	3"			
MOUNTING	Ground			
BACKGROUND	TYPE: IV Reflective COLOR: Fluorescent Orange			
LEGEND/BORDER	TYPE: Non-Refl COLOR: Black			

Dimensions are in inches.tenths Letter locations are panel edge to lower left corner

LETTER POSITION (X)														LENGTH	SIZE	SERIES
C	O	N	S	T	R	U	C	T	E	D	B	Y		69.7	6	D 2000
19.2	24.5	30	35.1	39.7	44.3	49.4	54.8	59.7	64.3	69	73.1	79.1	83.7			
Y	O	U	R		C	O	M	P	A	N	Y		N	A	M	E
8.3	14.2	19.8	25.3	29.4	35.4	40.7	46.2	52.4	56.8	62.8	67.8	72.9	78.9	83.9	89.9	96
Y	O	U	R		T	O	W	N								
21.7	27.6	33.2	38.7	42.8	48.8	53.3	58.4	64.6	69.6	70.7	76.7	82.2				

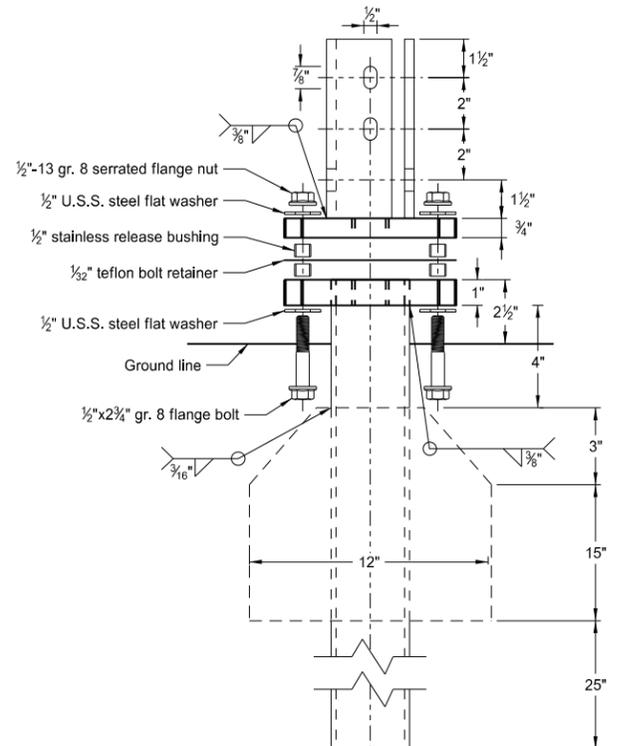
Notes:

1. Sign shall be placed a distance of 1/2A following the End Road Work (G20-2a-48) sign. There shall be a maximum of 2 signs per project.
2. Sign shall be post mounted.
3. Sign required on rural projects with a 30 day or longer duration and it is not required on seal coat projects or other short duration projects.
4. Sign shall not be placed in urban areas or within city limits.

Advance Warning Sign Spacing (A)			
Road Type	Distance between signs min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

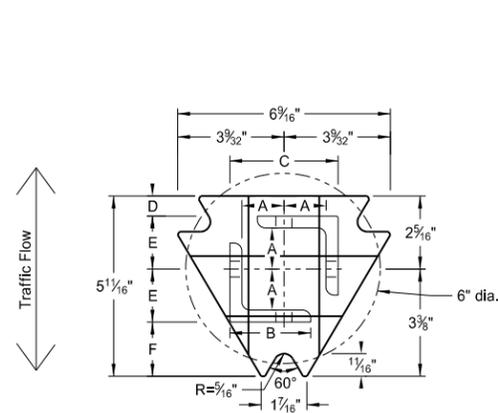
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
8-22-12	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
7-18-14	Revise sheeting to type IV

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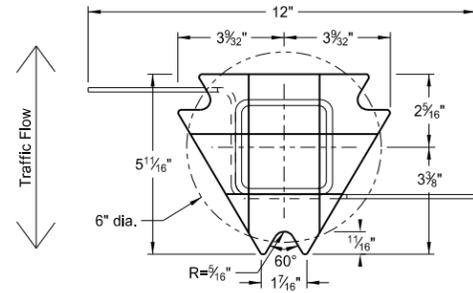


Multi-Directional Slip Base Assembly

Perforated Tube



Top Post Receiver
Plate - ASTM A572 grade 50
Angle Receiver - 2 1/2"x2 1/2"x3/8" ASTM A36 structural angle



Bottom Soil Stub
Tube - 3"x3"x7 gauge ASTM A500 grade B tube
Stabilizing Wing - 7 gauge H.R.P.O. ASTM A1011
Plate - ASTM A572 grade 50

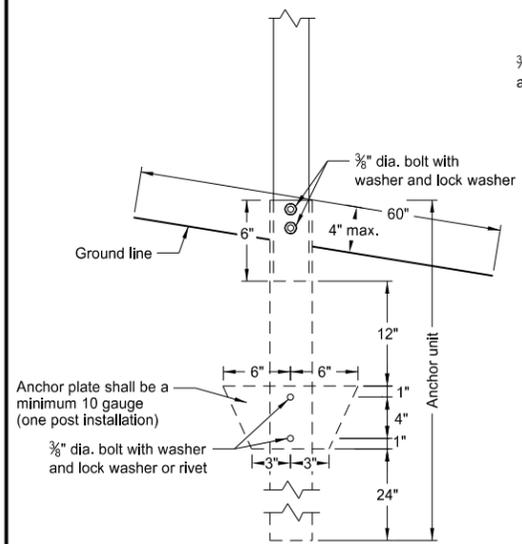
Notes:

1. Slip base bolts shall be torqued as specified by the manufacturer.
2. Anchor shall have a yield strength of 43.9 KSI and tensile strength of 59.3 KSI.
3. The 4" vertical clearance is required for the anchor or breakaway base. The 4"x60" measurement shall be made above and below post location and also back and ahead of the post.
4. When used in concrete sidewalk, anchor shall be same except without the wings.
5. Four post signs shall have over 7' between the first and the fourth posts.

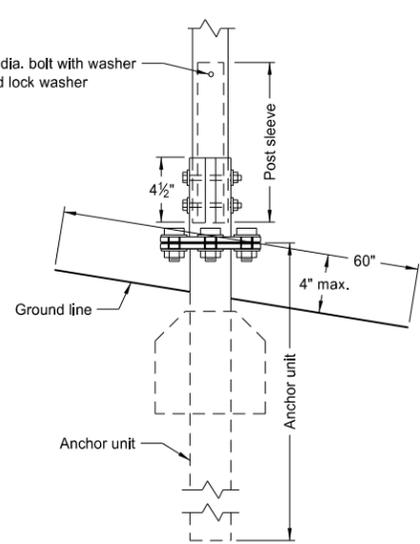
Telescoping Perforated Tube						
Number of Posts	Post Size in.	Wall Thickness Gauge	Sleeve Size in.	Wall Thickness Gauge	Slip Base	Anchor Size without Slip Base in.
1	2	12			No	2 1/4
1	2 1/4	12			No	2 1/2
1	2 1/2	12			(A)	3
1	2 1/2	10			Yes	
1	2 1/4	12	2	12	Yes	
1	2 1/2	12	2 1/4	12	Yes	
2	2	12			No	2 1/4
2	2 1/4	12			No	2 1/2
2	2 1/2	12			Yes	
2	2 1/2	12			Yes	
2	2 1/4	10	2	12	Yes	
2	2 1/2	12	2 1/4	12	Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	12			Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	10			Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	12	2 1/4	12	Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/4	12	2	12	Yes	
3 & 4	2 1/2	10	2 3/16	10	Yes	

Properties of Telescoping Perforated Tube						
Tube Size in.	Wall Thickness in.	U.S. Standard Gauge	Weight per Foot lbs.	Moment of Inertia in. ⁴	Cross Sec. Area in. ²	Section Modulus in. ³
1 1/2 x 1 1/2	0.105	12	1.702	0.129	0.380	0.172
2 x 2	0.105	12	2.416	0.372	0.590	0.372
2 1/4 x 2 1/4	0.105	12	2.773	0.561	0.695	0.499
2 3/16 x 2 3/16	0.135	10	3.432	0.605	0.841	0.590
2 1/2 x 2 1/2	0.105	12	3.141	0.804	0.803	0.643
2 1/2 x 2 1/2	0.135	10	4.006	0.979	1.010	0.785

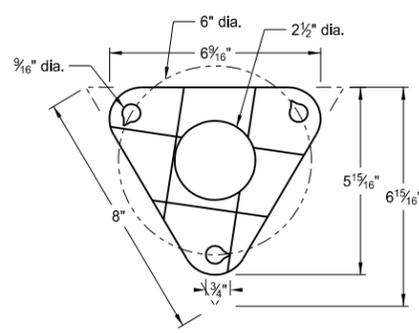
Top Post Receiver Data Table						
Square Post Sizes (B)	A	B	C	D	E	F
2 3/16"x10 ga.	1 9/64"	2 1/2"	3 1/32"	2 5/32"	1 33/64"	1 1/8"
2 1/2"x10 ga.	1 9/32"	2 1/2"	3 5/16"	5/8"	1 21/32"	1 3/4"



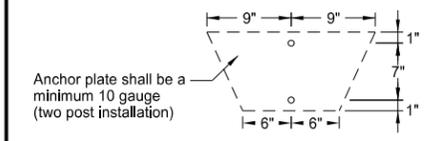
Anchor Unit and Post Assembly



Multi-Directional Slip Base Anchor Unit and Post Sleeve Assembly



Bolt Retainer for Base Connection
Bolt Retainer - 1/32" Reprocessed Teflon



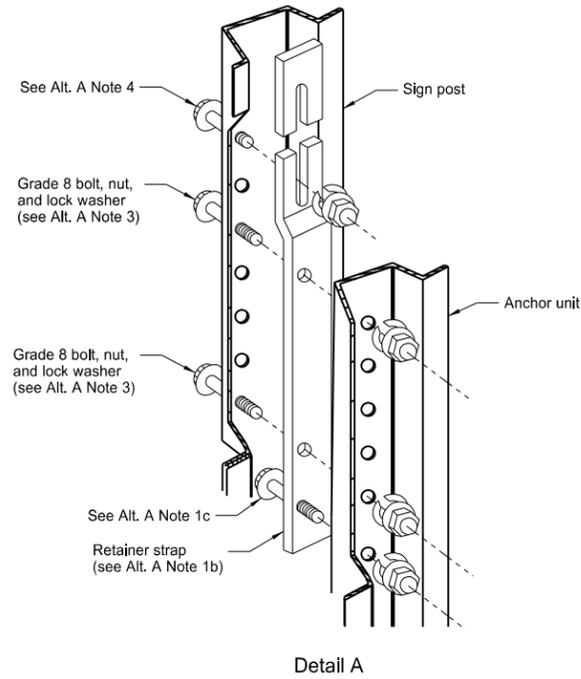
Anchor plate shall be a minimum 10 gauge (two post installation)

- (A) The breakaway base is required when the support is placed in weak soils. The Engineer shall determine if the soils are weak.
 (B) The 2 3/16"x10 ga. may be inserted into 2 1/2"x10 ga. for additional wind load.

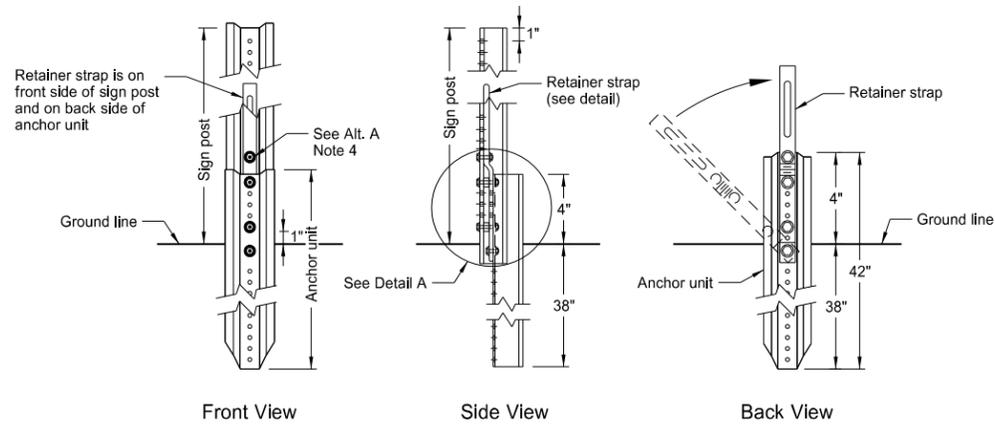
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2-28-14	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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U-Channel Post



Detail A



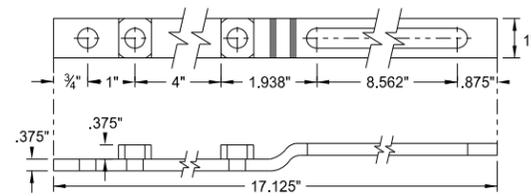
Front View

Side View

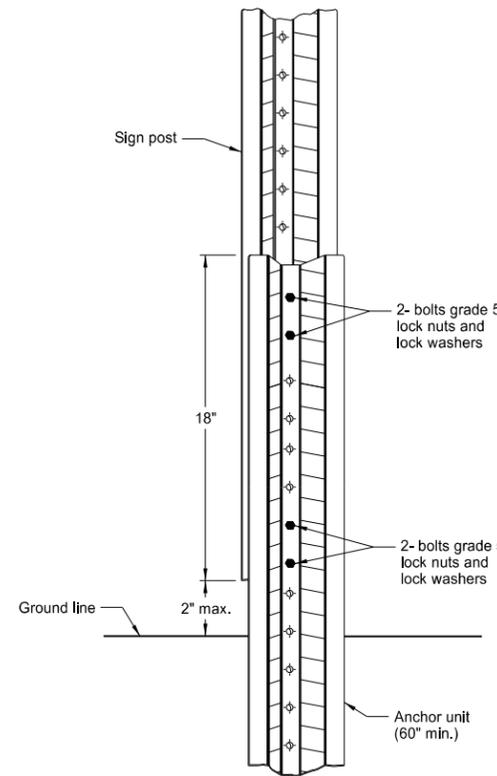
Back View

Breakaway U-Channel Detail Alternate A

A maximum of 2 posts shall be installed within 7'.

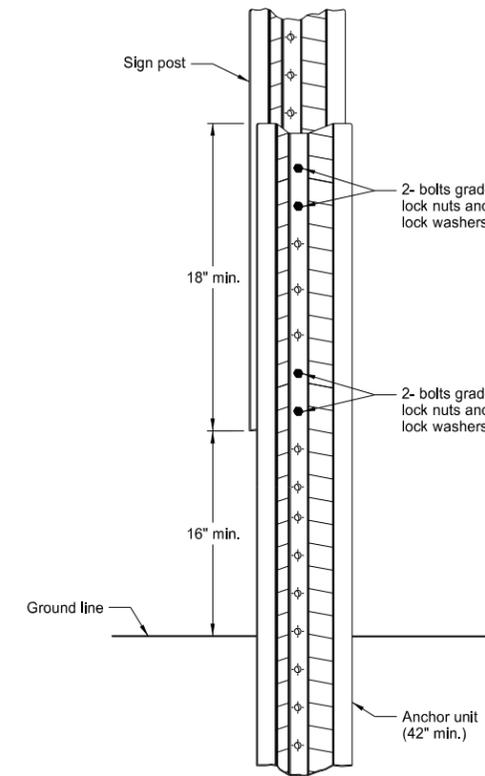


Retainer Strap Detail



Breakaway U-Channel Splice Detail Alternate B (2.5 and 3 lb/ft)

A maximum of 3 posts shall be installed within 7'.



Breakaway U-Channel Splice Detail Alternate C (2.5 and 3 lb/ft)

A maximum of 3 posts shall be installed within 7'.

Alternate A Steps of Installation:

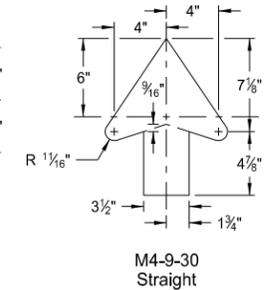
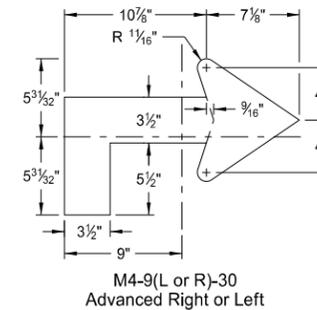
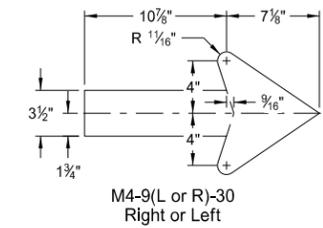
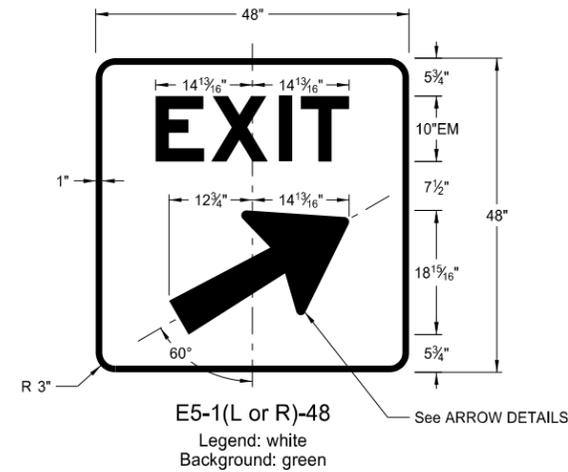
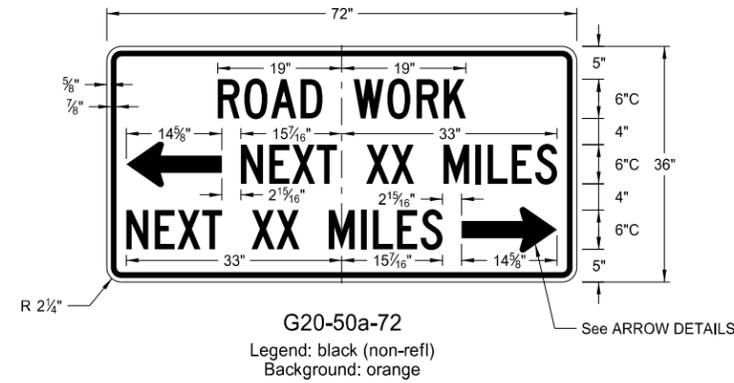
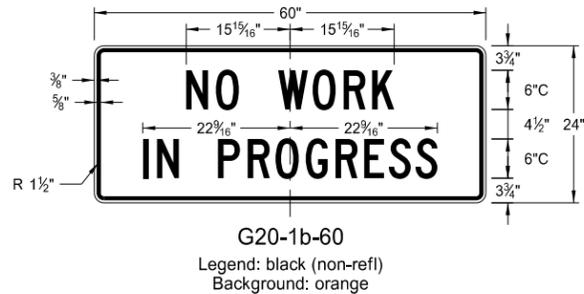
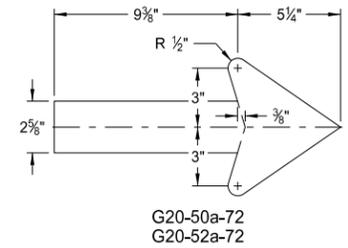
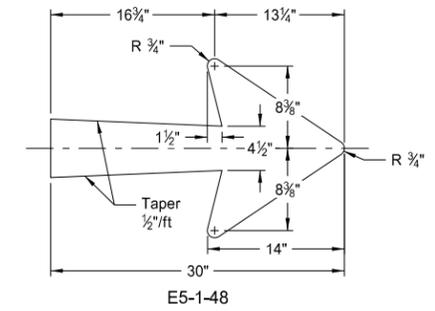
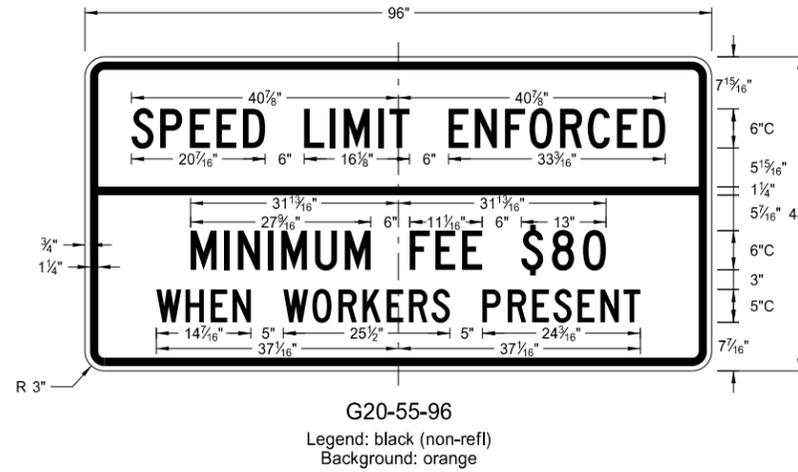
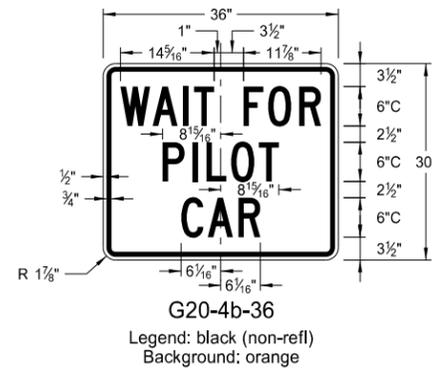
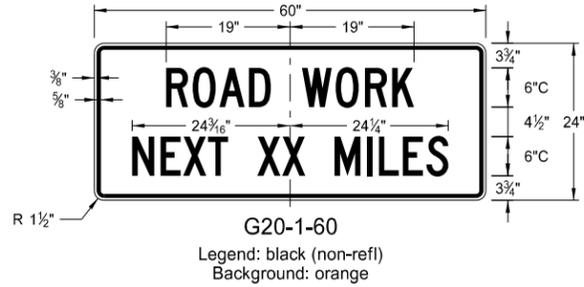
1. a) Drive anchor unit to within 12" of ground level.
b) Proper assembly established by lining up the bottom hole of retainer strap with the 6th hole from the top of the anchor unit.
c) Assemble strap to back of anchor unit using 5/16"x2" bolt, lock washer and nut.
d) Rotate strap 90° to left.
2. a) Drive anchor unit to 4" above ground.
b) Rotate strap to vertical position.
3. a) Place 5/16"x2" bolt, lock washer and nut in bottom of sign post to facilitate alignment of sign post with proper hole in anchor unit.
b) Alternately tighten two connector bolts.
4. Complete assembly by tightening 5/16"x2" bolt (this fastens sign post to retainer strap).
5. The base post, strap and sign post shall be properly nested. Proper nesting occurs when all flat surfaces of the base post, strap, and sign post at the bolts have full contact across the entire width.

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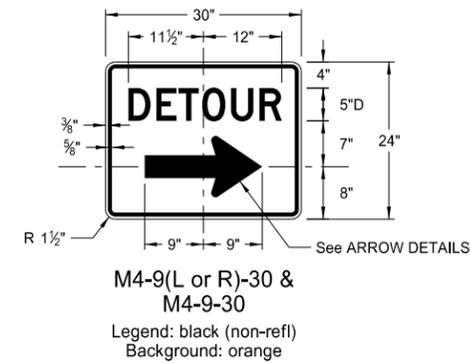
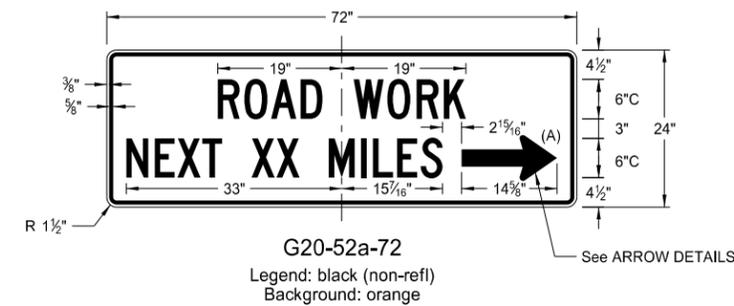
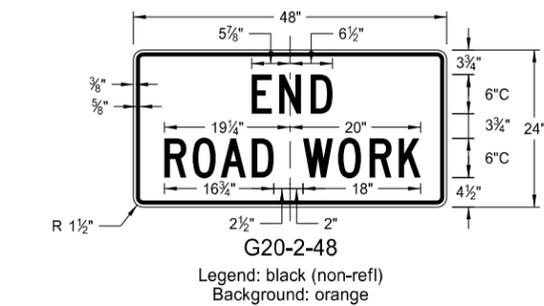
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CONSTRUCTION SIGN DETAILS
 TERMINAL AND GUIDE SIGNS

D-704-9



ARROW DETAILS



NOTES:

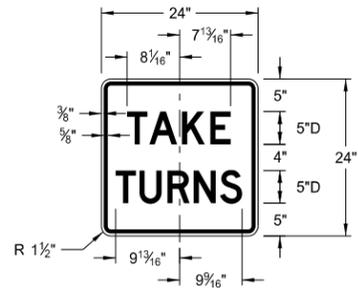
(A) Arrow may be right or left of the legend to indicate construction to the right or left.

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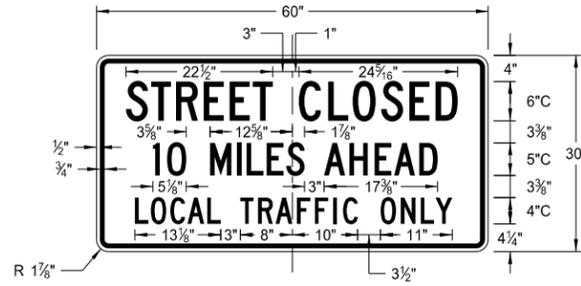
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CONSTRUCTION SIGN DETAILS
REGULATORY SIGNS

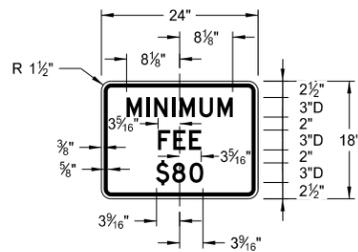
D-704-10



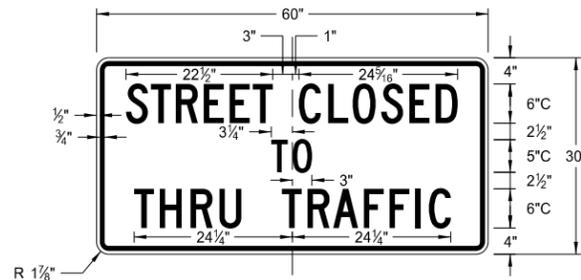
R1-50-24
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: white



R11-3c-60
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: white



R2-1a-24
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: white



R11-4a-60
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: white



R11-2a-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: white

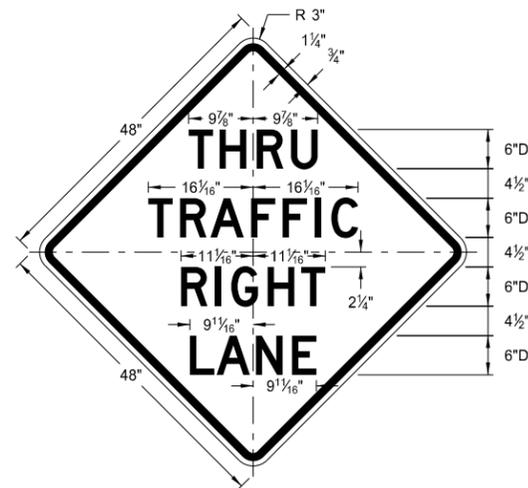
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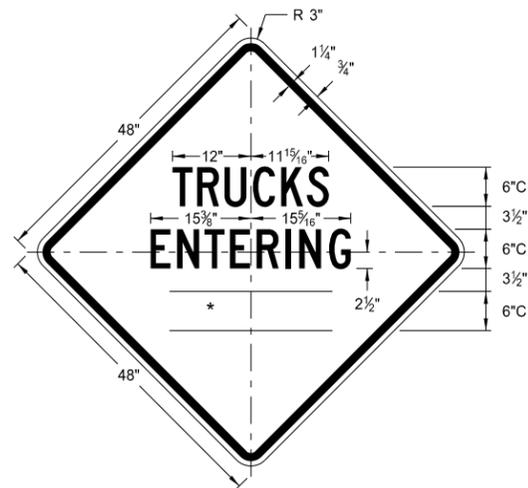
CONSTRUCTION SIGN DETAILS
WARNING SIGNS

WORD	LETTER SPACING
AHEAD	Standard
200 FT	Standard
350 FT	Standard
500 FT	Standard
1000 FT	Reduce 40%
1500 FT	Reduce 40%
½ MILE	Reduce 50%
1 MILE	Standard

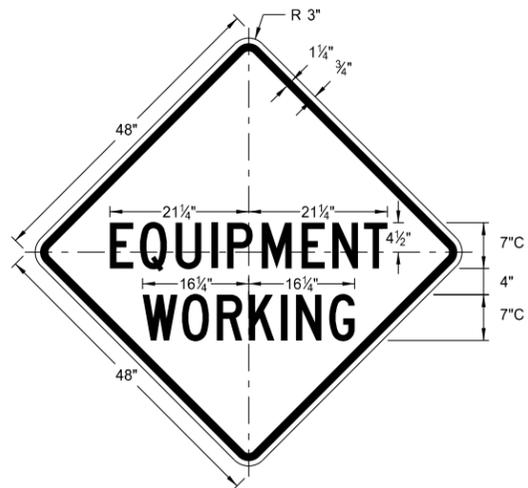
* DISTANCE MESSAGES



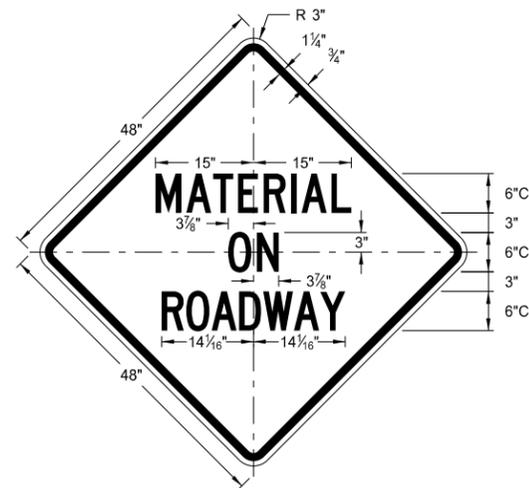
W5-8-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



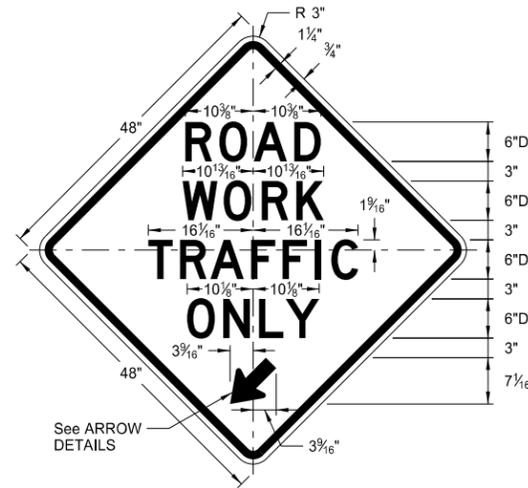
W8-54-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



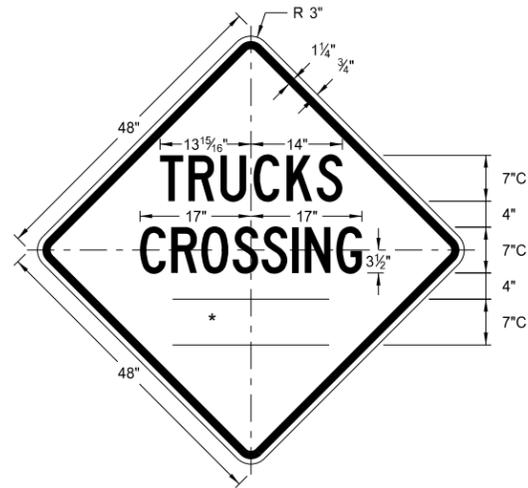
W20-51-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



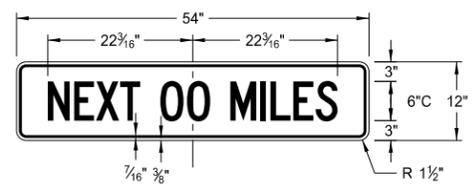
W21-51-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



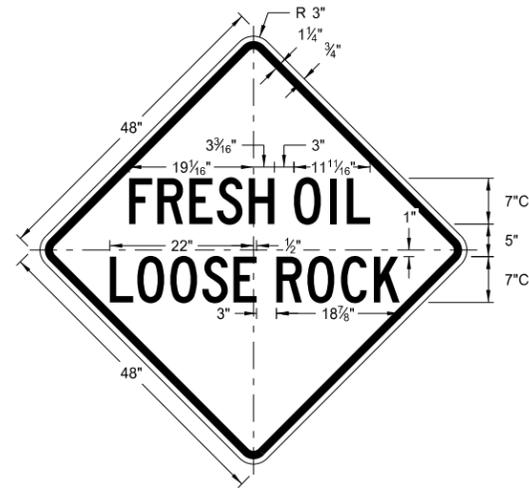
W5-9-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



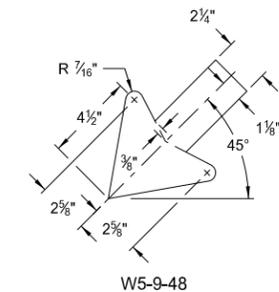
W8-55-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



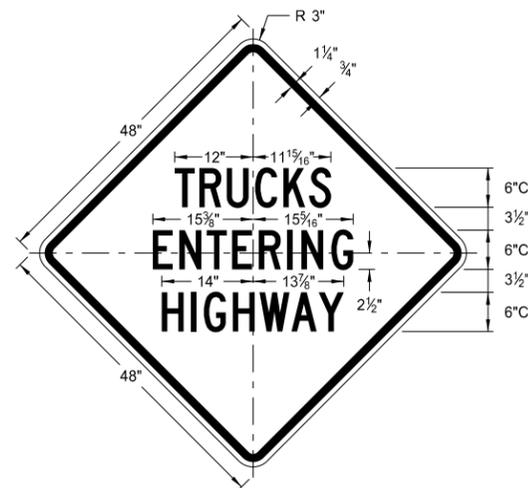
W20-52-54
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



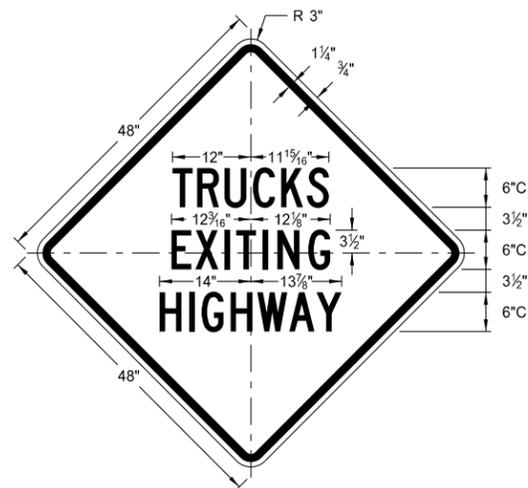
W22-8-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



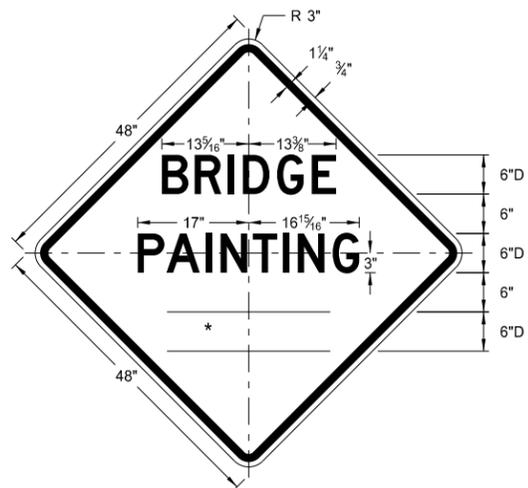
W5-9-48
ARROW DETAILS



W8-53-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



W8-56-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange



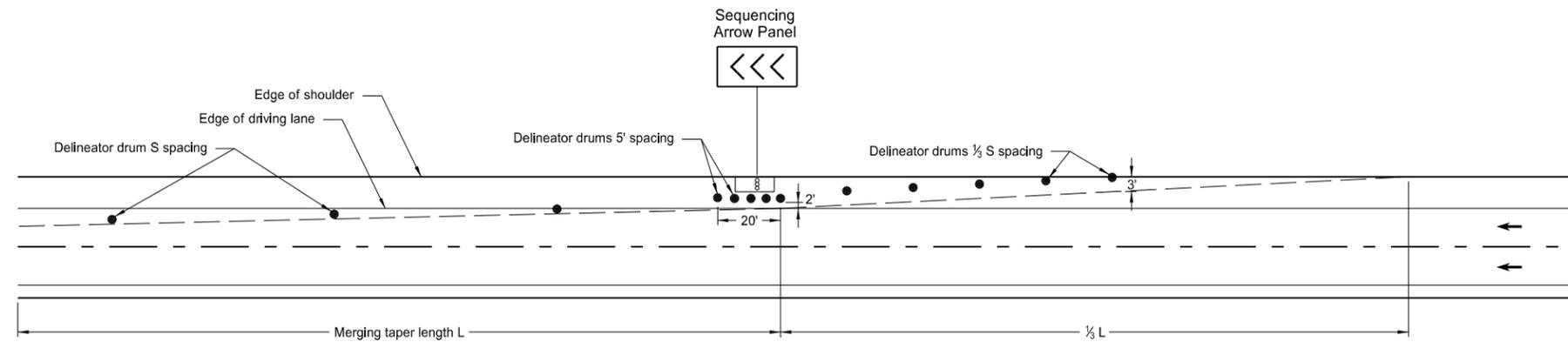
W21-50-48
Legend: black (non-refl)
Background: orange

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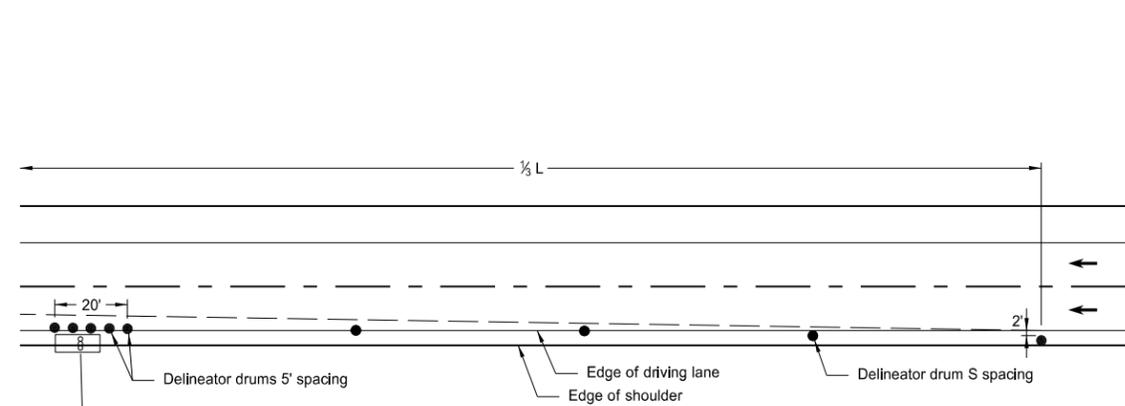
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SHOULDER CLOSURE TAPERS

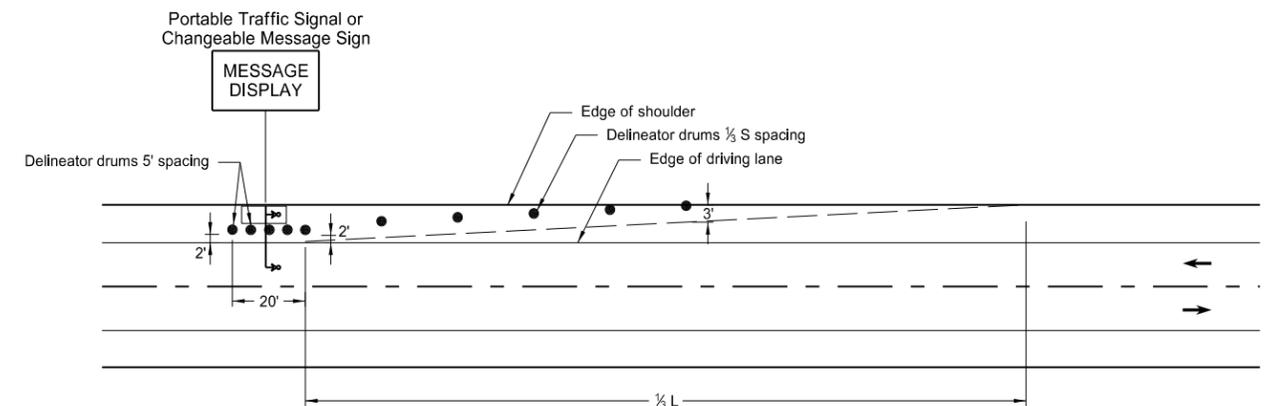
D-704-12



SHOULDER CLOSURE WITH LANE CLOSURE
(when shoulder is 8' or wider)



SHOULDER CLOSURE USED WITH LANE CLOSURE
(when shoulder is less than 8' wide)



PORTABLE TRAFFIC SIGNAL OR CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN ON SHOULDER

KEY	
● Delineator Drum	∞ Sequencing Arrow Panel
• Message Display	↳ Portable Traffic Signal

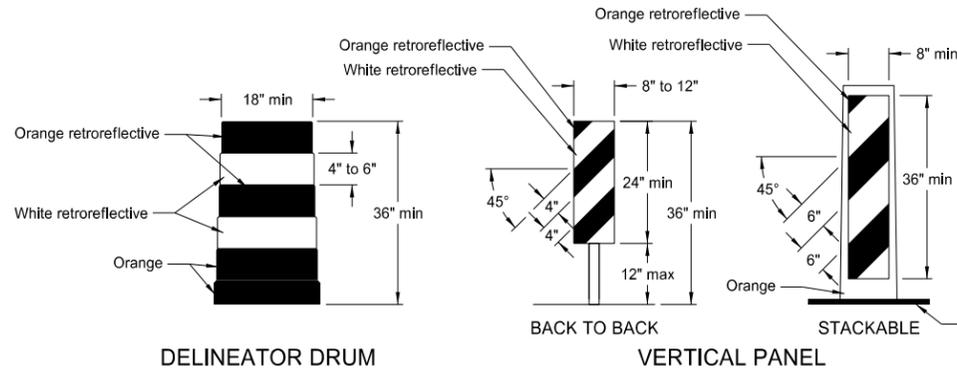
Notes:

- S = Posted Speed Limit in mph
W = Width of offset in feet
L = Taper length in feet
L = $WS^2/60$ (40mph or less)
L = WS (45mph or more)
- If a shoulder taper is used, it should have a length of approximately $1/3L$. If a shoulder is used as a travel lane, a normal merging or shifting taper should be used.
- When paved shoulders of 8 foot width or more are closed, channelizing devices shall be used to close the shoulder in advance to delineate the beginning of the work space and direct vehicular traffic to remain within the traveled way.

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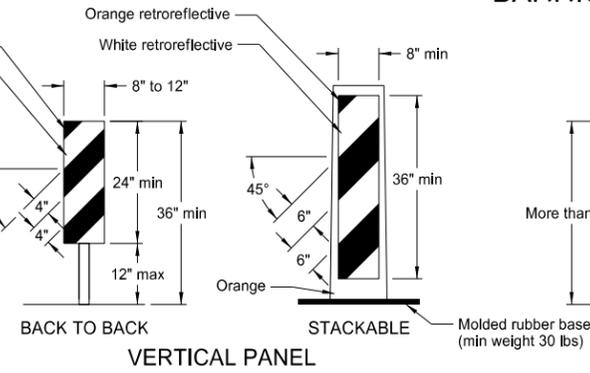
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BARRICADE AND CHANNELIZING DEVICE DETAILS



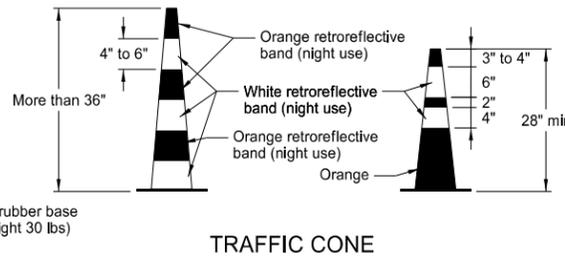
DELINEATOR DRUM

The markings on drums shall be horizontal, circumferential, alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes 4" to 6" wide. Each drum shall have a minimum of two orange and two white stripes with the top stripe being orange. Any nonretroreflectORIZED spaces between the horizontal orange and white stripes shall not exceed 3" wide. Stripes shall not be placed on ribs or indentations in the drum. Drums shall have closed tops that will not allow collection of construction debris or other debris. Ballast shall not be placed on the top of a drum.



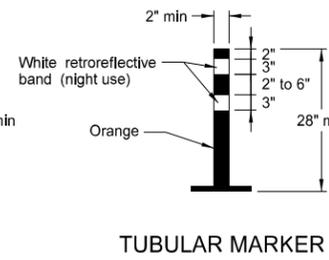
VERTICAL PANEL

Markings for vertical panels shall be alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes, sloping downward in the direction vehicular traffic is to pass. Retroreflective sheeting shall be placed on both sides of panel and shall have a minimum of 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing vehicular traffic. Where the height of the retroreflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or more, a stripe width of 6 inches shall be used.



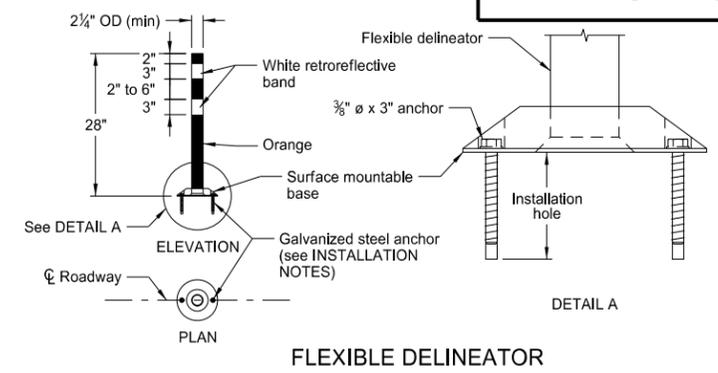
TRAFFIC CONE

RetroreflectORIZATION of cones more than 36" in height shall be provided by alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes. Each cone shall have a minimum of two orange and two white stripes with the top stripe being orange. Any nonretroreflectORIZED space between the orange and white stripes shall not exceed 3" wide.



TUBULAR MARKER

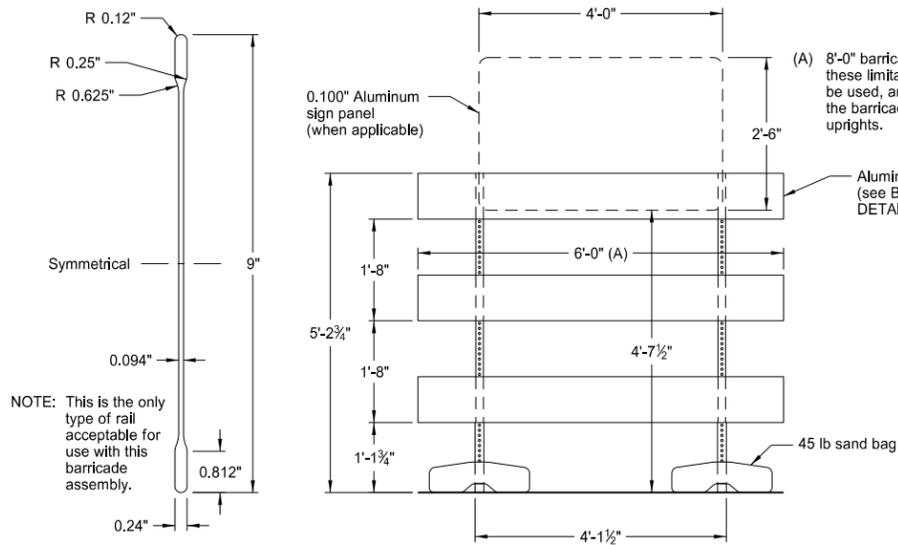
RetroreflectORIZATION of tubular markers more than 42" in height shall be provided by alternating four 4" to 6" wide orange and white stripes with the top stripe being orange.



FLEXIBLE DELINEATOR

INSTALLATION NOTES:

1. Drill installation holes to diameter and depth as required by manufacturer's specifications.
2. For removal, remove anchors and fill installation hole with an epoxy designed to bond to pavement surface.
3. In lieu of bolted down base, the contractor may use an 8" x 8" butyl pad or hot melt butyl. Butyl shall be removed as close as possible to pavement surface.

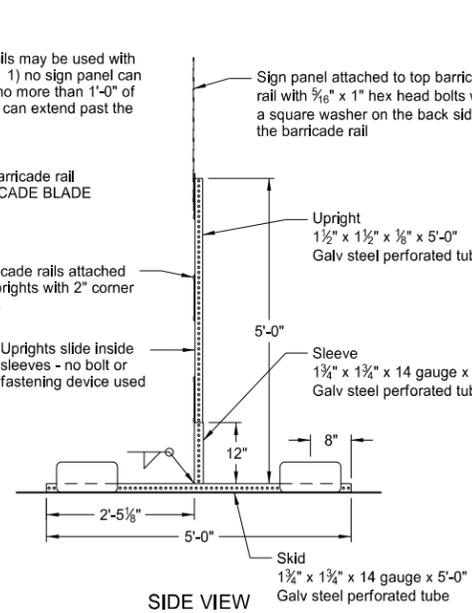


BARRICADE BLADE DETAIL

NOTE: This is the only type of rail acceptable for use with this barricade assembly.

BARRICADE ASSEMBLY DETAIL (Aluminum Barricade Rails)

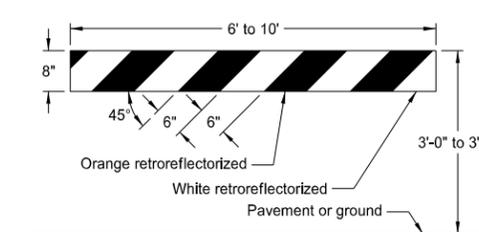
NOTE: Markings for barricades shall be alternating orange and white retroreflective stripes, sloping downward in the direction traffic is to pass. Retroreflective sheeting shall be placed on both sides of the rails and shall have a minimum of 270 square inches of visible retroreflective area facing vehicular traffic. When the barricade length is less than 36", the rail stripe width shall be 4".



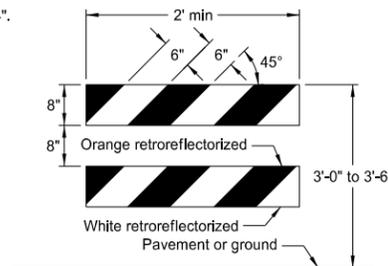
ELEVATION VIEW

BARRICADE ASSEMBLY DETAIL (Wood or Plastic Rails)

SIDE VIEW

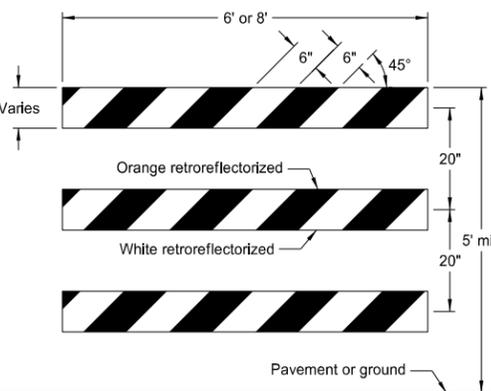


TYPE I BARRICADE

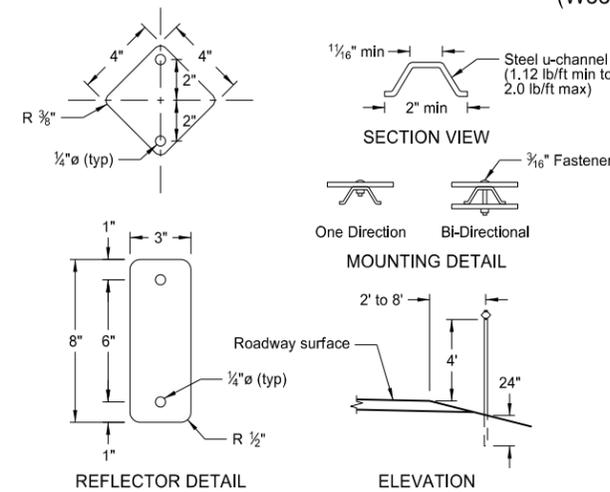


TYPE II BARRICADE

BARRICADE RAIL DETAILS



TYPE III BARRICADE



REFLECTOR DETAIL

ELEVATION

DELINEATORS

MINIMUM BALLAST (For each side of barricade support)

Without Sign	4 - 25 lb sandbags
With Sign	6 - 25 lb sandbags

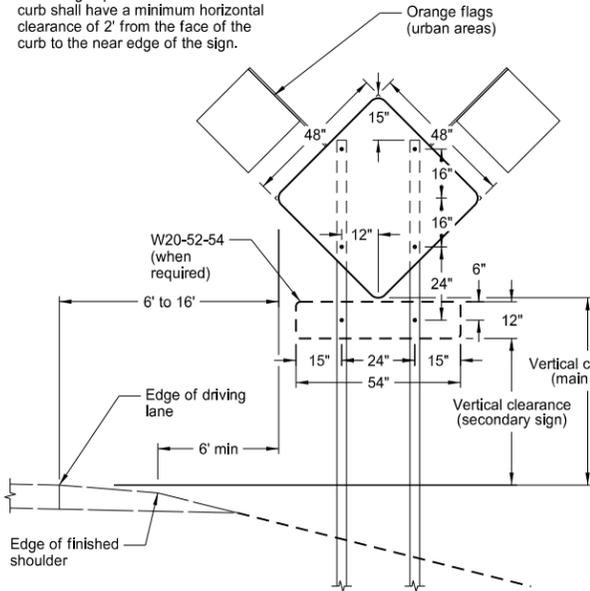
Note: The number of sandbags are based on a wind speed of 55 MPH. The sandbags are assumed to be placed at or near the ends of the skids.

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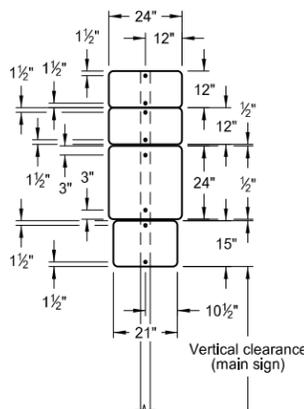
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CONSTRUCTION SIGN PUNCHING AND MOUNTING DETAILS

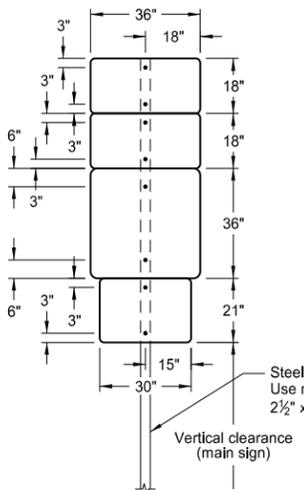
Note: Signs placed in sections with curb shall have a minimum horizontal clearance of 2' from the face of the curb to the near edge of the sign.



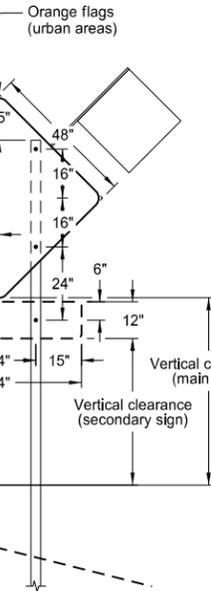
TYPICAL SECTION
(48" x 48" diamond warning sign shown)



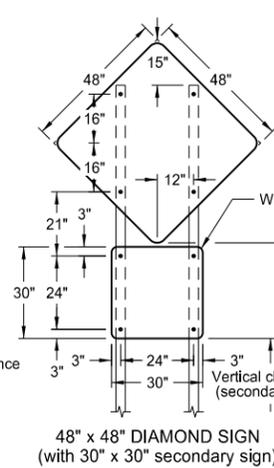
24" x 24" ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY



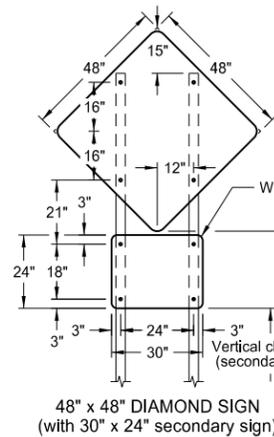
36" x 36" ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY



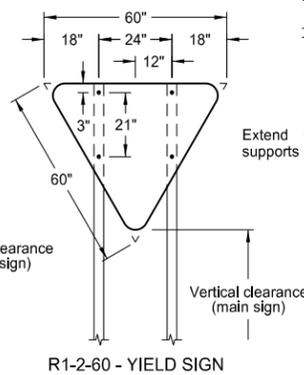
18" x 18" DIAMOND SIGN



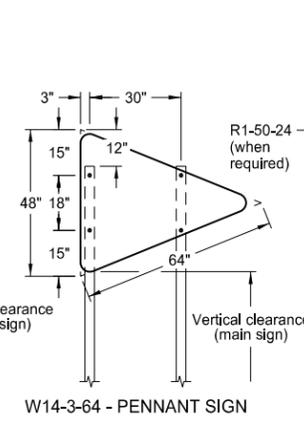
48" x 48" DIAMOND SIGN
(with 30" x 30" secondary sign)



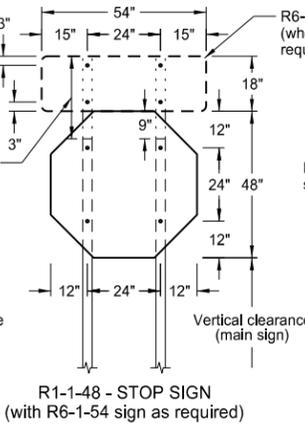
48" x 48" DIAMOND SIGN
(with 30" x 24" secondary sign)



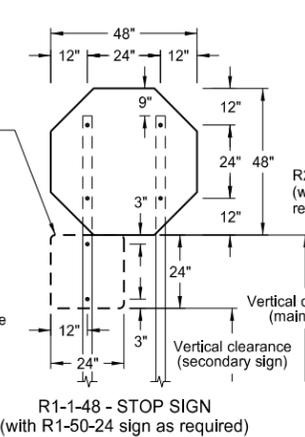
R1-2-60 - YIELD SIGN



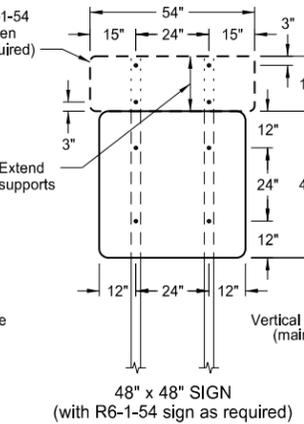
W14-3-64 - PENNANT SIGN



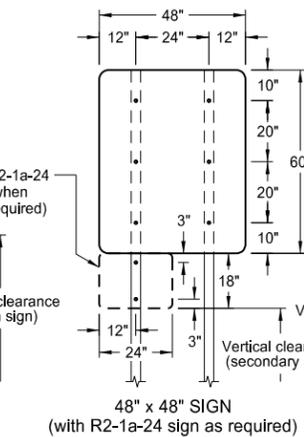
R1-1-48 - STOP SIGN
(with R6-1-54 sign as required)



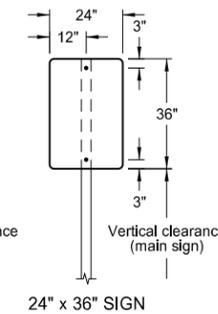
R1-1-48 - STOP SIGN
(with R1-50-24 sign as required)



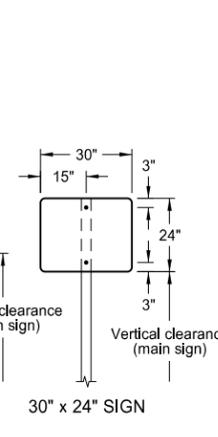
48" x 48" SIGN
(with R6-1-54 sign as required)



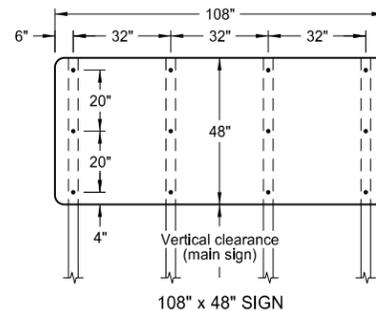
48" x 48" SIGN
(with R2-1a-24 sign as required)



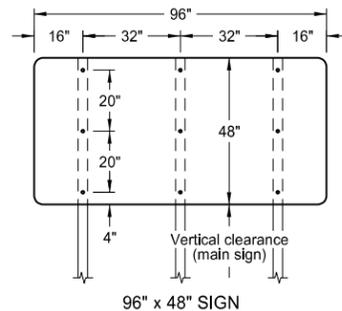
24" x 36" SIGN



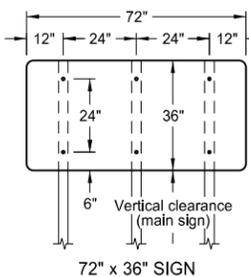
30" x 24" SIGN



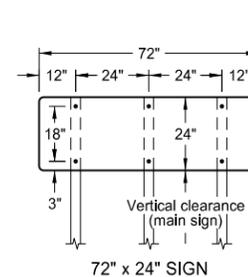
108" x 48" SIGN



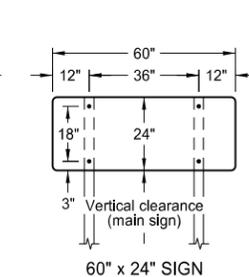
96" x 48" SIGN



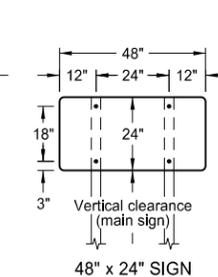
72" x 36" SIGN



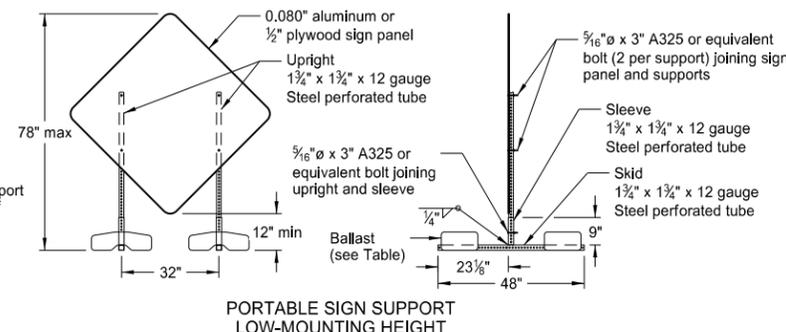
72" x 24" SIGN



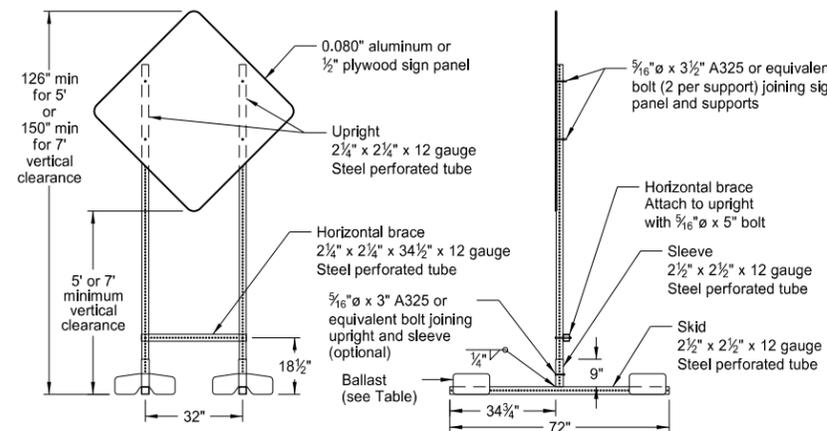
60" x 24" SIGN



48" x 24" SIGN



PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORT
LOW-MOUNTING HEIGHT



PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORT
HIGH-MOUNTING HEIGHT

NOTES:

1. Sign Supports: Supports shall be galvanized or painted. Minimum post sizes are 2.5 lb/ft u-channel or 2" x 2" x 12 gauge steel perforated tube, except where noted. When installing signs on u-channel, the minimum post size for assemblies containing a secondary sign is 3.0 lb/ft. Post sizes are based on a wind speed of 55 MPH.

Signs over 50 square feet should be installed on 2 1/2" x 2 1/2" perforated tube supports as a minimum.

Guy wires shall not be attached to sign supports. Wind beams may be attached to u-posts behind the sign panels.

2. Sign Panels: Provide sign panels made of 0.100" aluminum, 1/2" plywood, or other approved material, except where noted. All holes to be punched round for 3/8" bolts.

3. Alternate Messages: The signs that have alternate messages may have these alternate messages placed on a reflectorized plate (without a border) and installed and removed as required. (i.e. "Left" and "Right" message on a lane closure sign)

4. Route Marker Auxiliary Signs: Provide route marker auxiliary signs, such as the cardinal direction and directional arrows, with a background and legend that match the route marker they are used with:

Interstate - white legend on blue background
Interstate Business Loop - white legend on green background
US and State - black legend on white background
County - yellow legend on blue background

5. Vertical Clearance: Install signs with a vertical clearance of 5'-0" (see TYPICAL SECTION.) In areas where parking or pedestrian movements are likely or the view of the sign may be obstructed, install signs with a vertical clearance of 7'-0" from the top of the curb or from the near edge of the driving lane in absence of a curb.

The vertical clearance to secondary signs is 1'-0" less than the vertical clearance as stated above.

Large signs having an area exceeding 50 square feet shall have a minimum clearance of 7'-0" from the ground at the post.

6. Portable Signs: Provide portable signs that meet the vertical clearance as stated above. Use portable signs when it is necessary to place signs within the pavement surface.

When portable signs are used for 5 days or less, low-mounting height (minimum 12" vertical clearance) sign supports may be used as long as the view of the sign is not obstructed. Time delays caused by unforeseen circumstances, such as equipment breakdown, rain, subgrade failures, etc., will not accrue towards the 5 day period. The R9-8 through R9-11a series, W1-5 through W1-8 series, M4-10, and E5-1 may be used for longer than 5 days.

Signs mounted to the portable sign supports shown in the LOW-MOUNTING HEIGHT and HIGH-MOUNTING HEIGHT Details shall have a maximum surface area of 16 square feet.

MINIMUM BALLAST
(For each side of sign support base)

Sign Panel Mounting Height (ft)	Number of 25 lb sandbags for 4' x 4' sign panel
1'	6
5'	8
7'	10

Note: The number of sandbags are based on a wind speed of 55 MPH. The sandbags are assumed to be placed at or near the ends of the skids.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
10-4-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
11-14-13	Revised Note 6.

This document was originally issued and sealed by Roger Weigel, Registration Number PE-2930, on 11/14/13 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

ROAD CLOSURE LAYOUTS

Notes

- Variables
 - S = Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile.
 - W = The width of taper.
 - L = Minimum length of taper, or $S \times W$ for freeways, expressways, and all other roads with speeds of 45 mph or greater, or $W \times S^2/60$ for urban, residential, and other streets with speeds of 40 mph or less.
- Barricades placed on roadway shall be on a moveable assembly. Signs placed on roadway shall be placed on skid mounted assemblies.
- Delineator drums, barricades or cones used for tapering traffic shall be spaced at the dimension "S". Delineator drums or cones used for tangents shall be spaced at 2 times dimension "S".
- Sequencing Arrow Panels
 - Panels should normally be placed at the beginning of the taper. Where shoulder width does not provide sufficient room, the panel should be moved closer to the work area so that it can be placed on the roadway surface. See Shoulder Closure Standard Drawing.
 - Type A shall be used on roadways with slow moving traffic speeds and low volume (25 mph or less and 750 ADT or less).
 - Type B shall be used on roadways with moderate traffic speeds and volumes (40 mph or less and 5000 ADT or less).
 - Type C shall be used on roadways with high traffic speeds and volumes (over 40 mph or over 5000 ADT).
- The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
- The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 MPH. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 MPH, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 MPH. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at $\frac{1}{2}$ B.
- Use when work area is 1 mile or longer.
- When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
- Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.
- Where necessary, safe speed to be determined by the Engineer.
- The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with the NDDOT Standard Specifications.
- G20-55-96 sign is not required if this standard is part of other traffic control layouts, or the work is less than 15 days.

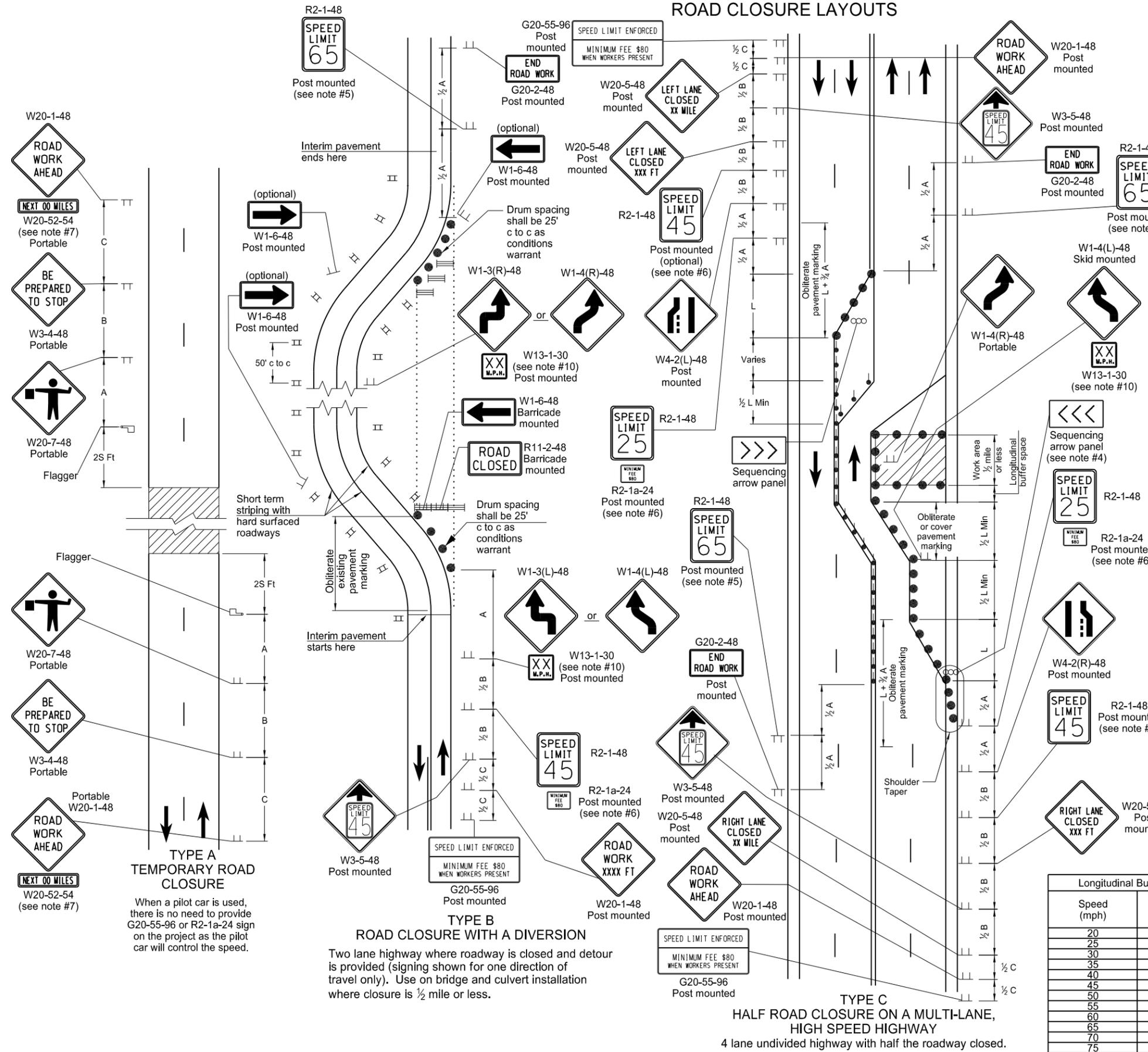
Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

KEY	
	Type III barricade
	Sign
	Delineator drum
	Tubular markers
	Work area
	Flagger
	Sequencing arrow panel
	Vertical panels back to back

Longitudinal Buffer Space	
Speed (mph)	Length Min (feet)
20	115
25	155
30	200
35	250
40	305
45	360
50	425
55	495
60	570
65	645
70	730
75	820

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
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TYPE A TEMPORARY ROAD CLOSURE

When a pilot car is used, there is no need to provide G20-55-96 or R2-1a-24 sign on the project as the pilot car will control the speed.

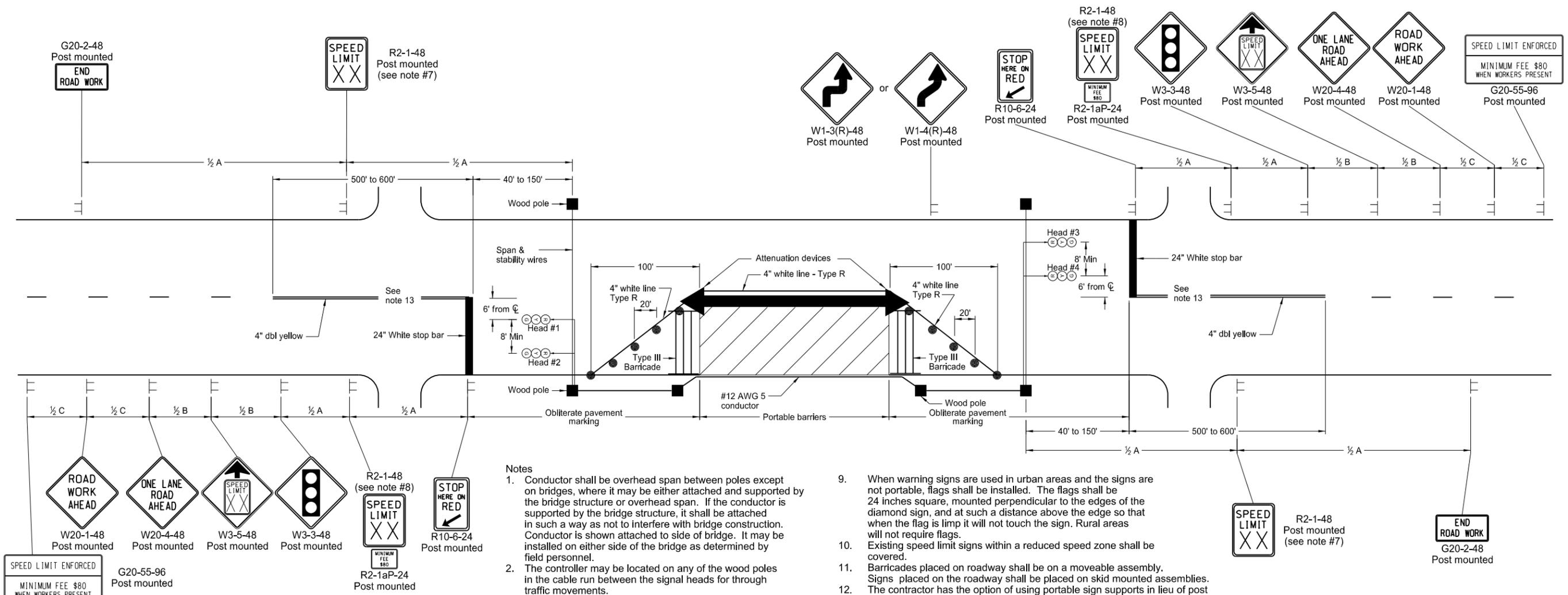
TYPE B ROAD CLOSURE WITH A DIVERSION

Two lane highway where roadway is closed and detour is provided (signing shown for one direction of travel only). Use on bridge and culvert installation where closure is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile or less.

TYPE C HALF ROAD CLOSURE ON A MULTI-LANE, HIGH SPEED HIGHWAY
4 lane undivided highway with half the roadway closed.

LANE CLOSURE ON A TWO LANE ROAD USING TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNALS

D-704-16



Notes

1. Conductor shall be overhead span between poles except on bridges, where it may be either attached and supported by the bridge structure or overhead span. If the conductor is supported by the bridge structure, it shall be attached in such a way as not to interfere with bridge construction. Conductor is shown attached to side of bridge. It may be installed on either side of the bridge as determined by field personnel.
2. The controller may be located on any of the wood poles in the cable run between the signal heads for through traffic movements.
3. The timing schedule is suggested trial setting. Frequent checks of signals in operation shall be made to obtain the most efficient timing schedule.
4. The wood poles shall be placed a minimum of 16 feet from the edge of the driving lane. The wood poles shall be of sufficient length to provide a minimum of 16 to 19 feet clearance from the center line of the roadway to the bottom of traffic signal heads suspended over the roadway.
5. Traffic signal heads shall have 12 inch red, yellow and green lenses with 5 inch louvered backplates.
6. For interim traffic construction detail see standard drawing "Span Wire Mounted Traffic Signals".
7. The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
8. The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in-place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 MPH. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 MPH, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 MPH. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at 1/2 B.
9. When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
10. Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.
11. Barricades placed on roadway shall be on a moveable assembly. Signs placed on the roadway shall be placed on skid mounted assemblies.
12. The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with the NDDOT Standard Specifications.
13. Double yellow centerline shall continue thru private drives.
14. G20-55-96 sign is not required if this standard is part of other traffic control layouts, or the work is less than 15 days.

KEY

- Work Area
- Type III Barricade
- Sign
- Delineator Drum

Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

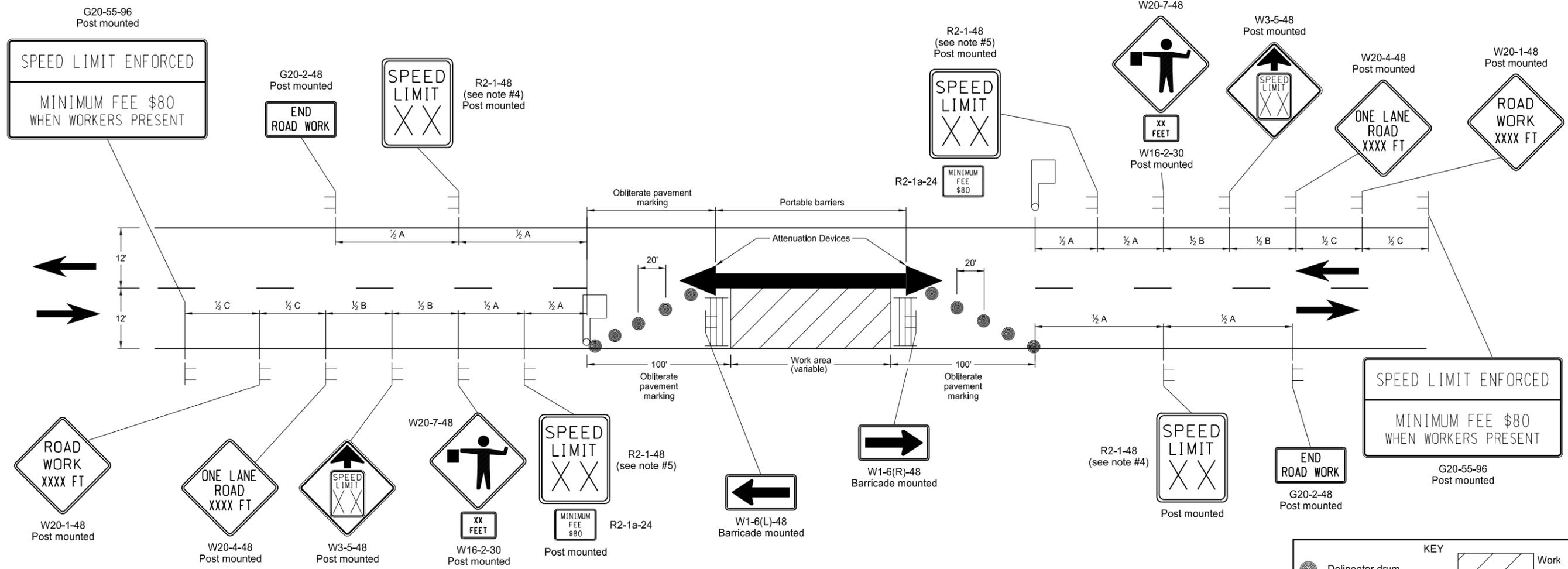
SUGGESTED TIMING AND SIGNAL SEQUENCE						
Heads 1 & 2	Green	Yellow	Red			
Heads 3 & 4	Red		Green	Yellow	Red	
Time	18.0	4.5	22.5	18.0	4.5	22.5
Cycle = 90 seconds	18.0	4.5	22.5	18.0	4.5	22.5
Percent of Cycle	20	5	25	20	5	25

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
11-20-15	Revised Note 6, Renumbered Minimum Fee plaque.

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Roger Weigel
 Registration Number
PE-2930,
 on 11/20/15 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

SIGN LAYOUT FOR ONE LANE CLOSURE TWO LANE ROADWAY

D-704-17



Notes

- Floodlights shall be provided to mark flagger stations at night. The lighting shall not create a disabling glare for drivers. Placement and elimination of potential glare can best be determined by driving through and observing the floodlighted area from each direction on the main roadway after lighting is set up.
- Barricades placed on roadway shall be on a movable assembly. Signs placed on the roadway shall be placed on skid mounted assembly.
- Existing striping shall be removed as required. Delineators will only be used when inslope is 4:1 or flatter and roadway alignment is visible to approaching vehicles. Vertical panels shall be used where roadways have steep slopes and alignment is not visible to approaching vehicles. Delineators and vertical panels shall be installed back to back.
- The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
- The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 MPH. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 MPH, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 MPH. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at 1/2 B.
- When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
- Where necessary, safe speed to be determined by the Engineer.
- The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with the NDDOT Standard Specifications.
- Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered. G20-55-96 sign is not required if this standard is part of other traffic control layouts, or the work is less than 15 days.
-

KEY

- Delineator drum
- Sign
- Type III barricade
- Work area
- Flagger

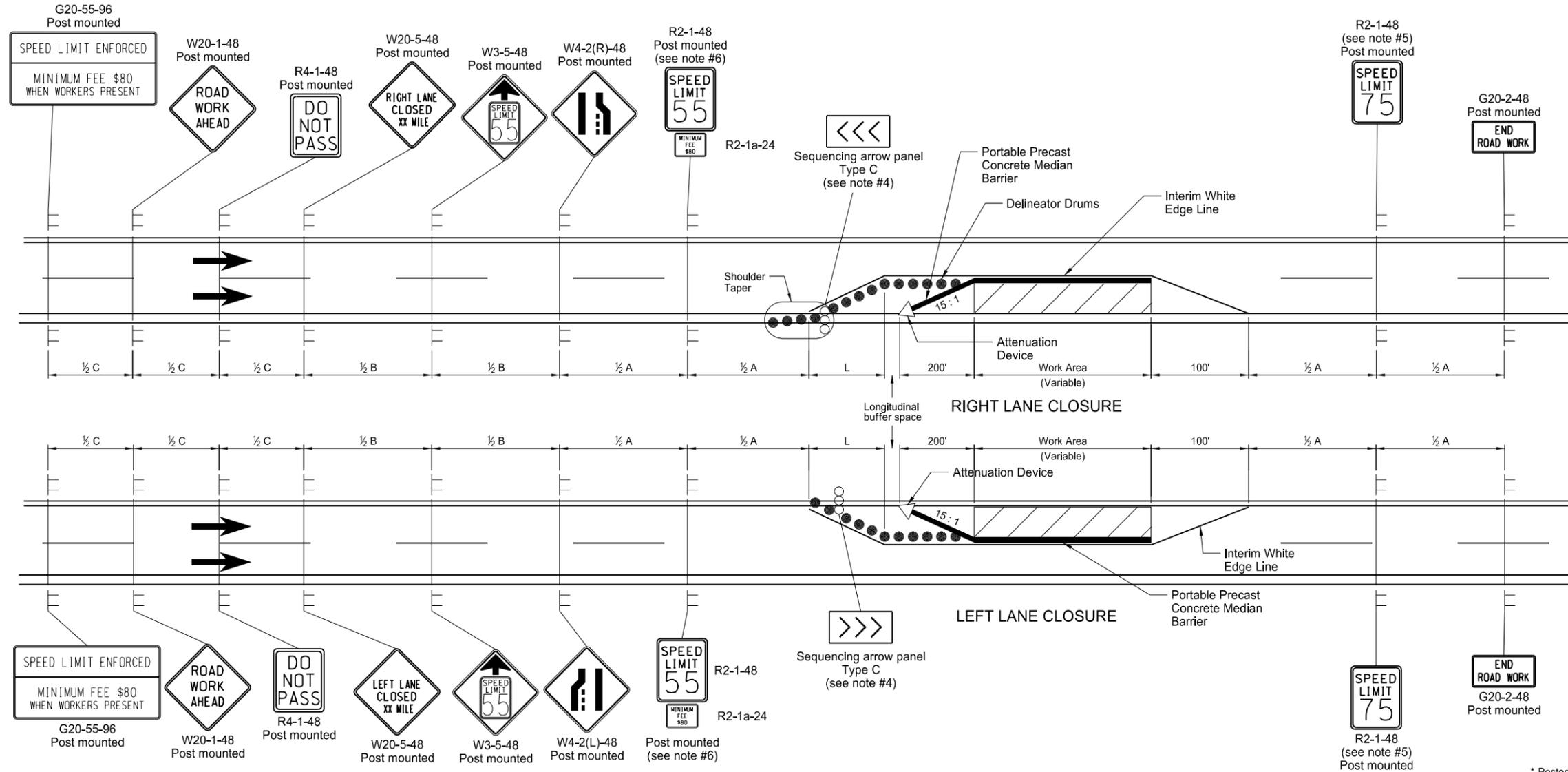
Road Type	Distance Between Signs (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
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SIGN LAYOUT FOR INTERSTATE SYSTEM ONE LANE CLOSURE

D-704-18



KEY

- Delineator Drum
- ⊢ Sign
- △ Attenuation Device
- Sequencing Arrow Panel
- ▨ Work Area

Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*Speed (mph)	Length Min (feet)
20	115
25	155
30	200
35	250
40	305
45	360
50	425
55	495
60	570
65	645
70	730
75	820

- Notes**
- Variables
 - S = Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile.
 - W = The width of the taper.
 - L = Minimum length of taper, or $S \times W$ for freeways, expressways, and all other roads with speeds of 45 mph or greater, or $W \times S^2 / 60$ for urban, residential, and other streets with speeds of 40 mph or less.
 - Barricades placed on roadway shall be on a moveable assembly. Signs placed on the roadway shall be placed on skid mounted assemblies.
 - Delineator drums used for tapering traffic and on the tangent shall be spaced at the dimension "S".
 - Sequencing Arrow Panels
 - Panels should normally be placed at the beginning of the taper. Where shoulder width does not provide sufficient room, the panel should be moved closer to the work area so that it can be placed on the roadway surface. See Shoulder Closure Standard Drawing.
 - Type A shall be used on roadways with slow moving traffic speeds and low volume (25 mph or less and 750 ADT or less).
 - Type B shall be used on roadways with moderate traffic speeds and volumes (40 mph or less and less than 5000 ADT).
 - Type C shall be used on roadways with high traffic speeds and volumes (over 40 mph or 5000 ADT or greater).
 - The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
 - The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 MPH. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 MPH, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 MPH. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at 1/2 B.

- When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
- Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.
- The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with the NDDOT Standard Specifications. G20-55-96 sign is not required if this standard is part of other traffic control layouts, or the work is less than 15 days.

* Posted speed, off-peak 85th percentile speed prior to work starting, or the anticipated operating speed in mph.

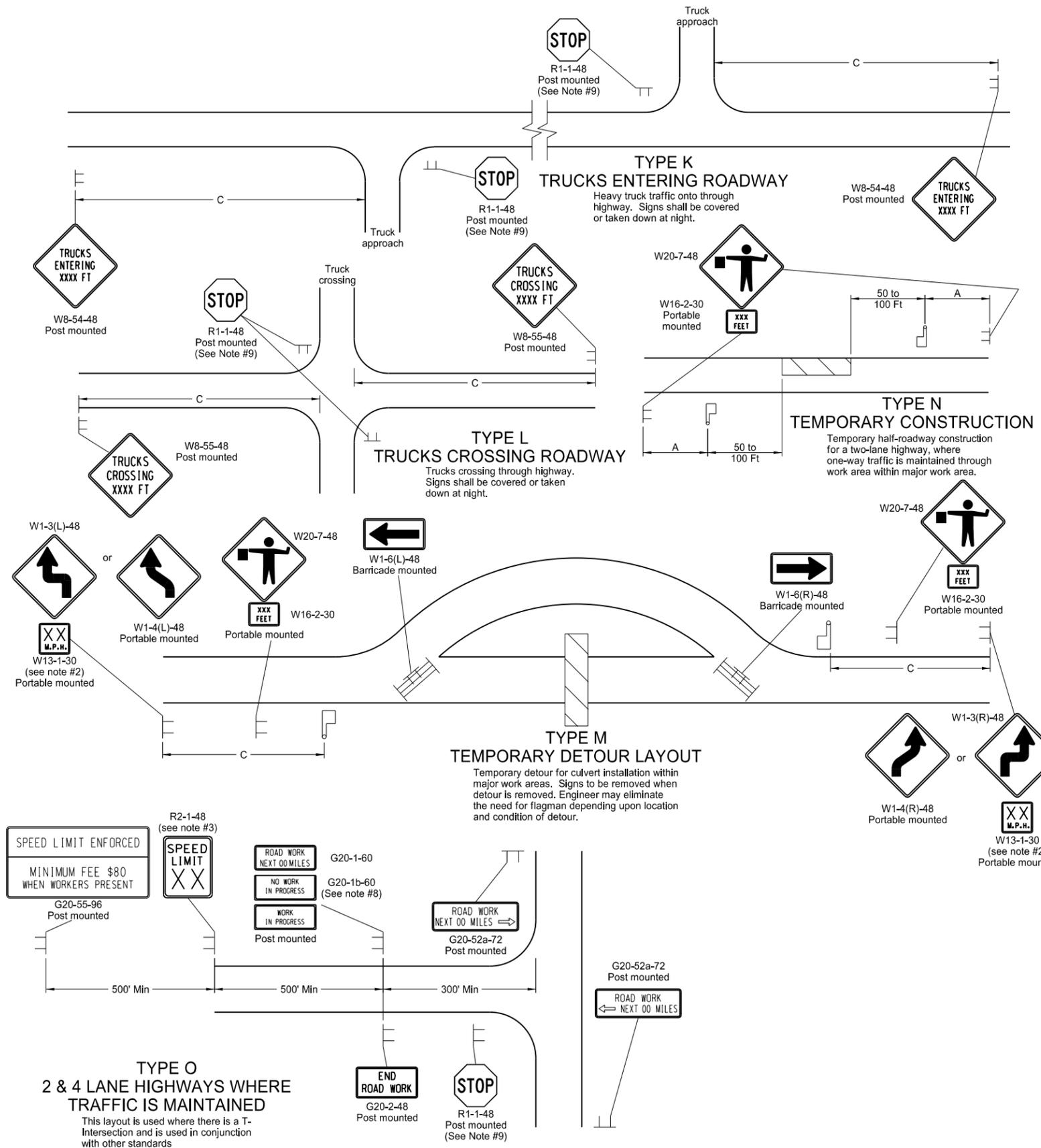
ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING			
Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

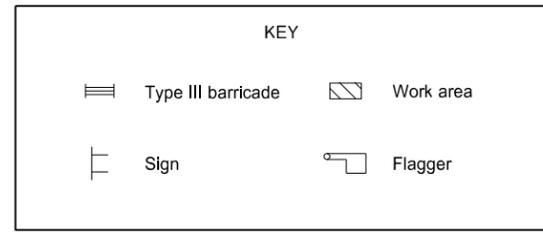
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CONSTRUCTION TRUCK AND TEMPORARY DETOUR LAYOUTS

D-704-22



- Notes
- Barricades placed on roadway shall be on a moveable assembly. Signs placed on the roadway shall be placed on skid mounted assemblies. Where necessary, safe speed to be determined by the Engineer.
 - The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 MPH. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 MPH, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 MPH. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at 1/2 B.
 - When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
 - Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered. Obliterated or covered pavement marking shall be paid for as Obliteration of Pavement Marking. The covering shall be approved by the engineer.
 - The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with the NDDOT Standard Specifications.
 - The contractor shall install the G20-1b-60 sign when work is suspended for winter.
 - If existing stop sign is in place, a 48" stop sign is not required.
 - G20-55-96 sign is not required if this standard is part of other traffic control layouts with this sign or the work is less than 15 days.



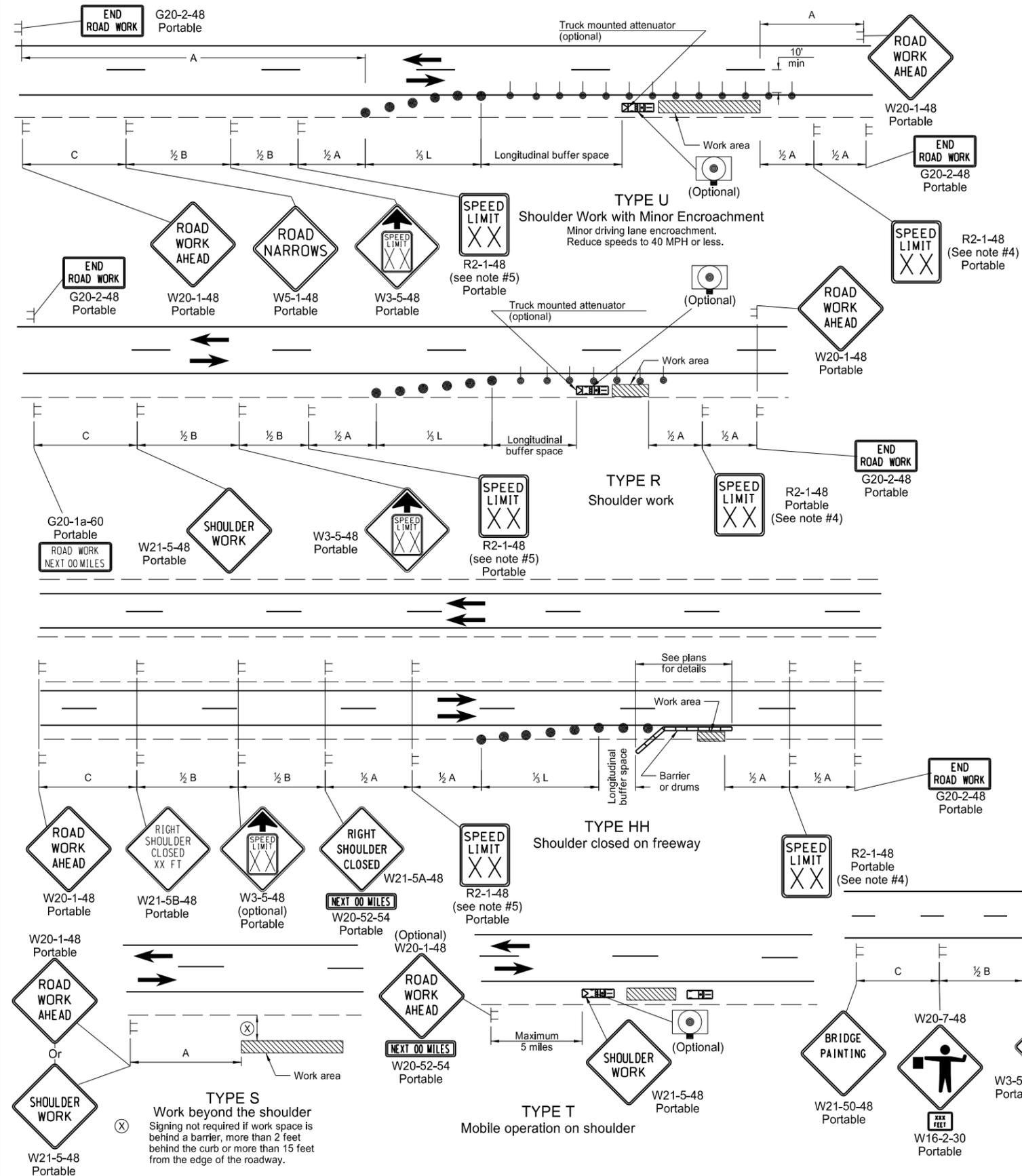
Road Type	ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING		
	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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 of Transportation

SHOULDER CLOSURES AND BRIDGE PAINTING LAYOUTS

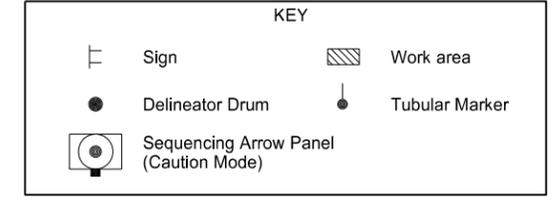
D-704-24



- Notes
- Variables
S = Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile.
W = The width of the taper.
L = Minimum length of taper, or $S \times W$ for freeways, expressways, and all other roads with speeds of 45 mph or greater, or $W \times S^2 / 60$ for urban, residential, and other streets with speeds of 40 mph or less.
 - Delineator drums used for tapering traffic shall be spaced at dimension "S".
Delineator drums or tubular markers used for tangents shall be spaced at 2 times "S".
 - Sequencing Arrow Panels
Type A shall be used on roadways with slow moving traffic speeds and low volume (25 mph or less and 750 ADT or less).
Type B shall be used on roadways with moderate traffic speeds and volumes (40 mph or less and 5000 ADT or less).
Type C shall be used on roadways with high traffic speeds and volumes (over 40 mph or over 5000 ADT).
 - The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
 - The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 MPH. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 MPH, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 MPH. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at $\frac{1}{2}B$.
 - When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
 - Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.
 - The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with the NDDOT Standard Specifications.

Longitudinal Buffer Space	
Speed (mph)	Length Min (feet)
20	115
25	155
30	200
35	250
40	305
45	360
50	425
55	495
60	570
65	645
70	730
75	820

ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING			
Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

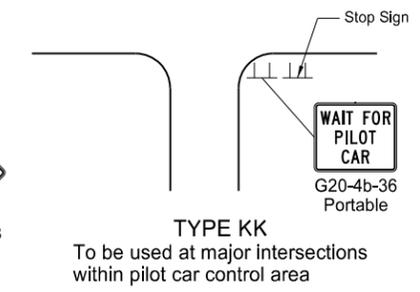
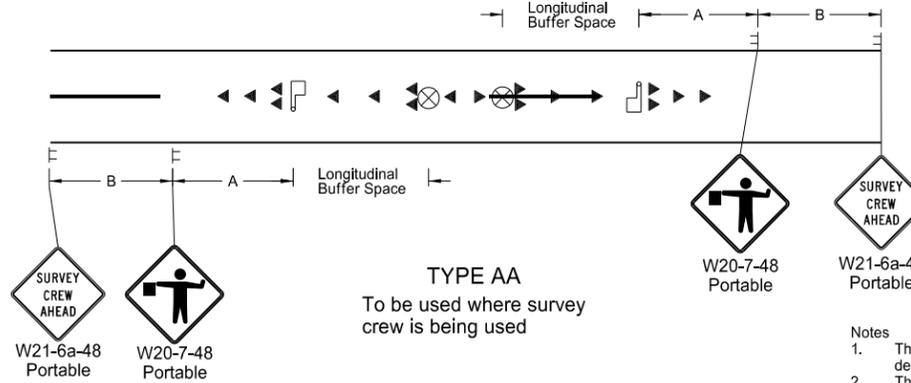
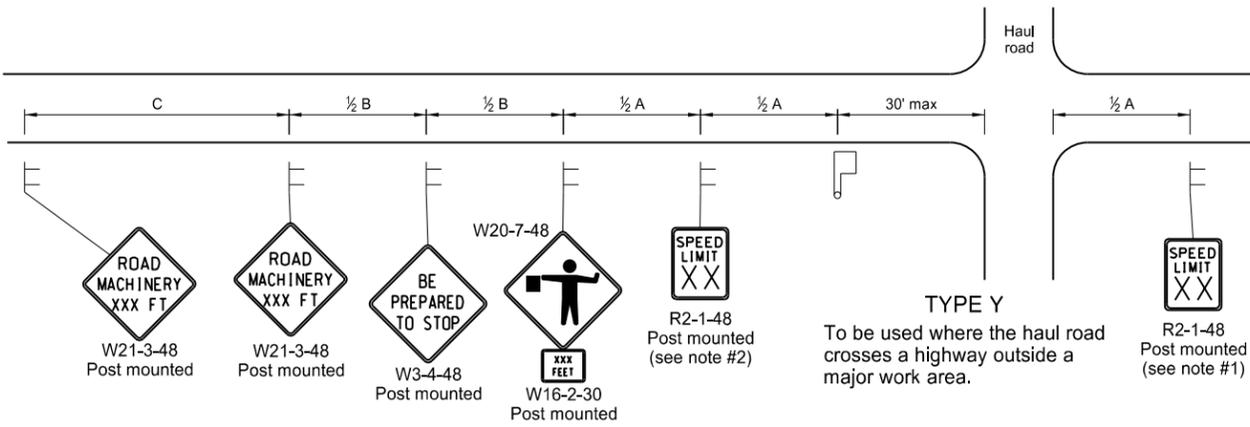


NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

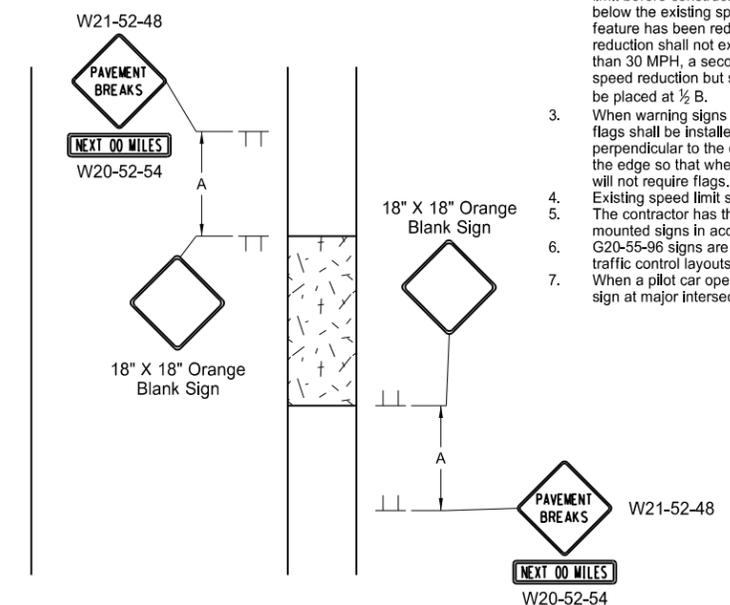
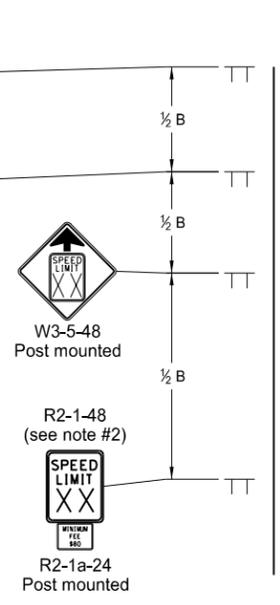
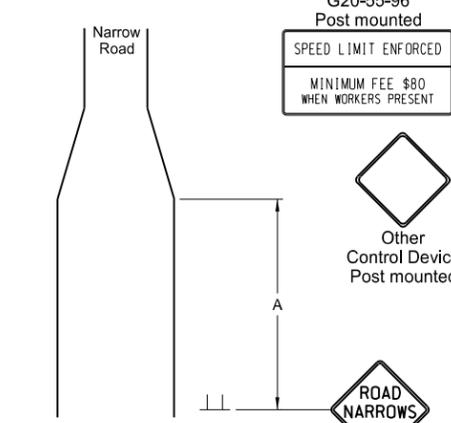
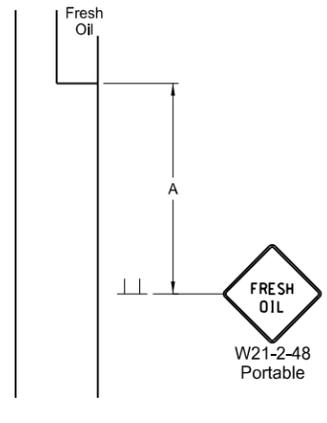
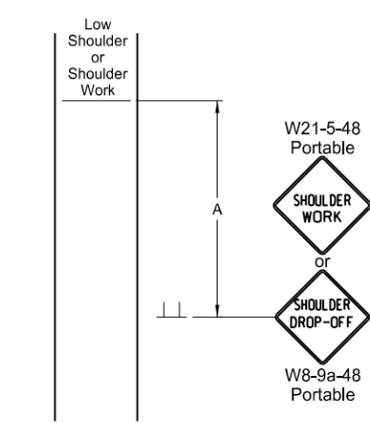
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MISCELLANEOUS SIGN LAYOUTS

D-704-26

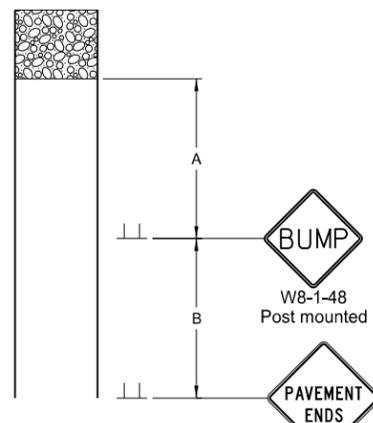
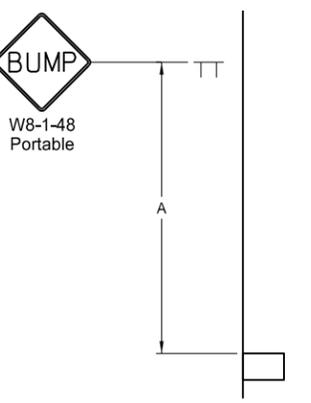
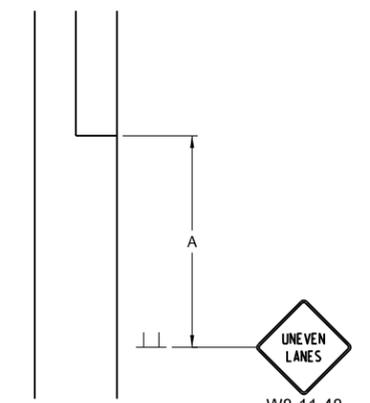


- Notes
- The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
 - The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 MPH. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 MPH, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 MPH. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at 1/2 B.
 - When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
 - Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.
 - The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with the NDDOT Standard Specifications.
 - G20-55-96 signs are not required if this standard is part of other traffic control layouts, or the work is less than 15 days.
 - When a pilot car operation is used, place a G20-4b-36 "Wait For Pilot Car" sign at major intersections within pilot car control area.



Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*Speed (mph)	Length Min (feet)
20	115
25	155
30	200
35	250
40	305
45	360
50	425
55	495
60	570
65	645
70	730
75	820

* Posted speed, off-peak 85th percentile speed prior to work starting, or the anticipated operating speed in mph.



KEY

Sign (represented by a vertical line with a horizontal bar)

Flagger (represented by a square with a diagonal line)

Cones (represented by a triangle)

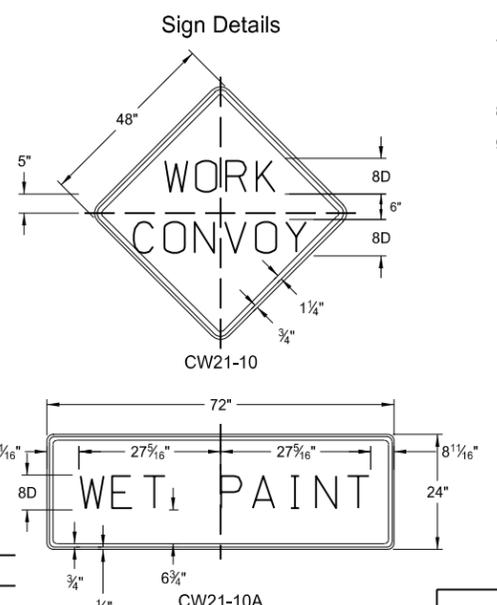
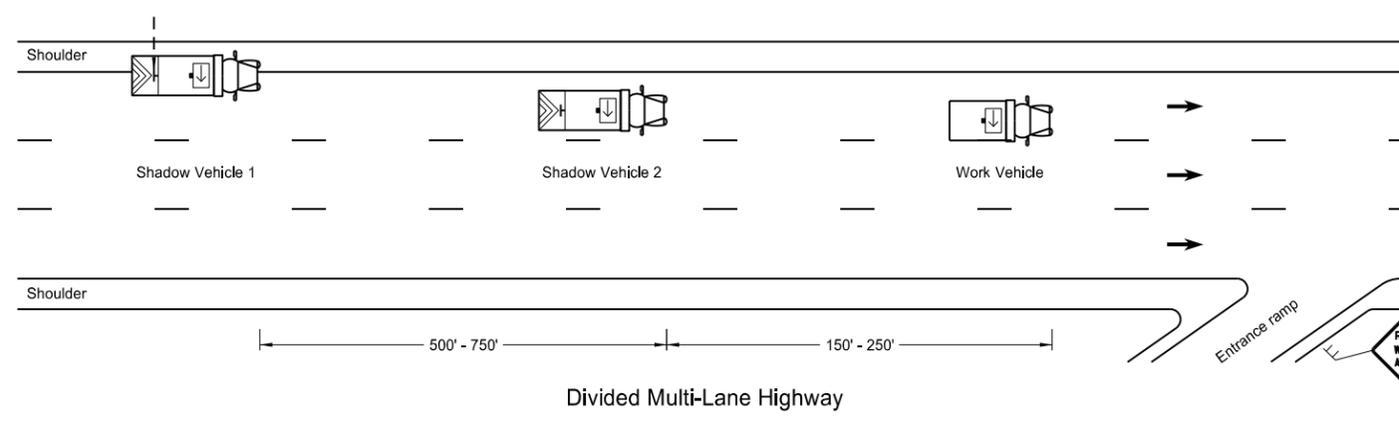
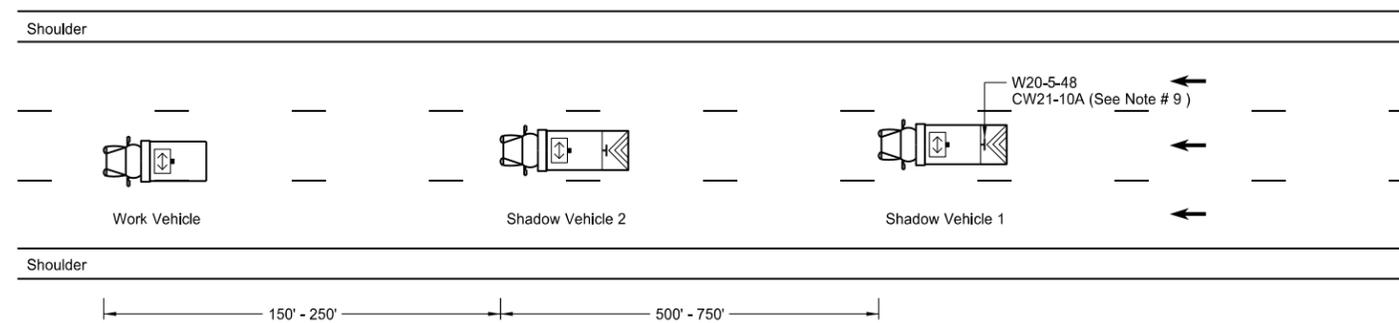
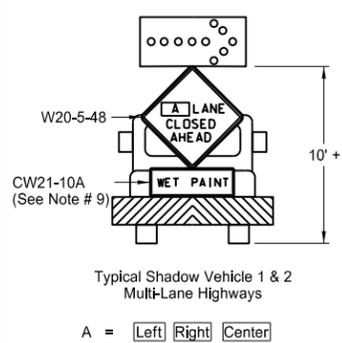
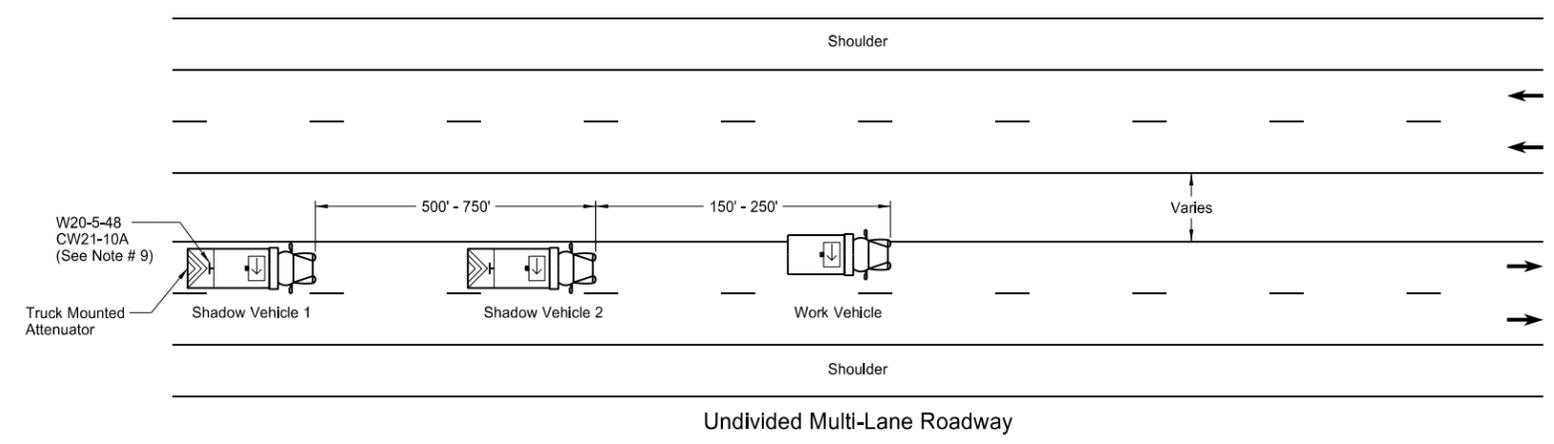
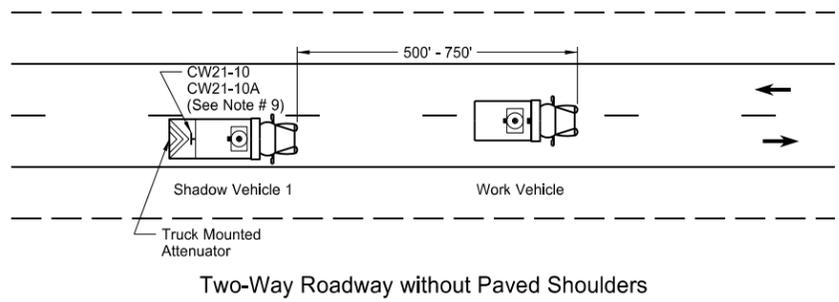
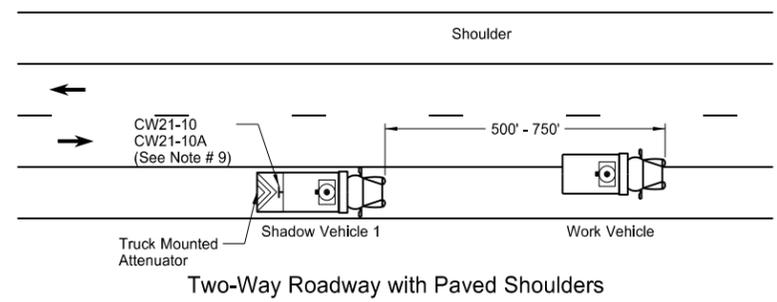
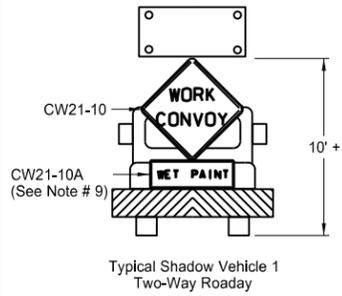
Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

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9-27-13	
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DATE	CHANGE

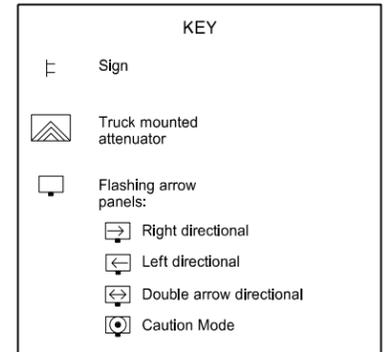
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TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR MOVING OPERATIONS

D-704-27



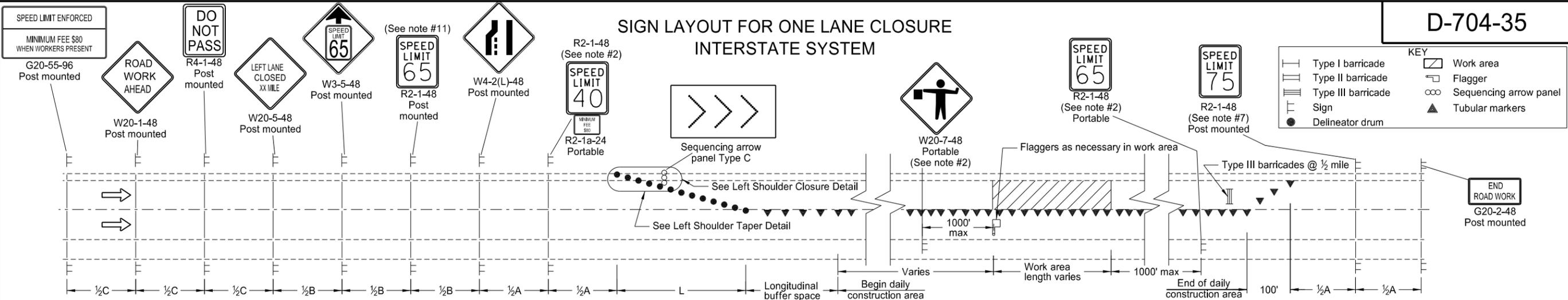
- Notes
1. If the contractor chooses to place more vehicles in the convoy than are shown, these vehicles shall have the truck mounted attenuator and shall be at the contractor's expense.
 2. Shadow and work vehicles shall display yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights unless otherwise stated elsewhere in the plans.
 3. Flashing arrow panels shall be Type B or Type C. The panel operation shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
 4. Each vehicle shall have two-way electronic communication capability.
 5. When work convoys must change lanes, shadow vehicle 1 should change lanes first to shadow other convoy vehicles.
 6. Vehicle spacing between the shadow vehicle 1 and shadow vehicle 2 will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the trail vehicle in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the shadow vehicle.
 7. Sign Colors
Letters = Black
Border = Black
Background = Orange
 8. Shadow vehicle 2 may be used as the paint tender vehicle.
 9. Sign CW21-10A shall only be used during a painting operation.
 10. On two lane - two way roadways, the work and shadow vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass.



NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
6-18-14	Removed shadow vehicle 2 on two lane roadways

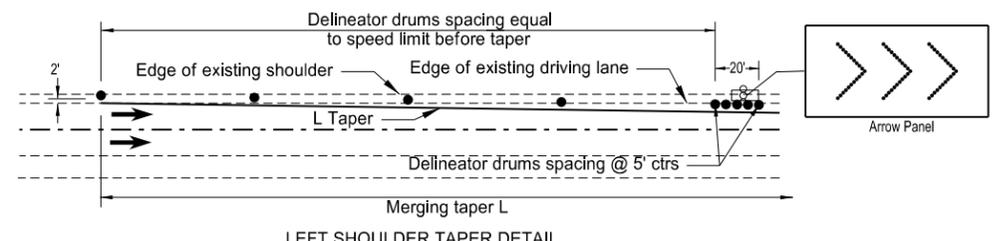
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SIGN LAYOUT FOR ONE LANE CLOSURE INTERSTATE SYSTEM



KEY

	Type I barricade		Work area
	Type II barricade		Flagger
	Type III barricade		Sequencing arrow panel
	Sign		Tubular markers
	Delineator drum		



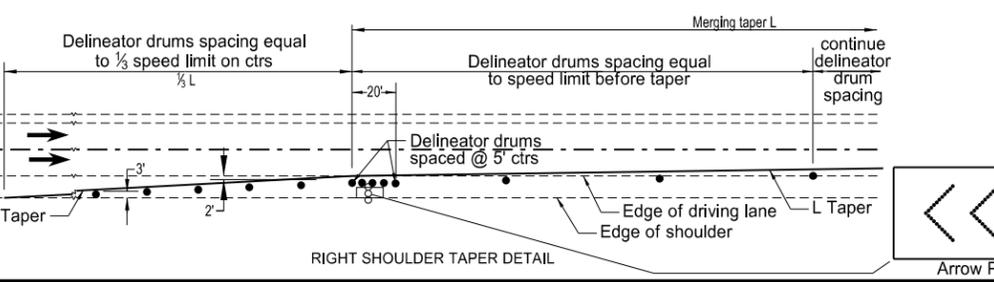
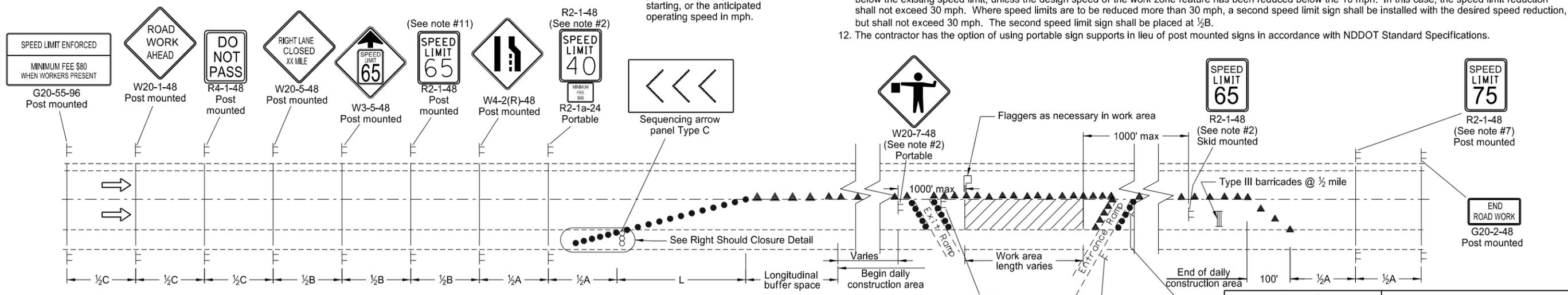
LEFT LANE CLOSED WORKERS IN WORK AREA

Speed (mph)*	Length Min (feet)
20	115
25	155
30	200
35	250
40	305
45	360
50	425
55	495
60	570
65	645
70	730
75	820

*Posted speed, off-peak 85th percentile speed prior to work starting, or the anticipated operating speed in mph.

- Notes:
- Advance signs for flagging shall be installed when flaggers are flagging.
 - The advanced flagger sign and the speed limit signs shall be moved as the work area moves through the construction zone. When the work area is not visible from the flagger, the flagger station shall be placed so the work area is visible. The 65 mph speed limit and the 40 mph speed limit sign shall be spaced at 1/2A in advance of the flagger sign. The 65 mph speed limit sign shall also be moved. Upon completion of the work day or when workers are not present, the 65 mph speed limit, 40 mph speed limit, and the Minimum Fee \$80 signs shall be covered or removed.
 - RAMPS: When the work area encompasses an entrance ramp, the ramp shall be controlled by installing a 40 mph speed limit sign and covering any existing yield sign. Install new yield sign as necessary. When the main line 40 mph speed zone is moved past the ramp, the ramp speed limit sign shall be removed.
 - Variables:
S= Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile
W= The width of taper.
L= Minimum length of taper, or SxW for freeways, expressways, and all other roads with speeds of 45 mph or greater, or WxSxS/60 for urban, residential, and other streets with speeds of 40 mph or less.
 - Delineator drums, used for tapering traffic shall be spaced at the dimension "S". Tubular markers used for tangents shall be spaced at 2 times dimension "S".
 - Sequencing arrow panels should normally be placed at the beginning of the taper. Where shoulder width does not provide sufficient room, the panel should be moved closer to the work area so that it can be placed on the roadway surface.
 - Type C shall be used on roadways with high traffic speeds and volumes (over 40 mph or 5000 ADT or greater).
 - The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
 - Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.
 - Obliterated or covered pavement marking shall be paid for as Obliteration of Pavement Marking. The covering shall be approved by the engineer.
 - When warning signs are used in urban areas and the signs are not portable, flags shall be installed. The flags shall be 24 inches square, mounted perpendicular to the edges of the diamond sign, and at such a distance above the edge so that when the flag is limp it will not touch the sign. Rural areas will not require flags.
 - The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 mph. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 mph, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction, but shall not exceed 30 mph. The second speed limit sign shall be placed at 1/2B.
 - The contractor has the option of using portable sign supports in lieu of post mounted signs in accordance with NDDOT Standard Specifications.

Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500



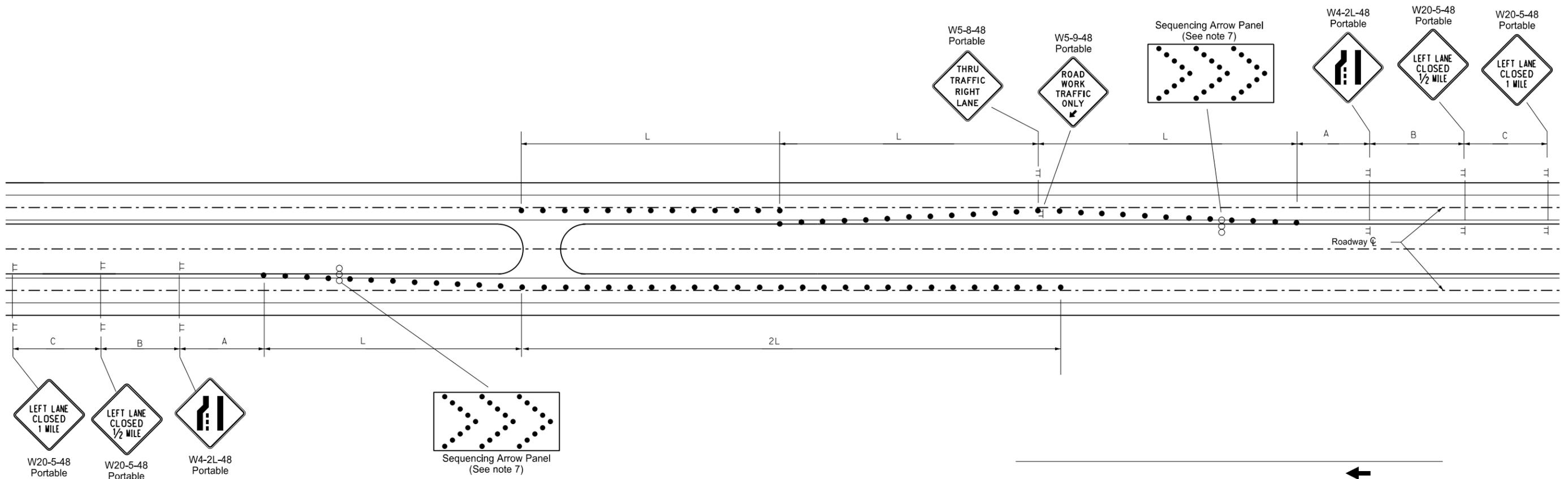
RIGHT LANE CLOSED WORKERS IN WORK AREA

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-7-2012	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
6/23/2014	Revised Note 12

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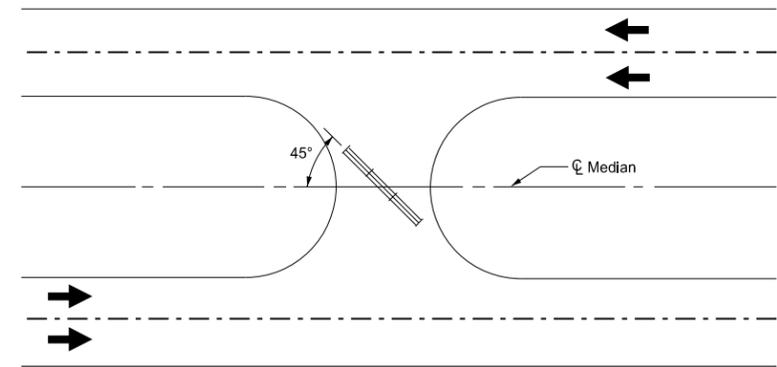
CONSTRUCTION SIGN AND BARRICADE LOCATION DETAILS CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MEDIAN CROSSING

D-704-49



Notes:

1. All costs for construction signing and devices at the median crossovers shall be at the contractor's expense.
2. The construction signs and channelizing devices shall be removed daily and the median access shall be barricaded during nonworking hours.
3. The distance between the work area and the crossover shall be a minimum of one mile. If the distance from the work area to an interchange is less than two miles the interchange shall be used and no median access will be allowed.
4. The construction traffic shall not decelerate until they are well into the crossover lane.
5. Variables:
 - S = Numerical value of speed limit or 85th percentile.
 - W = The width of taper
 - L = Minimum length of taper, or $S \times W$ for freeways, expressways, and all other roads with speeds of 45 mph or greater, or $W \times S \times S / 60$ for urban, residential, and other streets with speed of 40 mph or less
6. Delineator drums, barricades or cones used for tapering traffic shall be spaced at the dimension "S".
7. Sequencing Arrow Panels:
 - Panels should normally be placed at the beginning of the taper. Where shoulder width does not provide sufficient room, the panel should be moved closer to the work area so that it can be placed on the roadway surface.
 - Type A shall be used on roadways with slow moving traffic speeds and low volume (25 mph or less and 750 ADT or less).
 - Type B shall be used on roadways with moderate traffic speeds and volumes (40 mph or less and 5000 ADT or less).
 - Type C shall be used on roadways with high traffic speeds and volumes (over 40 mph and over 5000 ADT).



BARRICADE LOCATION DETAIL

Barricades shall be installed on the median access when not in use.
The barricades shall be placed at 45° away from approaching traffic.

ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING			
Road Type	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

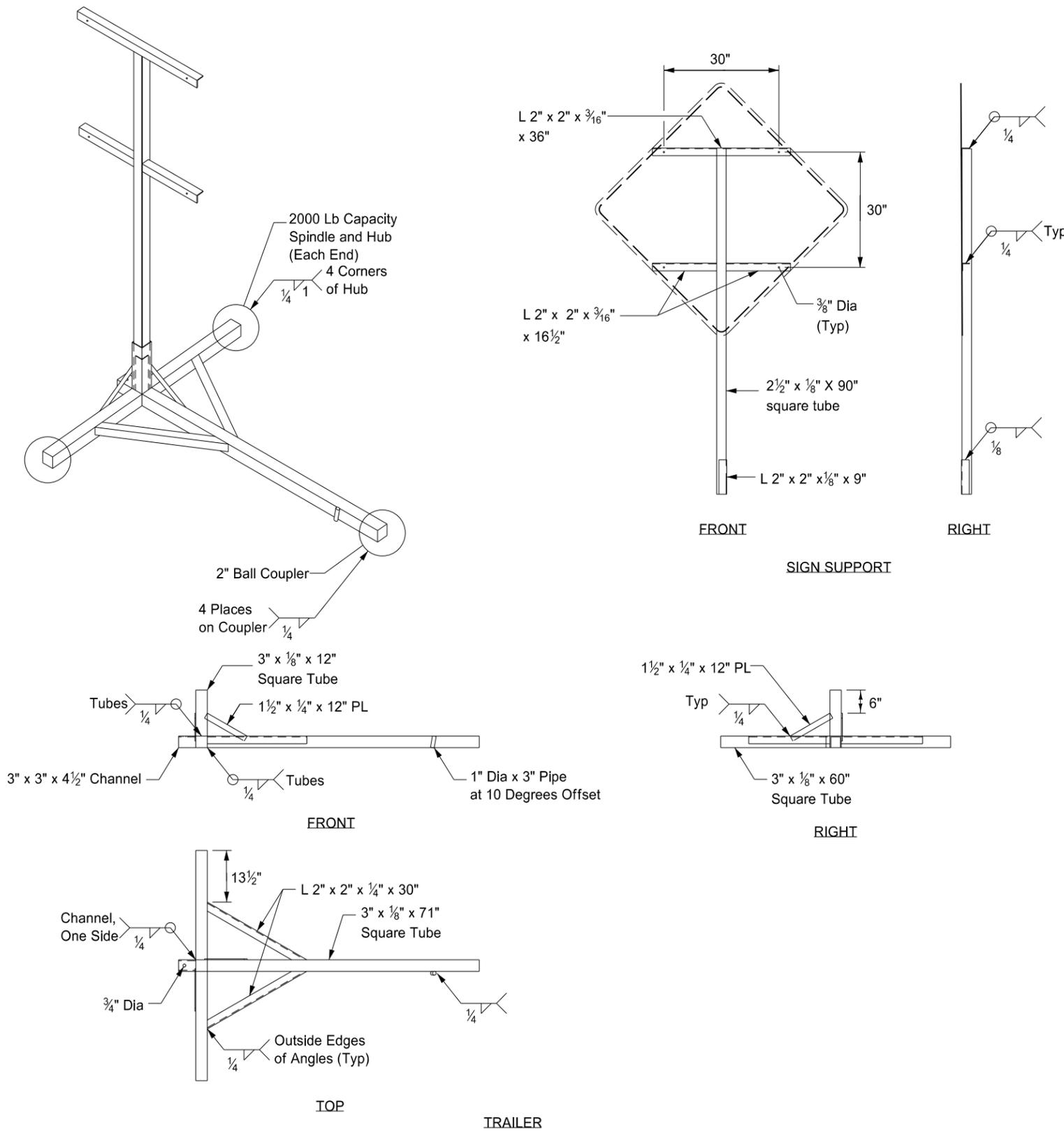
KEY	
[Sign Symbol]	Sign
●	Delineator Drum
○○	Sequencing Arrow Panel
[Barricade Symbol]	Type III Barricade

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
11-19-12	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
06-24-14	Changed W5-9-48 to portable mounted.

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PORTABLE SIGN SUPPORT ASSEMBLY

D-704-50



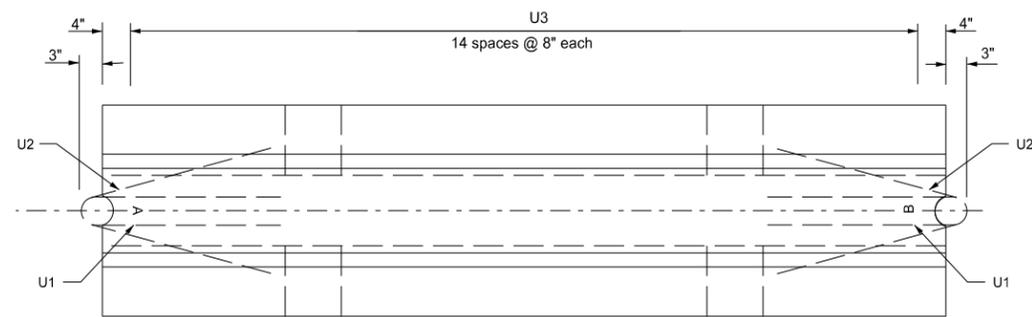
Notes:

- ① The maximum weight of the assembly is 250 pounds.
- ② Use a 14" wheel and tire.
- ③ Automotive and equipment axle assemblies may not be used for trailer-mounted sign supports.
- ④ Other NCHRP 350 crash tested assemblies are acceptable.

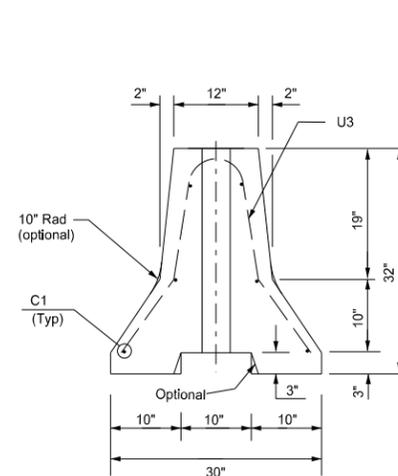
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
11-23-10	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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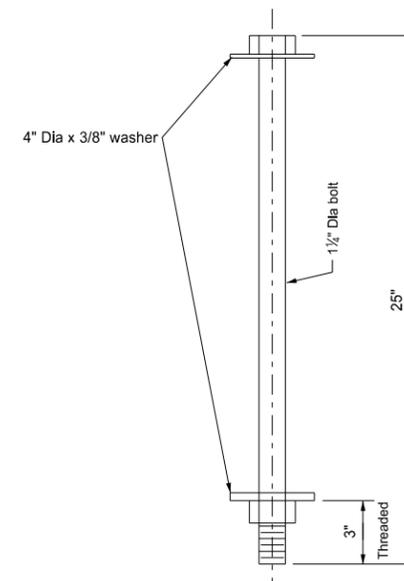
PORTABLE PRECAST CONCRETE MEDIAN BARRIER
(TEMPORARY USAGE)



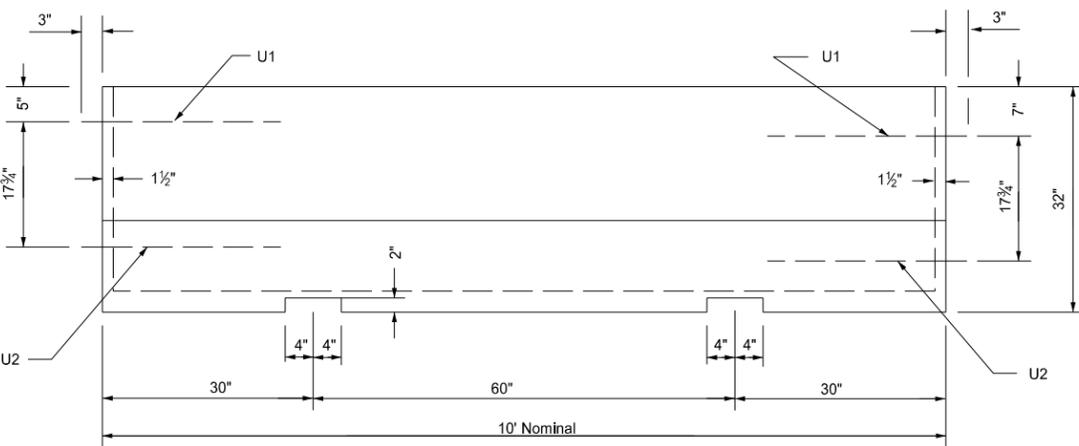
Plan View



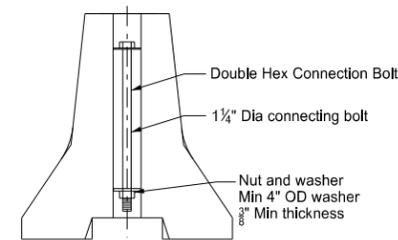
End View



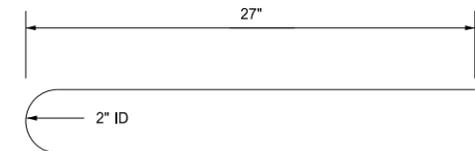
Connecting Bolt Detail
(One per 10 Ft section)



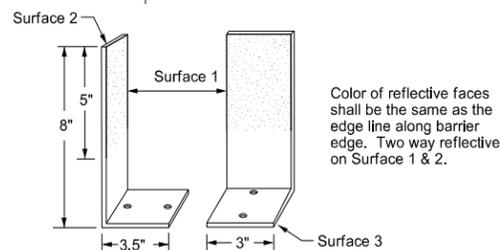
Side View



Bolt Connection Detail

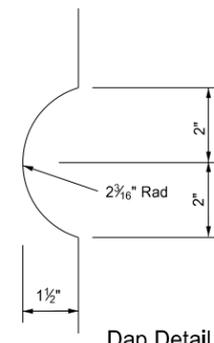


U1 Bar Detail

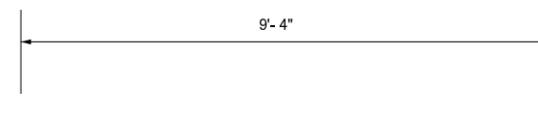


Barrier Marker Detail

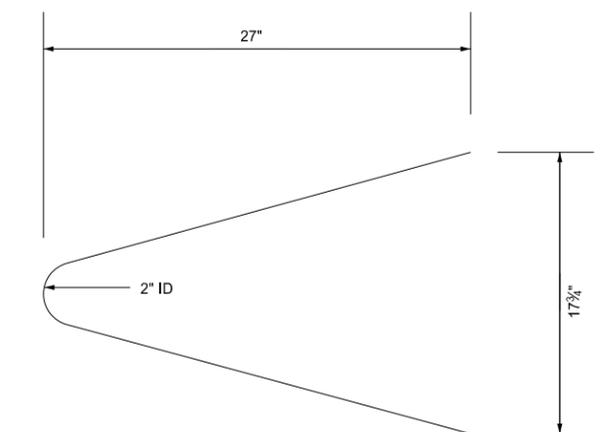
Color of reflective faces shall be the same as the edge line along barrier edge. Two way reflective on Surface 1 & 2.



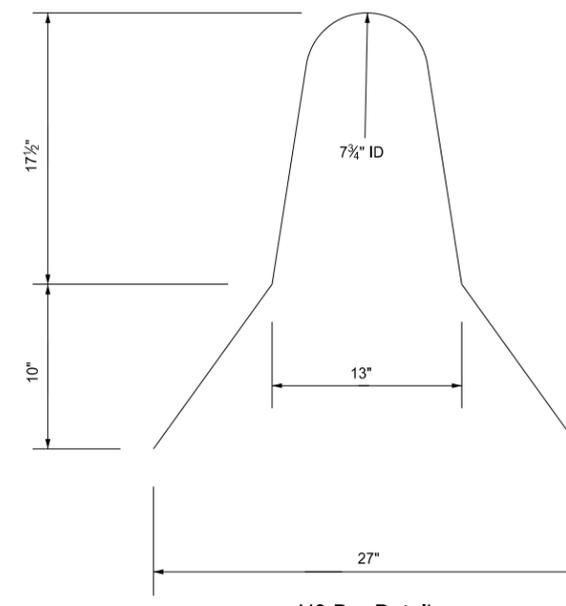
Dap Detail



C1 Bar Detail



U2 Bar Detail



U3 Bar Detail

Notes:

- All exposed hardware shall be galvanized as per ASTM A153, except for the loop inserts.
- Concrete shall be Class AAE-3.
- All steel shall conform to Section 612 of the NDDOT Standard Specifications.
- Barrier ends shall be imprinted A and B as shown with 4 inch letters. Field placement shall match the A end with the B end.
- Barrier markers shall be placed at the center of the barrier at 20' centers.
- Barrier sections shall be connected together with the 1 1/4" Dia A-307 double hex connecting bolt. The bottom nut and washer connection shall be maintained by the contractor for the duration of the barrier installation.
- Barrier shall be placed such that openings between individual sections shall be kept to a minimum.

Reflective Tape
The reflector shall be a retroreflective, acrylic microprism material with acrylic backing, 3" wide, providing the following minimum optical performance with an observation angle of 0.1° measured in candlepower:

Entrance Angle	Specific Intensity
Yellow - 4"	136
White - 4"	200

Adhesive
Markers shall be temporarily mounted to the portable concrete barrier with factory applied solid butyl rubber 1/8" thick, 2" wide on 2 1/4" wide release paper on surface 3.

Bar List				
Mark	Size	No.	Length	Shape
C1	4	6	9'- 4"	Straight
U1	4	2	4'- 8"	Bent
U2	4	2	4'- 10 1/4"	Bent
U3	4	15	5'- 4"	Bent

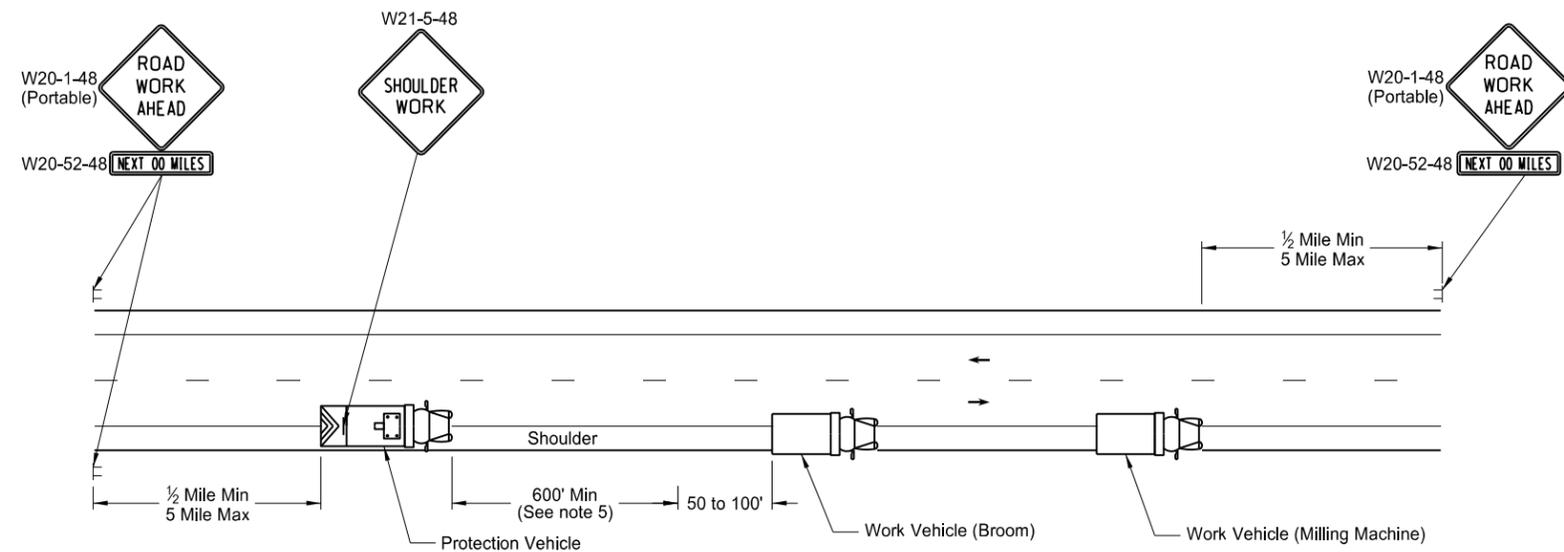
Marker Body
The marker shall be made of a high impact, weatherable engineering thermo-plastic material which conforms to the following:

Property	Result	ASTM Test Method
Thickness (min)	.090"	—
Tensile strength (min psi) @ yield	5,500	D638
Impact strength @ -20°F (ft-lbs/in of notch)	3.2	D256 Method A
Impact strength @ 73°F (ft-lbs/in of notch)	14.0	D256 Method A
Flexural strength, PSI 1/4" @ 73°F	8,000	D790
Flexural modulus, PSI 1/4" @ 73°F	300,000	D790
Elongation @ yield	30%	D638

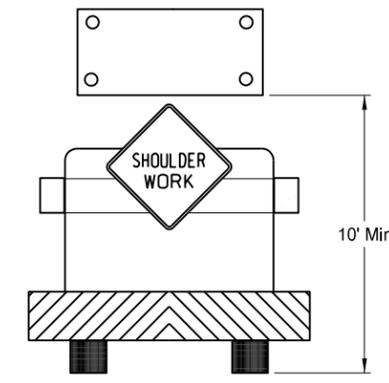
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
07-20-12	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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MOBILE OPERATION
Grinding Shoulder Rumble Strips



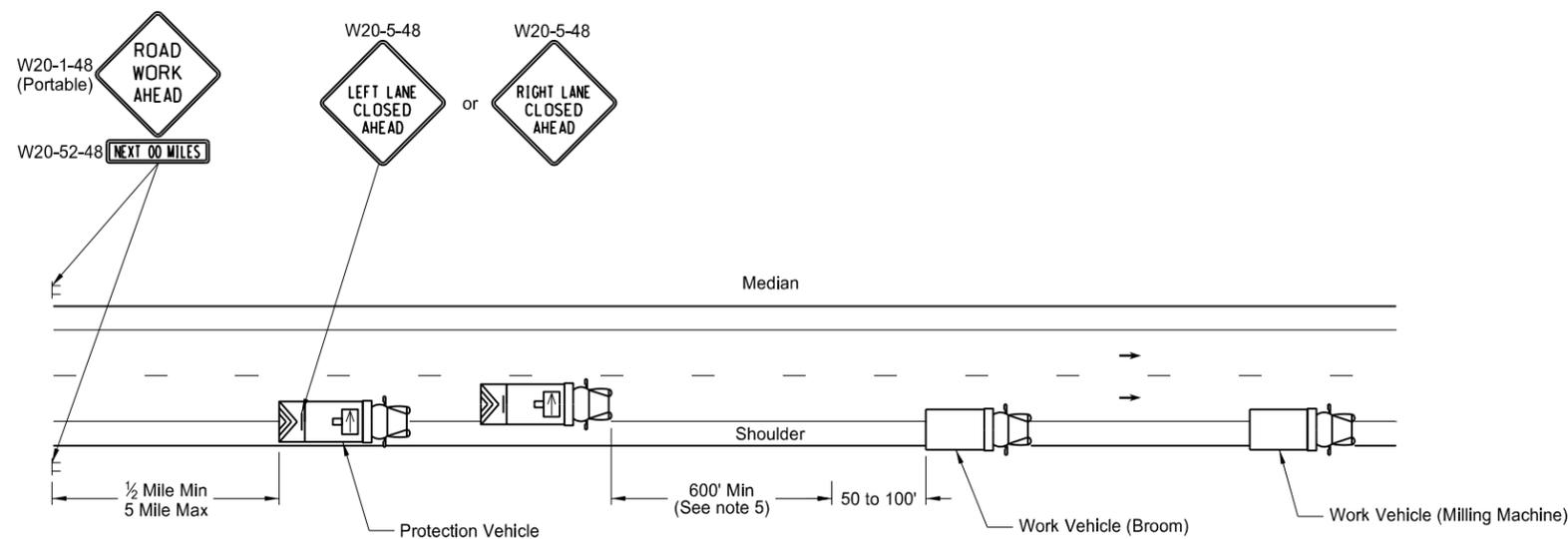
TWO LANE - TWO WAY ROADWAY



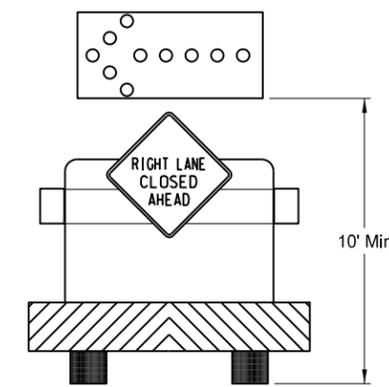
TWO LANE - TWO WAY ROADWAY
Typical Protection Vehicle with
Flashing Arrow Panel In Caution Mode

Notes:

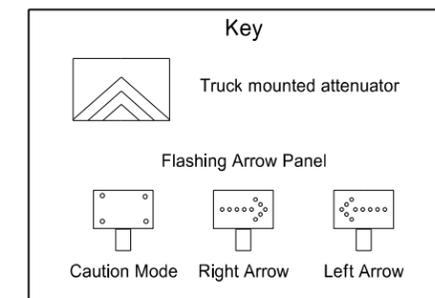
1. If the contractor chooses to place more vehicles in the convoy than are shown, these vehicles shall have the truck mounted attenuator and shall be at the contractors expense.
2. Vehicles shall have a rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights.
3. Flashing arrow panels shall be Type B or Type C. The panel operation shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
4. Each vehicle shall have two - way electronic communication capability.
5. Vehicle spacing between the protection vehicle and work vehicle will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the protection vehicle in time to slow down and safely pass the work vehicles.
6. ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGN: Advance Road Work Ahead signs shall be moved as the work area moves through the construction zone.
7. Next XX Miles sign required when the distance from Road Work Ahead sign to the work location is two miles or greater.



INTERSTATE & 4 LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY



INTERSTATE & 4 LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY
Typical Protection Vehicle with Flashing Arrow
Panel In Flashing Arrow Mode

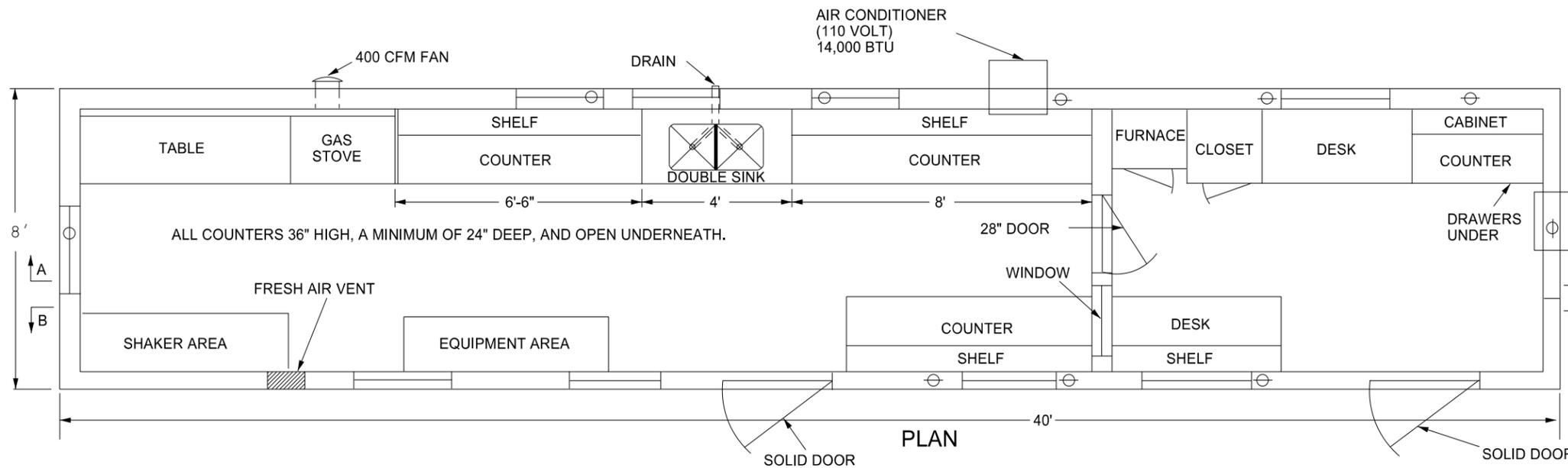


NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
11-15-12	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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BITUMINOUS LABORATORY

D-706-1



AIR CONDITIONER (110 VOLT) 8,000 BTU

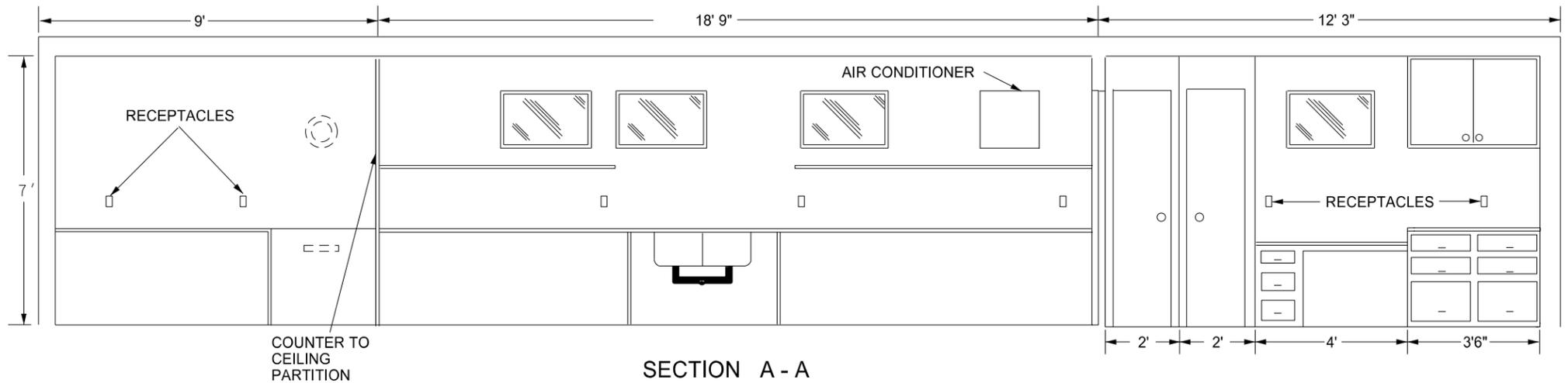
NOTES:

There shall be a minimum of six screened exterior windows on two or more sides, with a minimum of one window in each room. Windows shall have a minimum area of 4 square feet each. Suggested locations are shown on drawing.

The lab shall be equipped with a 1'x1' shelf at 36" above the regular countertop to hold the stock solution container for the Sand Equivalent test.

The sink shall be double compartment stainless steel. Each compartment shall be a minimum of 16"x14"x10" deep. The sink shall be drained to an outside waste line. A trap is not required. Water service lines shall be copper or plastic having a diameter of 1/2 inch.

The lab shall be equipped with an exhaust fan capable of removing inside air at a rate of 400 CFM.



The fresh air vent shall be hinged to open or close manually.

24" x 48" table shall be provided capable of holding a 200 lb. masonry saw. The table shall have a minimum clearance of 36" overhead.

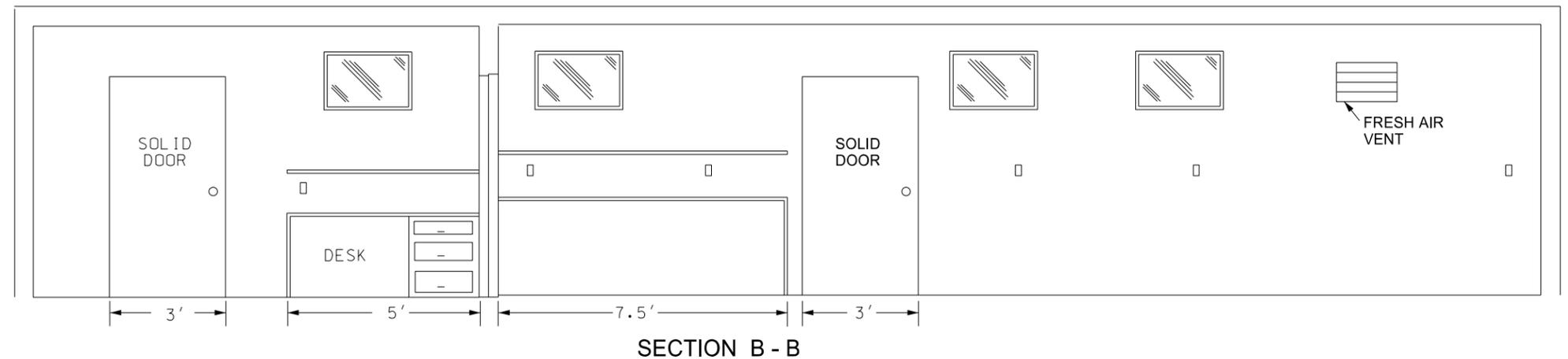
The water supply tank shall have a capacity of 500 gallons.

Steps and a landing for each set of steps shall be provided for each of two entrance doors. Steps for each area shall be made of, or covered with, a material providing for a non-slip surface. They shall be heavy duty steps that are capable of withstanding heavy loadings and extensive use.

The pressure tank on the pump shall be 20 gallon capacity.

Locks, latches, and hinges for main doors shall be heavy duty type to withstand the intense use in service.

The wall between the office and the work area shall be properly insulated to prevent the transmission of heat and noise.



The floor beneath the marshall area shall be heavily reinforced.

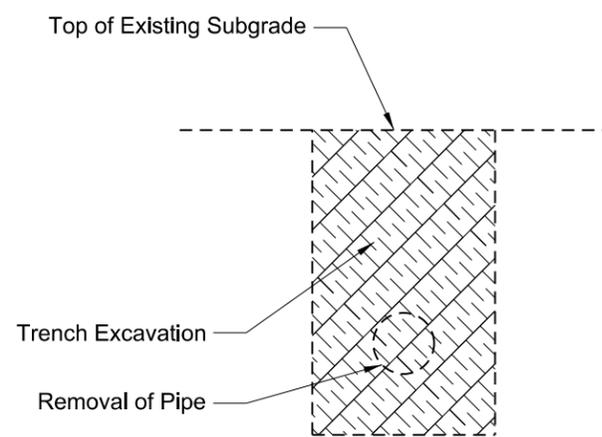
The lab shall be equipped with steel cable tie downs and ground anchors at each corner of the lab.

Electrical service entrance shall be wired for 100 amps, and have separate circuits for air conditioners. Convenience outlets shall have a minimum spacing of four feet in counter areas.

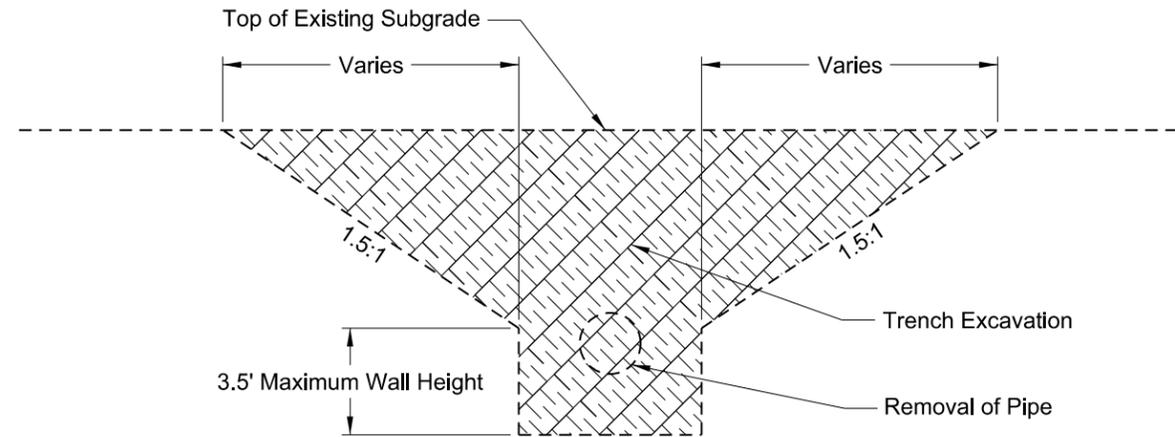
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
10-03-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
07-30-14	Changed standard's title and revised notes.

This document was originally issued and sealed by
 Roger Weigel
 Registration Number PE-2930,
 on 07/30/14 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

PIPE INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR LONGITUDINAL MAINLINE PIPE
OR PIPE NOT UNDER THE ROADWAY



EXCAVATION DETAIL A



EXCAVATION DETAIL B

Pay Items

- 1) Pipe*
- 2) Removal of Pipe (if required)

*Included in Pipe Pay Item

- 1) Pipe
- 2) Trench excavation
- 3) Aggregate base course CI 3 or CI 5
- 4) Embankment

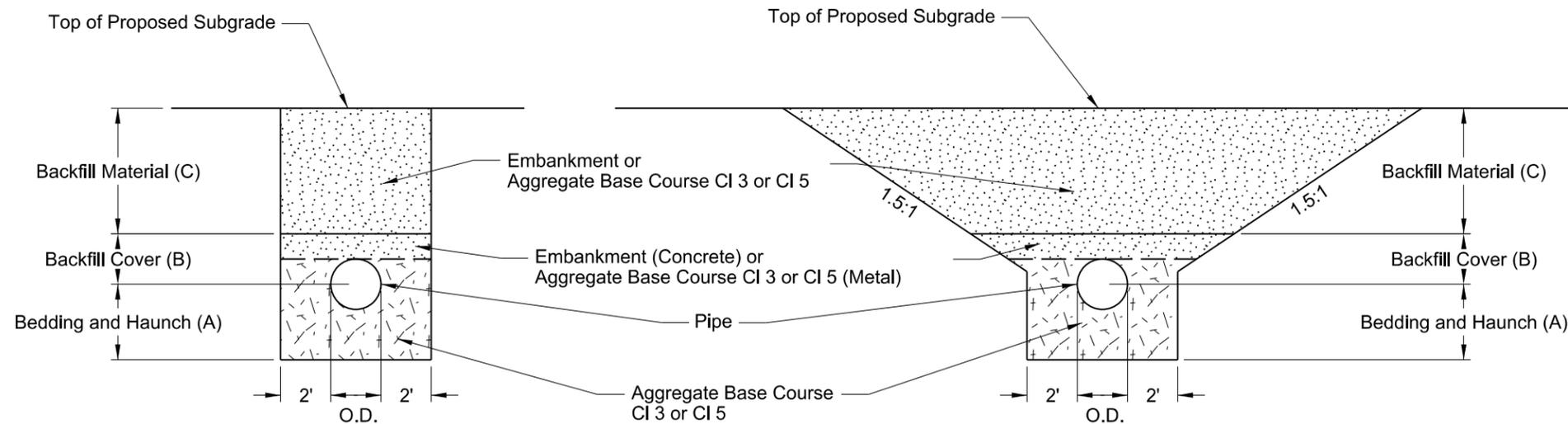
NOTES:

- 1) This drawing does not apply to pipes in approaches.
- 2) It is the contractor's option to select Detail A or B.
- 3) Embankment may be either Borrow Excavation or Common Excavation - Type A

Bedding and Haunch (A)
Pipes Not Under Roadway = 0.5 O.D. + 4 Inches
Pipes Under the Roadway = 0.5 O.D. + 2 Feet

Backfill Cover (B)
Concrete Pipe = 0.5 O.D.
Metal Pipe = 0.5 O.D. + 1 Foot
PVC/HDPE = 0.5 O.D. + 1 Foot

Backfill Material (C)
Top of Pipe 4 Feet or Less Below the Top of Proposed Subgrade = Aggregate Base Course CI 3 or CI 5
Top of Pipe Greater than 4 Feet Below the Top of Proposed Subgrade = Common Excavation - Type A
Pipe Not Under Roadway = Common Excavation - Type B



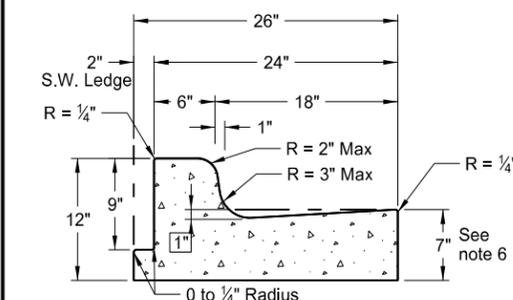
BACKFILL DETAIL A

BACKFILL DETAIL B

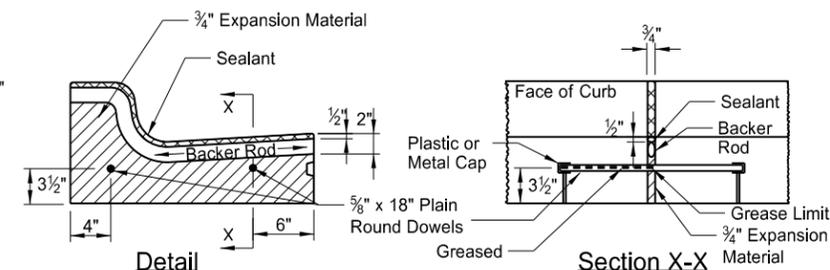
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
7-26-13	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
10-15-13	Label Formatting
1-21-15	Nomenclature

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Ron Horner,
Registration Number
PE-2087,
on 1/22/2015 and the original document is stored at the North Dakota Department of Transportation

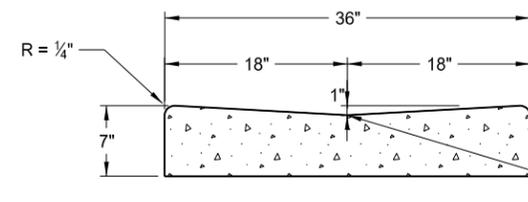
Curb & Gutter and Valley Gutter



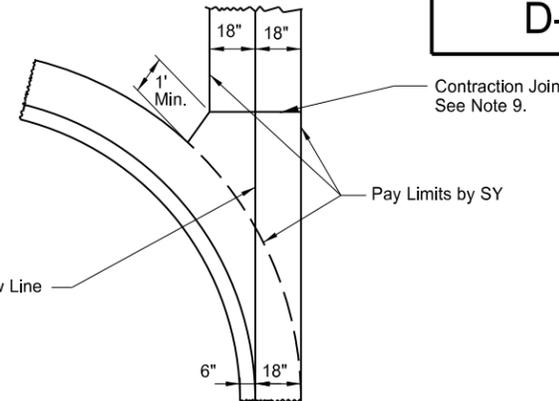
Curb & Gutter Type 1 (Sec. A & B)
Adjacent to Concrete Sidewalk,
Median, or Parking Lot.
(Sec. A shown. See Sec B for
additional details.)



Isolation Joint



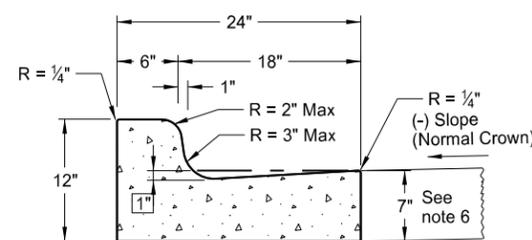
36" Concrete Valley Gutter Detail



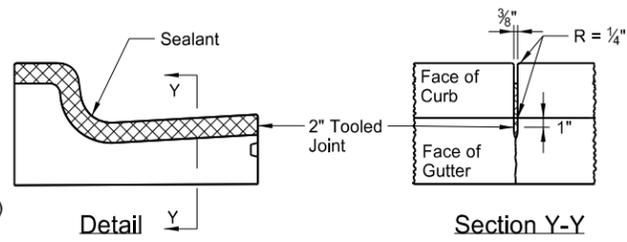
36" Concrete Valley Gutter Plan

NOTES:

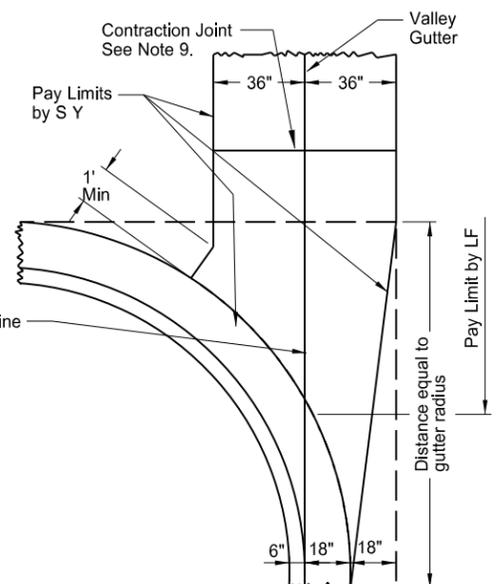
1. Curb and Gutter Type 1 (Sec. A & B) to be used. Section "A" to be used with (-) pavement slopes and section "B" to be used with (+) pavement slopes.
2. Contraction Joints: Tool the Curb & Gutter 2" as shown on the contraction joint details.
3. Isolation Joints: Isolation joint material shall be 3/4" preformed expansion joint filler conforming to the standard specifications. The opening for the backer rod and joint sealant shall be formed by a pre-cut piece of wood or other material approved by the engineer. Dowel supports are not required on the second pour at a cold joint, plastic or metal caps and greased dowels shall be installed in the cold joint for the second pour.
4. Joint Spacing: For hot bituminous pavements the joint spacing for the curb and gutter shall be 10' max. with the panels on each side of the inlets. For concrete pavements the joint spacing for the curb and gutter shall match the pavement joint on PCC Pavements of approximately 15' spacing.
5. Joint sealing: All contraction and isolation joints shall be sealed as shown in the details. The joint sealant for contraction joints shall conform to section 826.02B. The sealant for expansion joints shall be as specified in note 3 above. The sealant shall be tooled and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
6. Depth of Face of Gutter: For hot bituminous pavement the depth of gutter shall be 7" as shown. For PCC pavements, the Contractor has the option to match the depth of gutter to the depth of the adjacent PCC pavement or to construct a 7" depth as shown.
7. When the curb and gutter abuts PCC pavement, it shall be tied to the PCC pavement. The tie bar shall consist of a No. 3 bar, 1'-6" in length spaced 4' center to center.
8. On street returns and other locations where the new curb and gutter ends and does not abut existing curb and gutter, the end two (2) feet of the curb shall be tapered from 6" in height to 0". A 1/2" preformed isolation joint which is full depth and the same shape as the curb and gutter shall be installed just ahead of the taper. An 18" tie bar shall be installed across the joint.
9. Valley Gutter Joints: Contraction joints are required at approx. 10' intervals. The contraction joints shall be 1/8" min. to 3/8" max. in width. The joints shall be formed by sawing or scoring to a minimum depth of 2". The joint sealant shall be a hot poured elastic type joint sealer in accordance with Section 826.02A.2 of the Standard Specifications. The joint and sealant shall be included in the price bid for Valley Gutter.



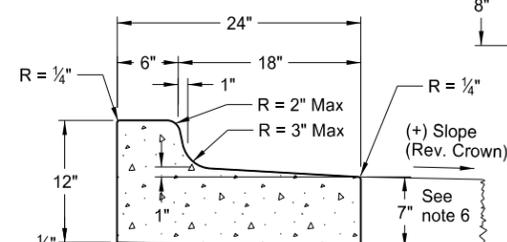
Curb & Gutter Type 1 (Sec. A)



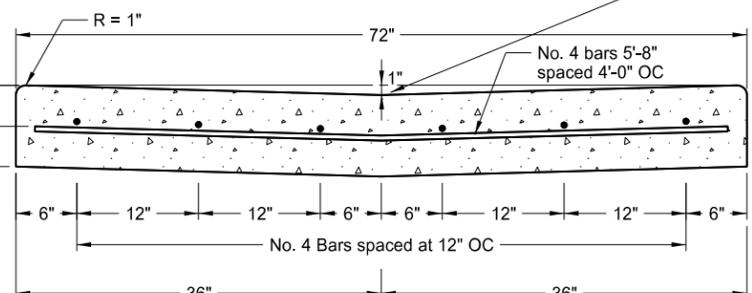
Contraction Joint
(10' Max Spacing)



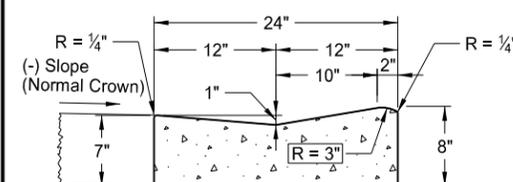
72" Concrete Valley Gutter Detail



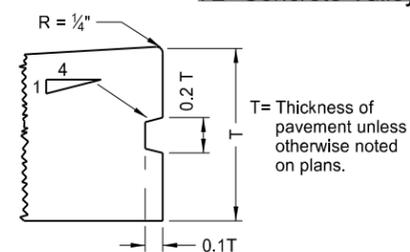
Curb & Gutter Type 1 (Sec. B)



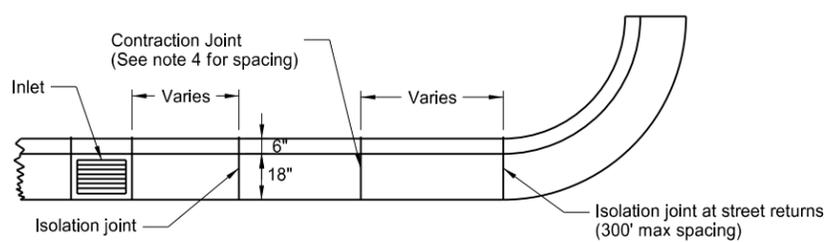
72" Concrete Valley Gutter Plan



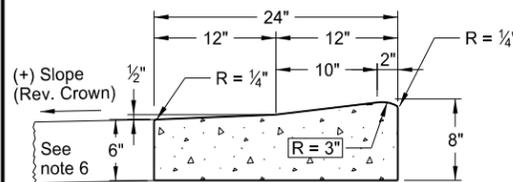
Mountable Curb & Gutter Type 1 (Sec. A)



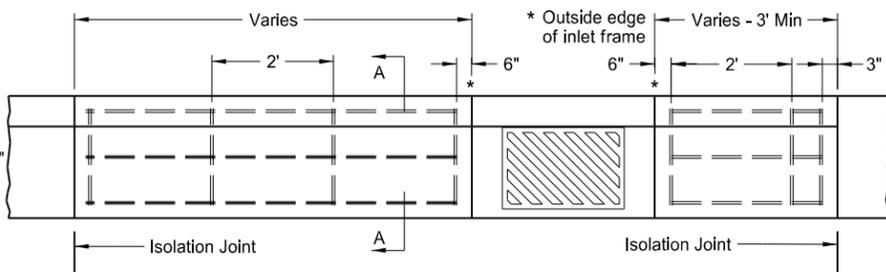
Keyway Detail for Curb & Gutter
(To be used with PCC Pavement and Drives)



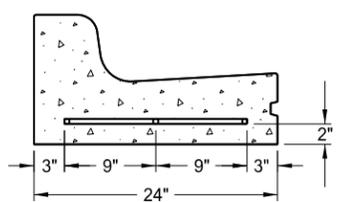
Joint Location Detail



Mountable Curb & Gutter Type 1 (Sec. B)



Curb & Gutter Reinforcing at Inlets



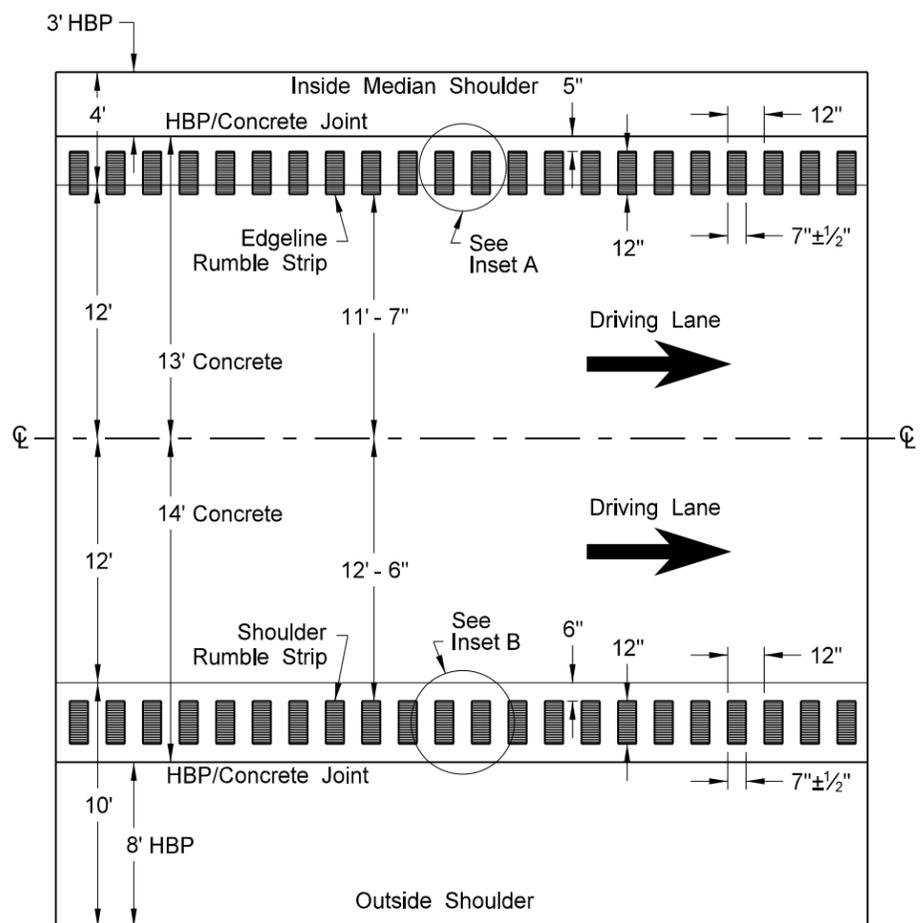
Section A-A

NOTE: All bars shall be #4 deformed reinforcing bars. Splices will not be permitted. Reinforcing bars at inlet locations will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the price bid for "Curb and Gutter - Type 1." This includes inlets located on radii. The reinforcement shall be extended to the second joint (rebar placed through the first joint) in cases where the 3' min. panel length cannot be obtained.

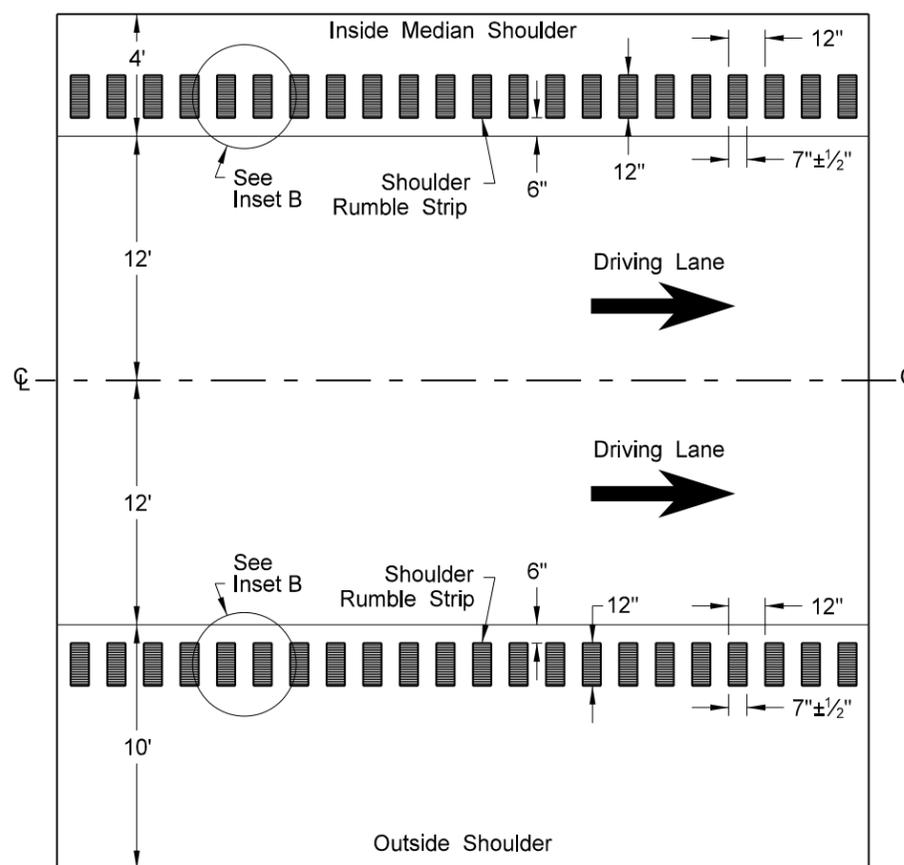
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
8-7-2013	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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Registration Number
PE-2930,
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of Transportation

RUMBLE STRIPS
INTERSTATE HIGHWAYS



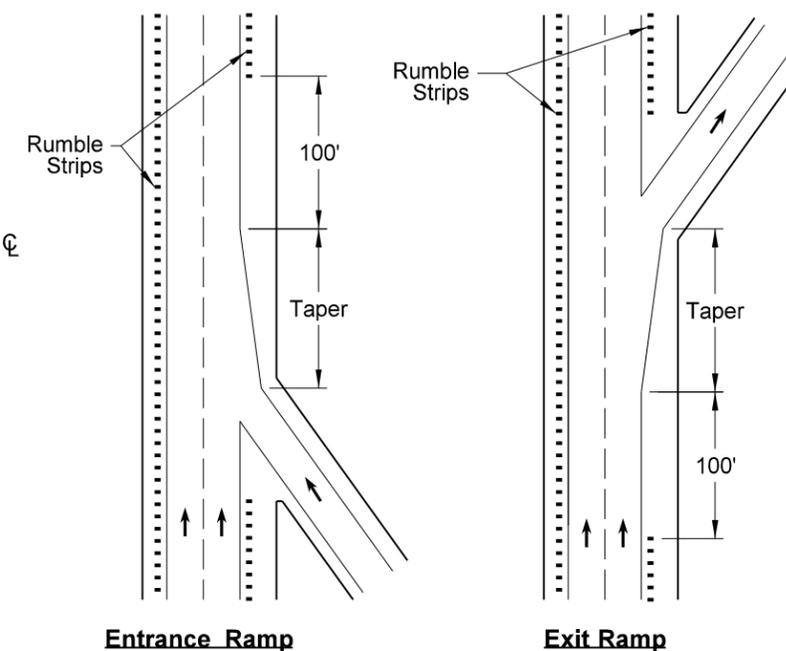
Interstate - 13' and 14' Concrete Width Mainline with Asphalt Shoulders



Interstate

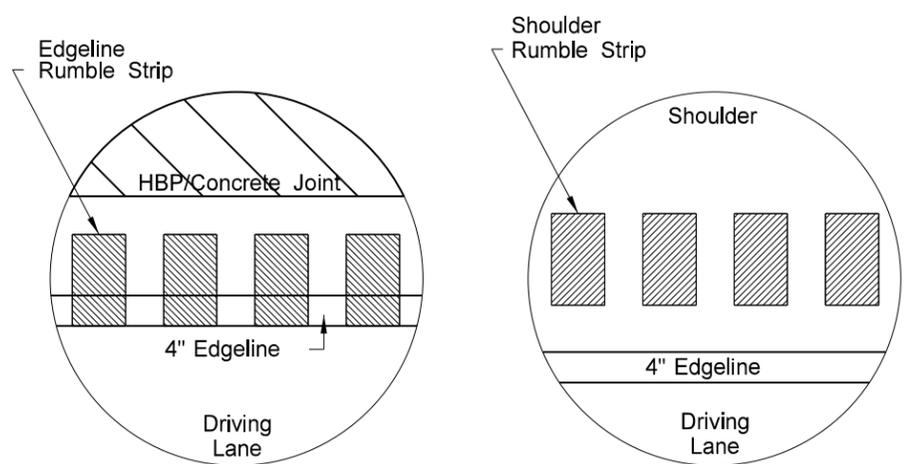
NOTES:

1) Discontinue rumble strips through ramps and 100' before and after ramp tapers as shown below.



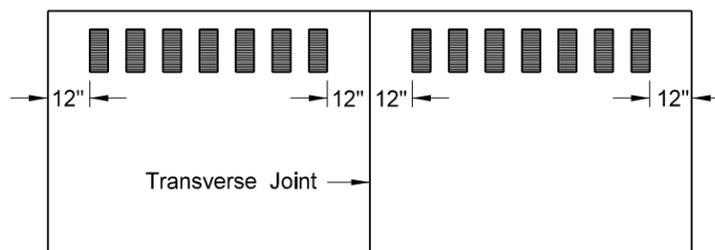
Entrance Ramp

Exit Ramp

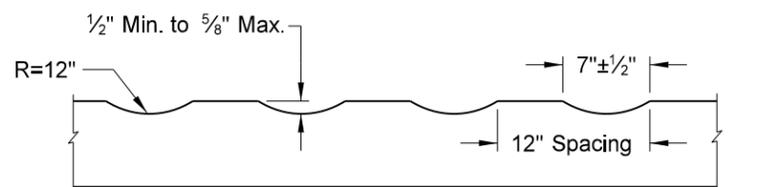


Inset A - Edgeline Rumble Strip

Inset B - Shoulder Rumble Strip



Discontinue rumble strip approx. 12" on both sides of PCC transverse joint



Profile of Rumble Strips - Bituminous and PCC Pavements

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
12-29-09	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE
2-25-10	Note 4 was added.
9-8-11	Revised Notes and D-760-1

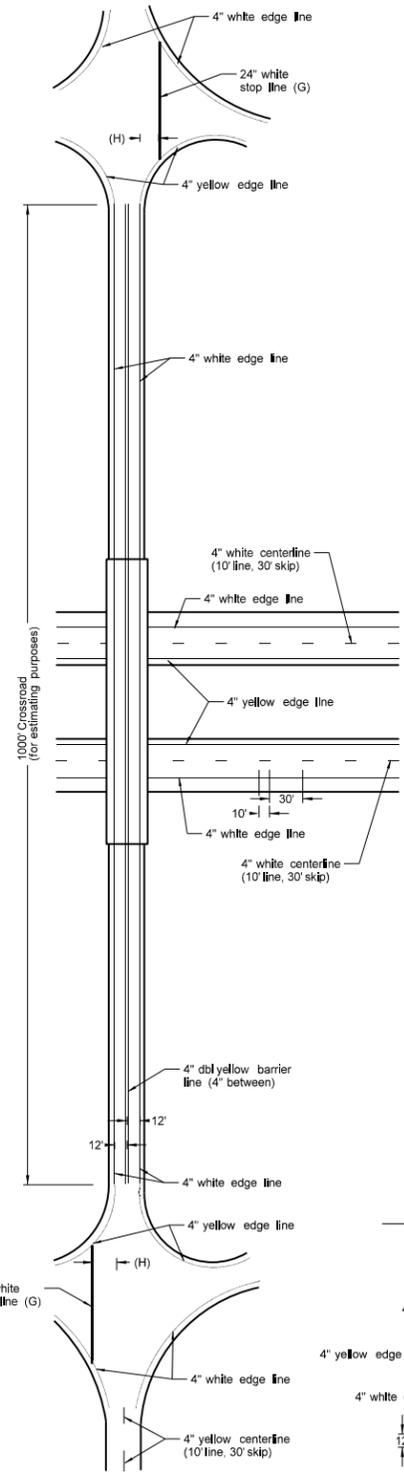
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INTERSTATE PAVEMENT MARKING 4 LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY

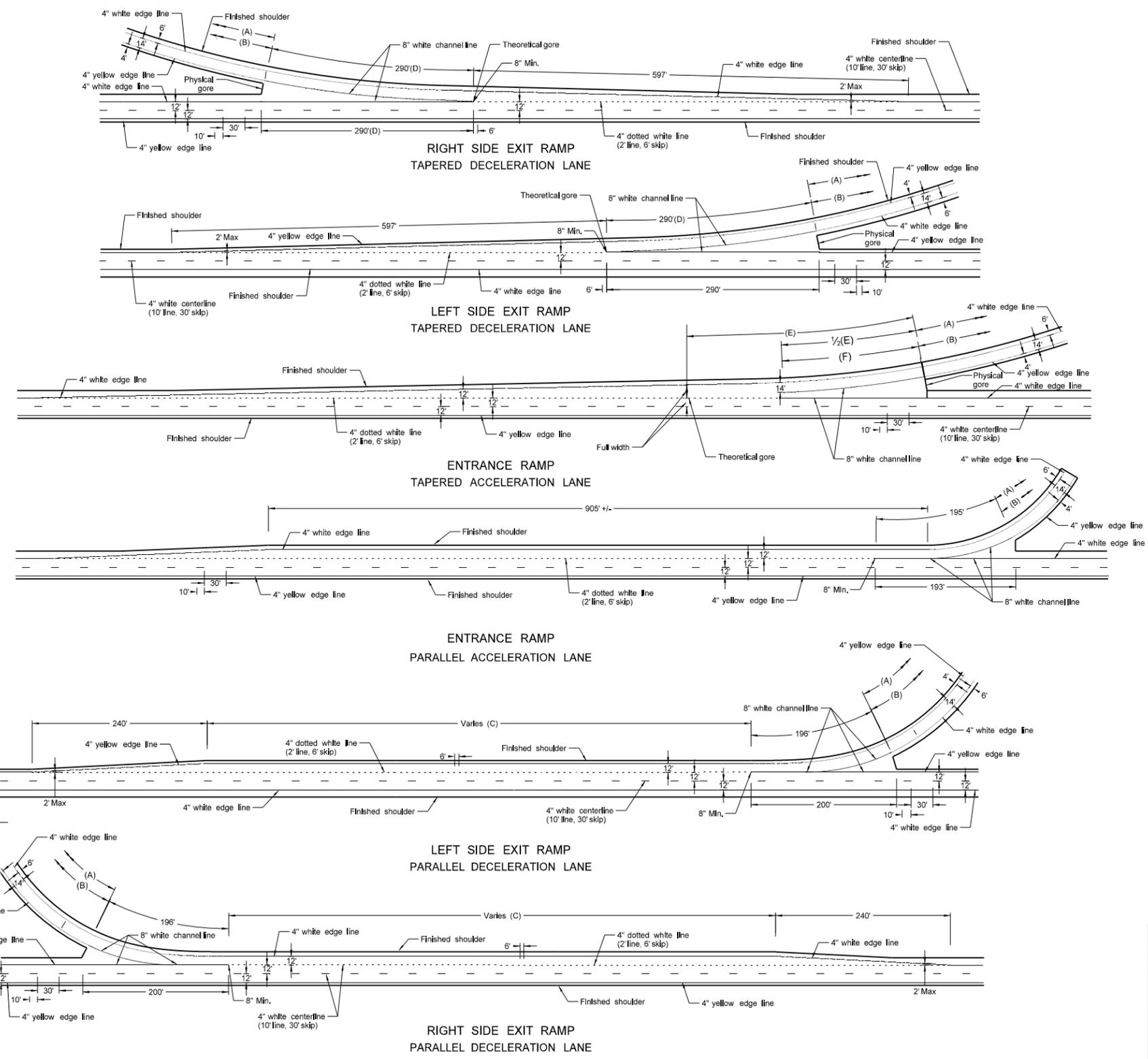
D-762-2

NOTE:

- (A) 4" White edge line
- (B) 4" Yellow edge line
- (C) Assume "varies" to equal 790' for purpose of estimate. The pavement marking shall begin at the beginning of the taper and end at the 8" line.
- (D) Beginning of physical gore to theoretical gore.
- (E) If the distance is less than 350' then extend the 8" channel line to the theoretical gore, otherwise use 195'.
- (F) 195' was used for estimating purposes.
- (G) Not required when crossroad approaches have gravel surface.
- (H) 4' minimum, 15' maximum from the nearest edge of the intersection traveled way.



CROSS-ROAD & STRUCTURE
The engineer in the field shall determine the length to be striped.



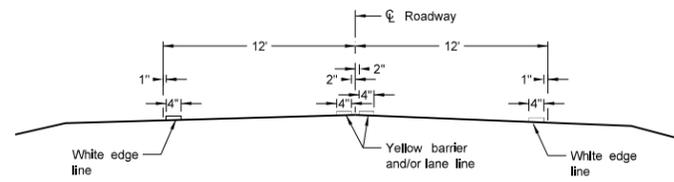
BASIS OF ESTIMATE		
LOCATION	ITEM	
Right or Left Side Exit Ramp TAPERED	8" White channel line	580 LF
	24" White stop line	60 LF
	4" White dotted line	148 LF
	4" White edge line	1115 LF
	4" Yellow edge line	1075 LF
Entrance Ramp TAPERED	8" White channel line	390 LF
	4" White dotted line	258 LF
	4" White edge line	1270 LF
	4" Yellow edge line	1075 LF
Right or Left Side Exit Ramp PARALLEL	8" White channel line	396 LF
	24" White stop line	60 LF
	4" White dotted line (C)	258 LF
	4" White edge line	1115 LF
	4" Yellow edge line	1075 LF
Entrance Ramp PARALLEL	8" White channel line	388 LF
	4" White dotted line	283 LF
	4" White edge line	1275 LF
	4" Yellow edge line	1075 LF
Main Line (Both Roadways)	4" White line, 10' line, 30' skip	2840 LF/M
	4" White edge line	10,560 LF/M
	4" Yellow edge line	10,560 LF/M
Cross Road	4" White edge line	2000 LF
	4" Dotted yellow barrier line (4" between)	2000 LF

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
8-3-11	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

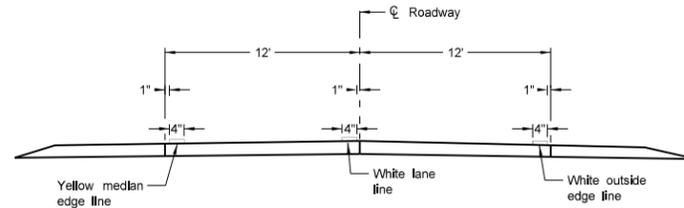
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 Registration Number
PE- 2930,
 on **08/03/11** and the original document is stored at the
 North Dakota Department
 of Transportation

PAVEMENT MARKING

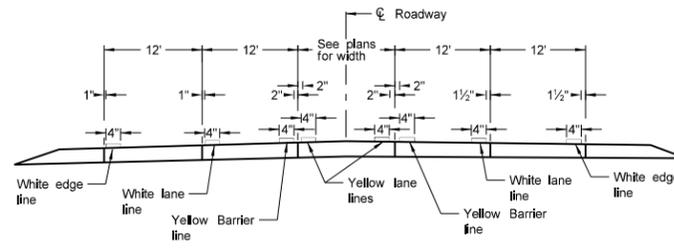
D-762-4



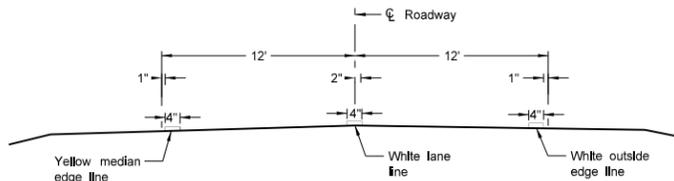
Two Lane Two Way
RURAL ROADWAY



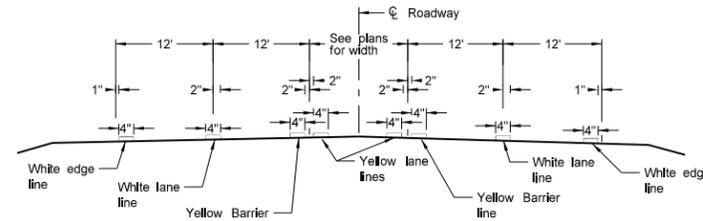
Two Lane Roadway
INTERSTATE HIGHWAY
Concrete Section



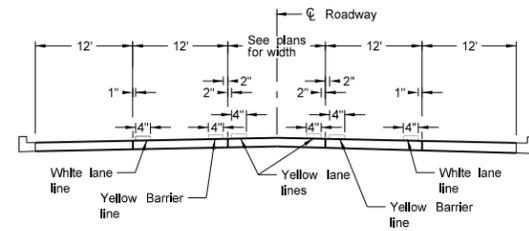
RURAL FIVE LANE ROADWAY
Concrete Section



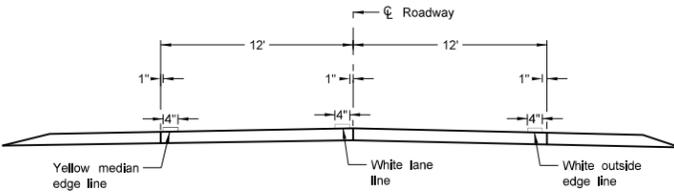
Two Lane Divided
Rural Roadway
PRIMARY HIGHWAY
Asphalt Section



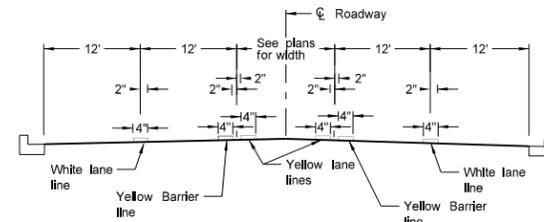
RURAL FIVE LANE ROADWAY
Asphalt Section



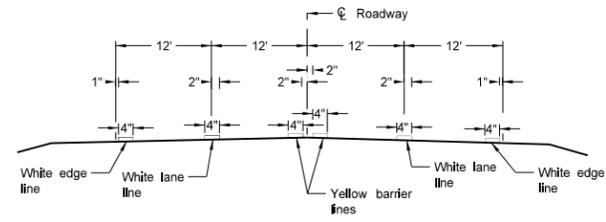
URBAN FIVE LANE SECTION
Concrete Section



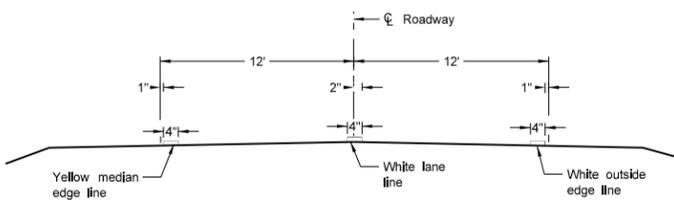
Two Lane Roadway
PRIMARY HIGHWAY
Concrete Section



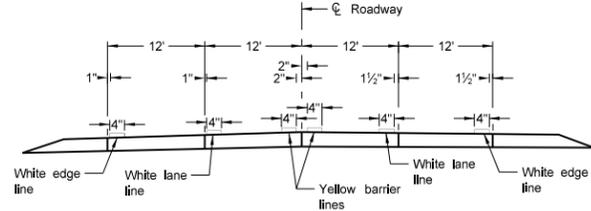
URBAN FIVE LANE SECTION
Asphalt Section



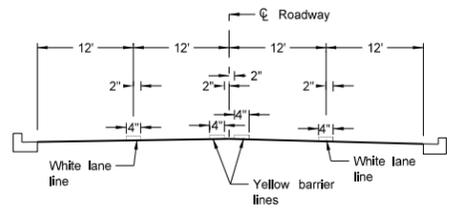
RURAL FOUR LANE ROADWAY
Asphalt Section



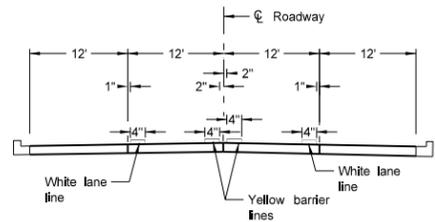
Two Lane Roadway
INTERSTATE HIGHWAY
Asphalt Section



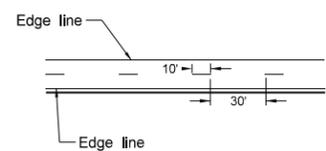
RURAL FOUR LANE ROADWAY
Concrete Section



URBAN FOUR LANE SECTION
Asphalt Section



URBAN FOUR LANE SECTION
Concrete Section



CENTERLINE PAVEMENT MARKING SKIP SPACING DETAIL

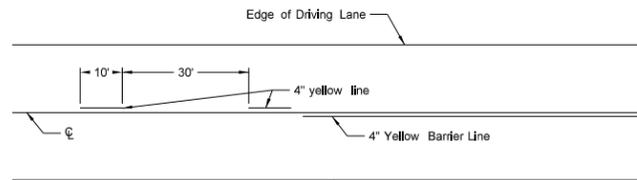
NOTES:
1. Edge lines shall be continued through private drives and field drives and broken for intersections.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
12-1-10	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

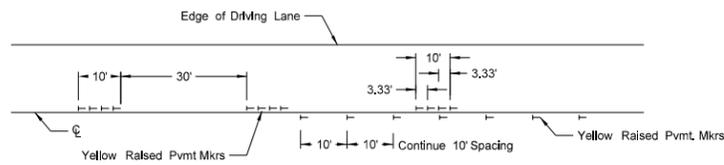
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SHORT-TERM PAVEMENT MARKING

D-762-6

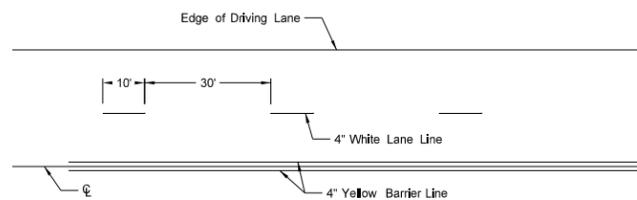


Painted or Tape Lines

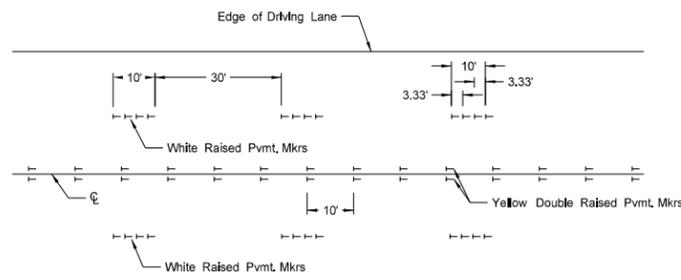


Raised Pavement Markers

TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

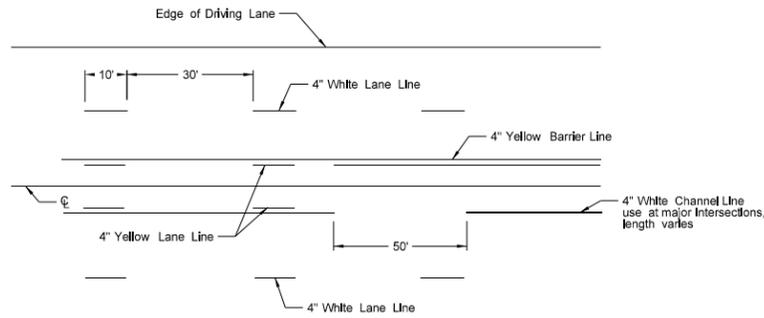


Painted or Tape Lines

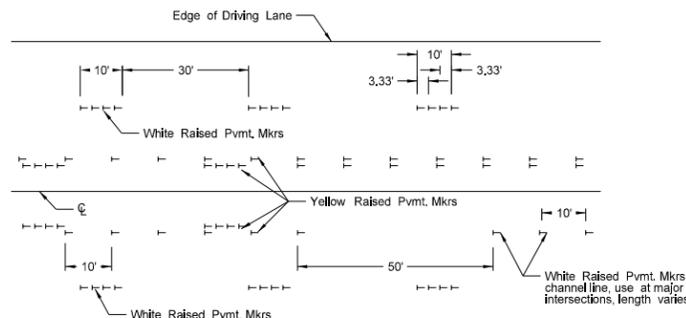


Raised Pavement Markers

FOUR LANE ROADWAY

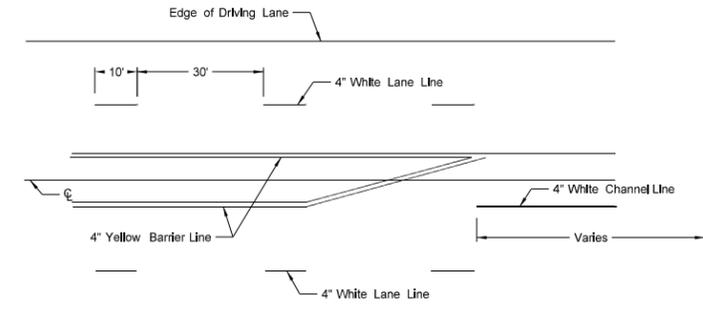


Painted or Tape Lines

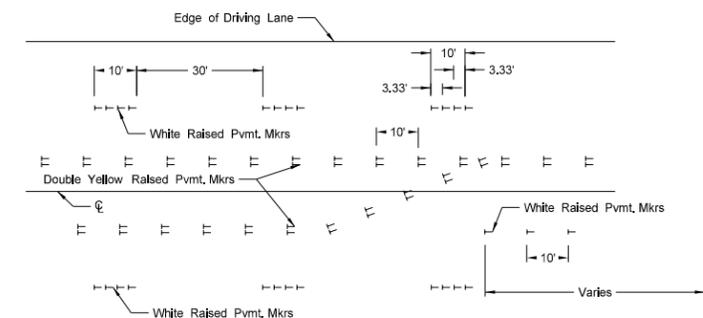


Raised Pavement Markers

FIVE LANE ROADWAY TWO WAY LEFT TURN



Painted or Tape Lines



Raised Pavement Markers

FIVE LANE ROADWAY WITH MARKED ISLANDS

NOTES:

- Two-lane two-way roadways shall have no passing zones placed as shown. No passing zone signs may be placed in lieu of short term no passing zone pavement markings. These signs will be allowed to remain in place for three days, at which time the short term no passing zone pavement marking shall be placed.
- Short term center line stripe (paint) on top lift shall be carefully placed with exact spacing so that the permanent stripe will match when applied.
- Raised markers and tape markings shall be removed after permanent pavement marking has been installed. Removed markings shall become the property of the contractor.

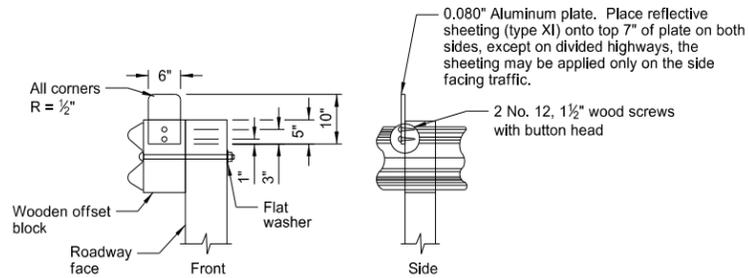
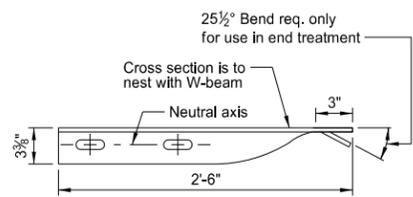
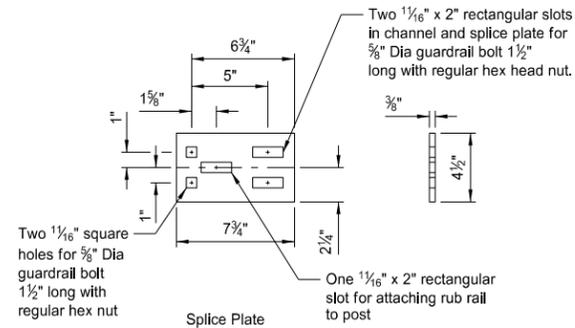
NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
12-1-10	
REVISIONS	
DATE	CHANGE

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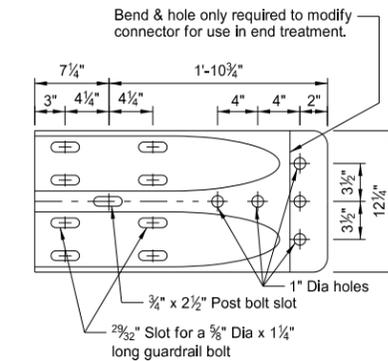
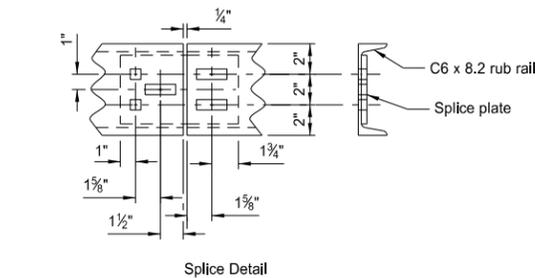
W-BEAM GUARDRAIL GENERAL DETAILS

NOTES:

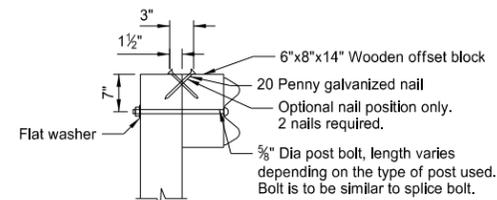
1. ReflectORIZED plates: Reflector plates shall begin at the first post and be spaced at 25' centers on guardrail less than 250' in length and at 50' centers for guardrail over 250' in length. The reflector shall be the same color as the pavement marking adjacent to that reflector unless noted otherwise on the plans.
2. Manner of replacing bituminous material at guardrail post: All excess earth from excavations for guard posts shall be disposed of as directed by the engineer. Replace bituminous material wherever guardrail is installed after mat has been laid. Cost of excavation and replacing of bituminous material to be included in the price bid for other items.
3. The Object Marker shall fit within the vertical edges of the Impact Plate. The retroreflective sheeting shall be type XI sheeting meeting the requirements of Section 894.02.B of the standard specifications. The sheeting shall be applied to 0.100 Aluminum sheeting meeting the requirements Section 894.01.A. The Object Marker shall attach to the Impact Head Plate with rivets or some other attachment device. The rivets or attachment device shall be non-rust. The stripes shall slope downward toward the roadway side.
4. Guardrail installation height tolerance = $-\frac{1}{4}"$, $+1"$.



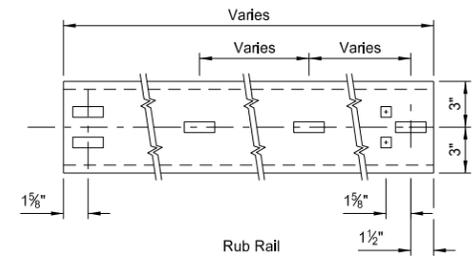
REFLECTORIZED PLATE DETAIL
Additional reflectors are added to the W-beam guardrail quantities for placement on end treatment.



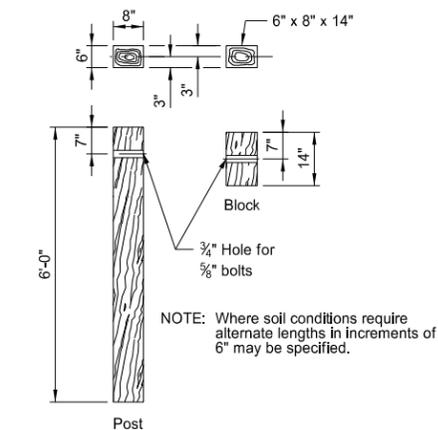
W BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR



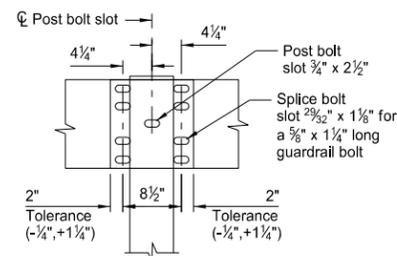
TYPICAL POST ATTACHMENT DETAIL



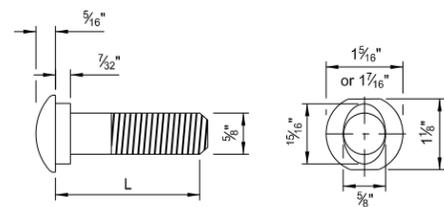
C6x8 RUB RAIL AND SPLICE PLATE



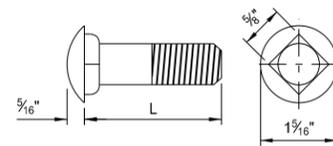
6"x8" TIMBER POST & BLOCK



SPICE DETAIL



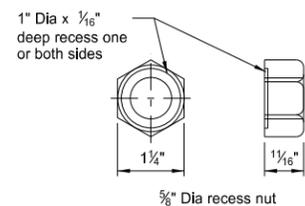
5/8" Diameter Guardrail Bolt	
L	Thread Length
1 1/4"	Full length thread
2"	1 3/4" Min thread length
9 1/2"	4" Min thread length
18"	4" Min thread length
20"	4" Min thread length
22"	4" Min thread length
25"	4" Min thread length



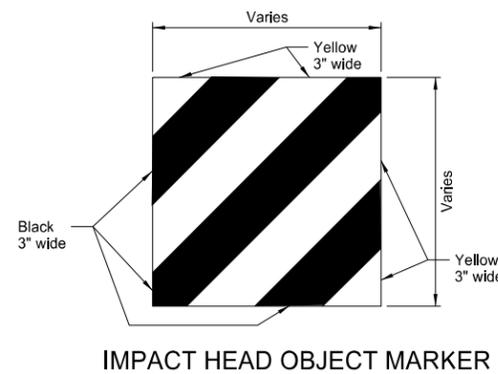
5/8" Diameter Carriage Bolt	
L	Thread Length
1 1/2"	Full length thread
3"	1 1/2" Min thread length
11"	1 3/4" Min thread length
13"	1 3/4" Min thread length



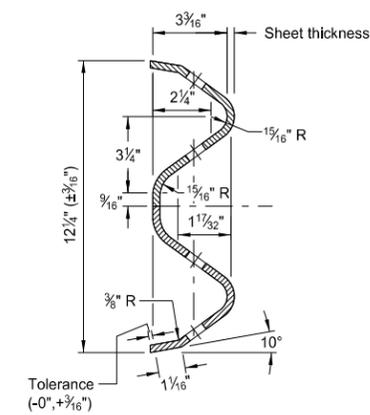
5/8" CARRIAGE BOLT & NUT



5/8" GUARDRAIL BOLT & RECESS NUT



IMPACT HEAD OBJECT MARKER



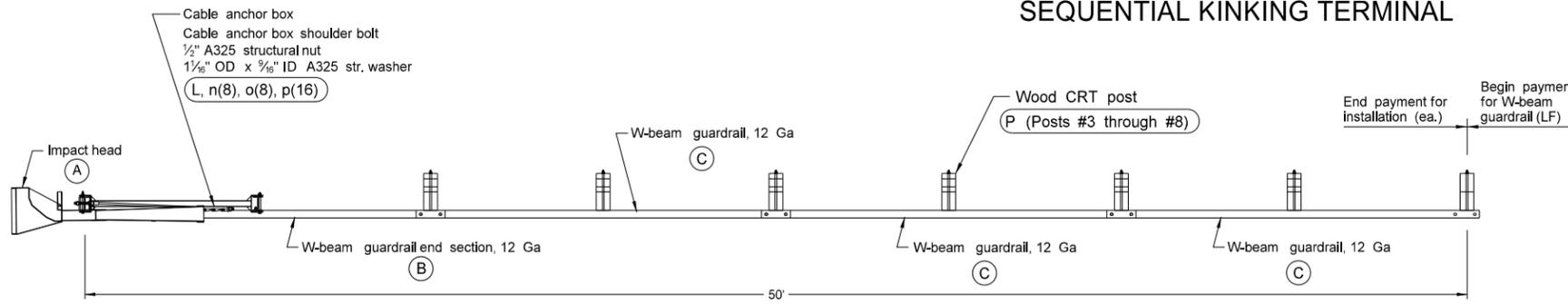
W-BEAM CROSS SECTION

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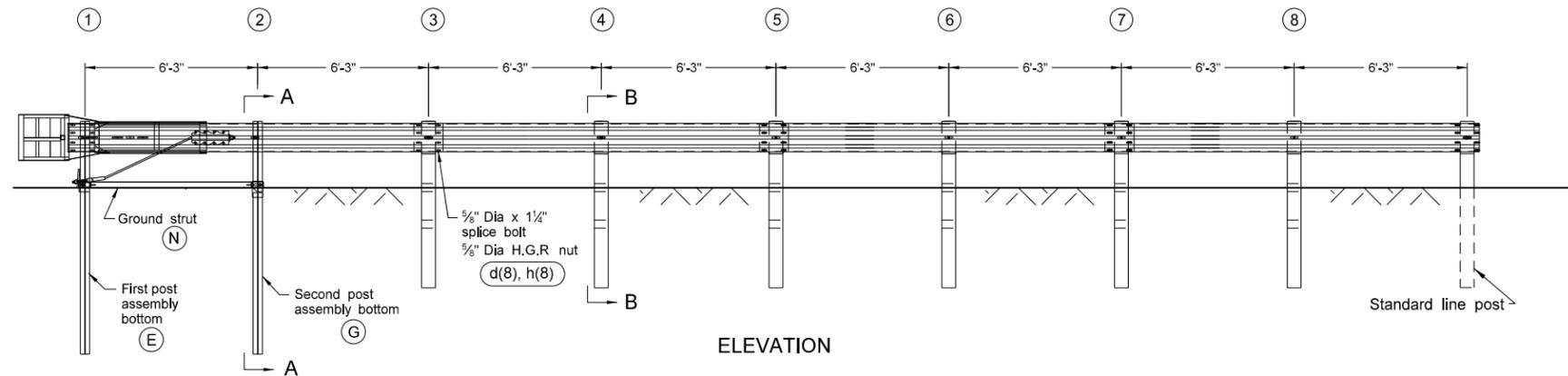
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SEQUENTIAL KINKING TERMINAL

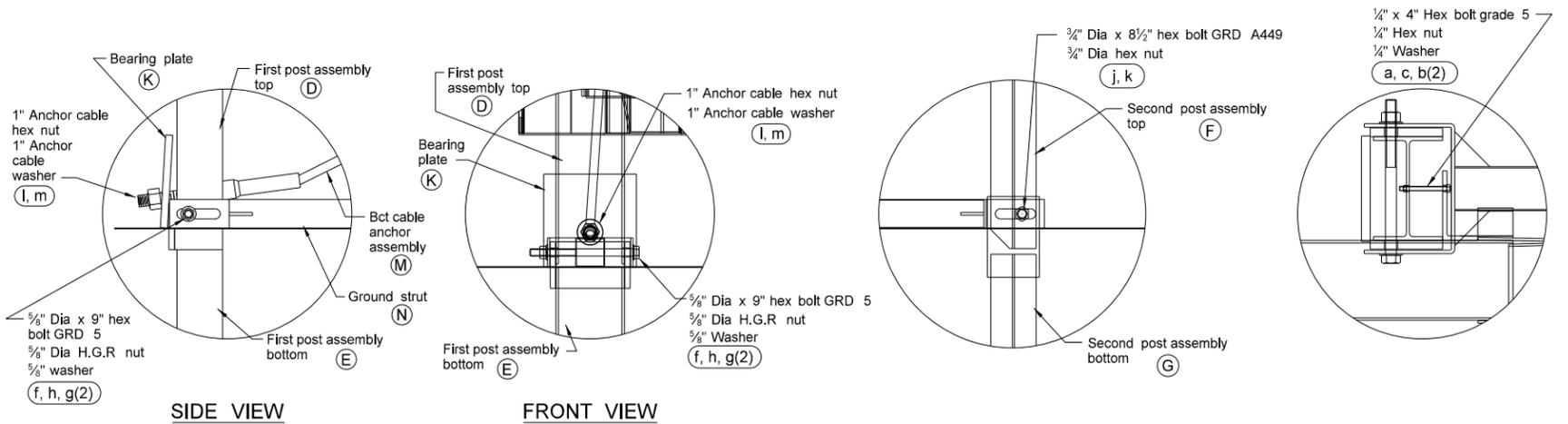
D-764-5



PLAN



ELEVATION



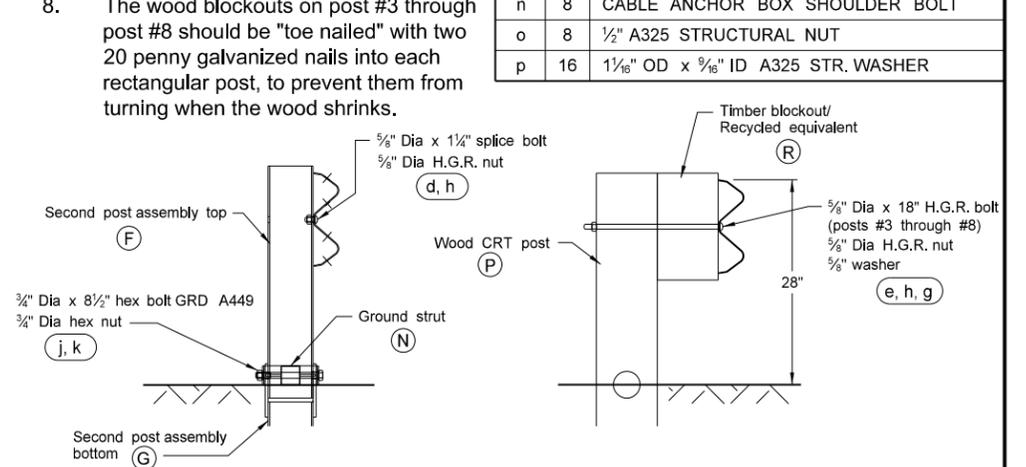
SIDE VIEW

FRONT VIEW

POST #1 CONNECTION DETAILS

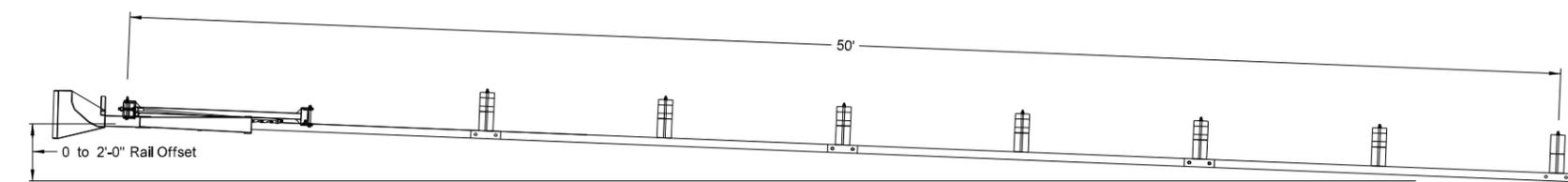
SIDE VIEW DETAIL OF POST #2

IMPACT HEAD CONNECTION DETAIL



SECTION A-A
Post #2

SECTION B-B
Posts #3 through #8



FLARED INSTALLATION
25:1 maximum flare rate

GENERAL NOTES:

- Breakaway posts are required with the SKT.
- All bolts, nuts, cable assemblies, cable anchors and bearing plates shall be galvanized.
- The SKT can be flared at a rate of up to 25:1 to prevent the impact head from encroaching on the shoulder.
- The lower sections of the posts shall not protrude more than 4" above the ground (measured along a 5' cord). Site grading may be necessary to meet this requirement.
- The lower section of the hinged posts should not be driven with the upper post attached. If the post is placed in a drilled hole, the backfill material must be satisfactorily compacted to prevent settlement.
- When rock is encountered, a 10" diameter post hole, 20" into the rock surface may be used if approved by the engineer. Granular material will be placed in the bottom of the hole, approximately 2 1/2" deep to provide drainage. Posts 1 & 2 can be field cut to length, placed in the hole and backfilled with adequately compacted material excavated from the hole.
- The breakaway cable assembly must be taut. A locking device (vice grips or channel lock pliers) should be used to prevent the cable from twisting when tightening nuts.
- The wood blockouts on post #3 through post #8 should be "toe nailed" with two 20 penny galvanized nails into each rectangular post, to prevent them from turning when the wood shrinks.

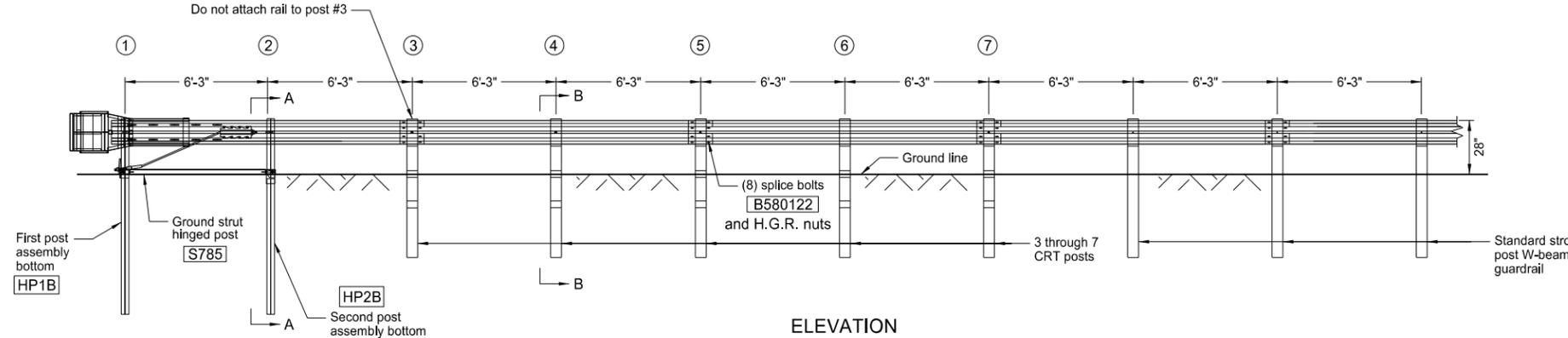
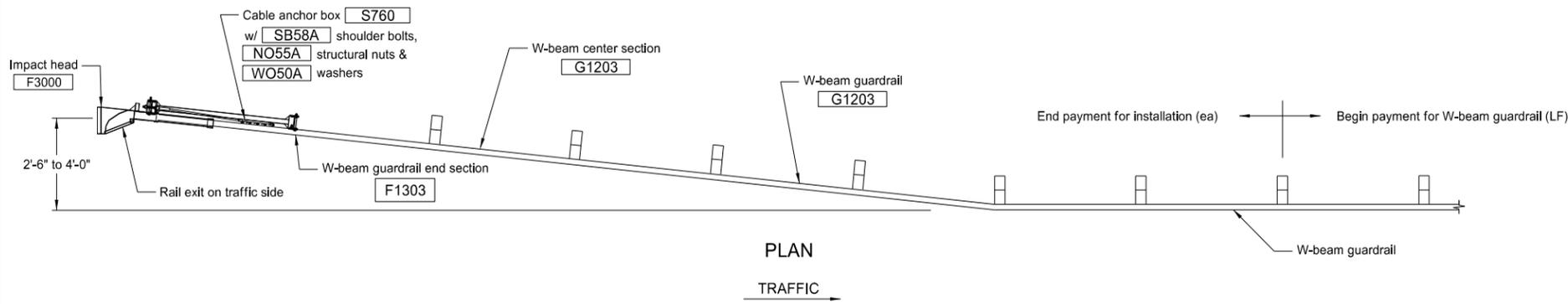
ITEM QTY		BILL OF MATERIALS
A	1	IMPACT HEAD
B	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga
C	3	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL, 12 Ga
D	1	FIRST POST ASSEMBLY TOP
E	1	FIRST POST ASSEMBLY BOTTOM
F	1	SECOND POST ASSEMBLY TOP
G	1	SECOND POST ASSEMBLY BOTTOM
K	1	BEARING PLATE
L	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX
M	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY
N	1	GROUND STRUT HINGED POST
P	6	WOOD CRT POST
R	6	TIMBER BLOCKOUT/RCY EQUIVALENT
HARDWARE		
a	2	1/4" x 4" HEX BOLT Grade 5
b	4	1/4" WASHER
c	2	1/4" HEX NUT
d	25	5/8" Dia x 1 1/4" SPLICE BOLT, POST #2
e	6	5/8" Dia x 18" H.G.R. BOLT (POSTS 3 THRU 8)
f	1	5/8" Dia x 9" HEX BOLT GRD 5
g	8	5/8" WASHER
h	32	5/8" Dia H.G.R. NUT
j	1	3/4" Dia x 8 1/2" HEX BOLT GRD A449
k	1	3/4" Dia HEX NUT
l	2	1" ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT
m	2	1" ANCHOR CABLE WASHER
n	8	CABLE ANCHOR BOX SHOULDER BOLT
o	8	1/2" A325 STRUCTURAL NUT
p	16	1 1/16" OD x 3/16" ID A325 STR. WASHER

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 10-11-13	
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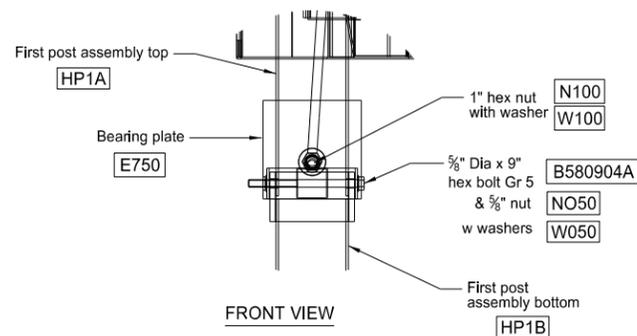
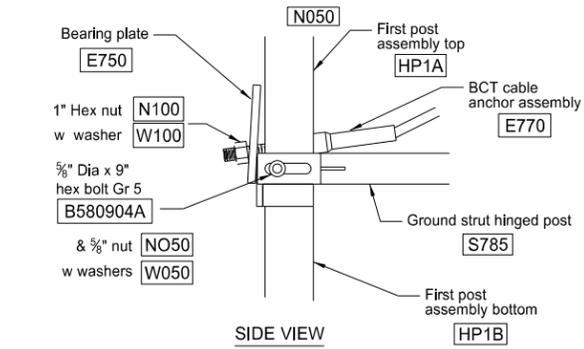
FLARED ENERGY ABSORBING TERMINAL

D-764-6

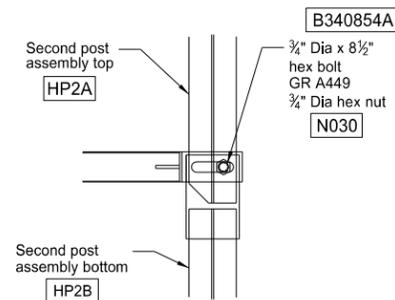


GENERAL NOTES

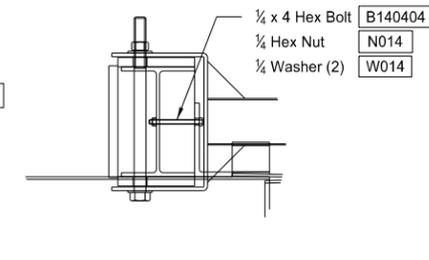
- Wood posts are required with the Flared Energy Absorbing Terminal except posts #1 and #2.
- All bolts, nuts, cable assemblies, cable anchors and bearing plates shall be galvanized.
- The lower sections of the posts shall not protrude more than 4 inches above the ground (measured along a 60 inch cord). Site grading may be necessary to meet this requirement.
- Lower post sections shall not be driven with the upper post attached. If the post is placed in a drilled hole, the backfill material must be satisfactory compacted to prevent settlement.
- When rock is encountered during excavation, a 12" diameter post hole 20" deep may be used if approved by the Engineer. Granular material will be placed in the bottom of the hole approximately 2 1/2" deep to provide drainage. The soil tubes shall be field cut to length, placed in the hole and back filled with adequately compacted material excavated from the hole.
- The breakaway cable assembly shall be taut. A locking device (vice grips or channel lock pliers) should be used to prevent cable from twisting when tightening nuts.
- The wood blockouts shall be "toe nailed" to the rectangular wood posts to prevent them from turning when wood shrinks. The nail shall be 20 penny and galvanized.
- The Flared Energy Absorbing Terminal shall be flared only when the approach guardrail is parallel with the roadway. When the approach guardrail is flared at 16:1 to 10:1, the Flared Energy Absorbing Terminal shall have only the flare rate of the guardrail. When the guardrail flare is between 10:1 and 7:1, the Flared Energy Absorbing Terminal shall be turned parallel to the roadway.



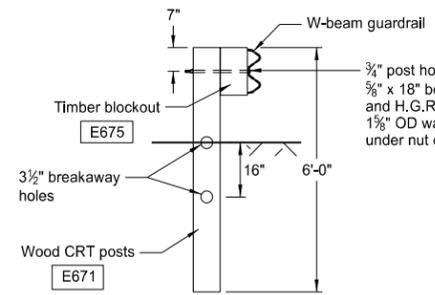
POST #1 CONNECTION DETAILS



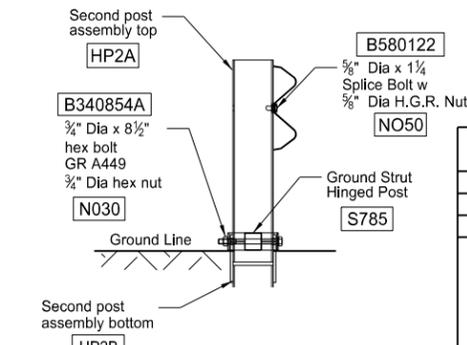
SIDE VIEW DETAIL OF POST #2



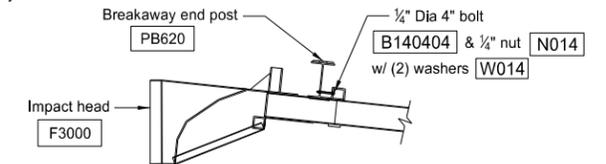
IMPACT HEAD CONNECTION DETAIL



SECTION B-B
POST 3 THRU 7



SECTION A-A
at Post #2



IMPACT HEAD CONNECTING DETAIL

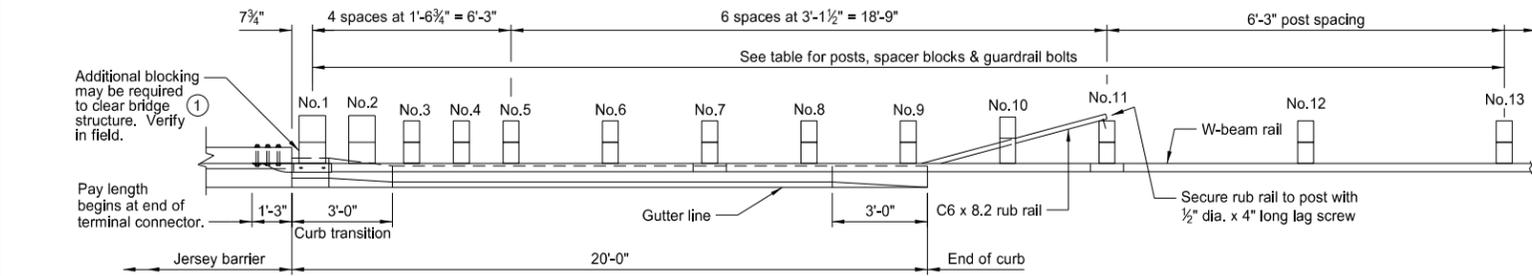
ITEM #	QTY	BILL OF MATERIALS
F3000	1	IMPACT HEAD
F1303	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 GA
G1203	2	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL, 12 GA
HP1A	1	FIRST POST ASSEMBLY TOP
HP1B	1	FIRST POST ASSEMBLY BOTTOM
HP2A	1	SECOND POST ASSEMBLY TOP
HP2B	1	SECOND POST ASSEMBLY BOTTOM
P671	5	WOOD CRT POST
P675	5	TIMBER BLOCKOUT OR RECYCLED EQUIVALENT
E750	1	BEARING PLATE
S760	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX
E770	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY
S785	1	GROUND STRUT HINGED POST
HARDWARE (ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES)		
B140404	2	1/4 Dia x 4 HEX BOLT
WO14	4	1/4 WASHER
N014	2	1/4 HEX NUT
B580122	17	5/8 Dia x 1 1/4 SPLICE BOLT
B581802	4	5/8 Dia x 10 H.G.R. BOLT (POSTS 3 THRU 6)
B580904A	1	5/8 Dia x 9 HEX BOLT GR 5
W050	5	5/8 WASHER
N050	22	5/8 Dia H.G.R. NUT
B340854A	1	3/4 Dia x 8 1/2 HEX BOLT GR A449
N030	1	3/4 Dia HEX NUT
N100	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT
W100	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER
SB58A	8	CABLE ANCHOR BOX SHOULDER BOLT
N055A	8	1/2 Dia A325 STRUCTURAL NUT
W050A	16	1 1/16 OD x 3/16 ID A325 STR. WASHER

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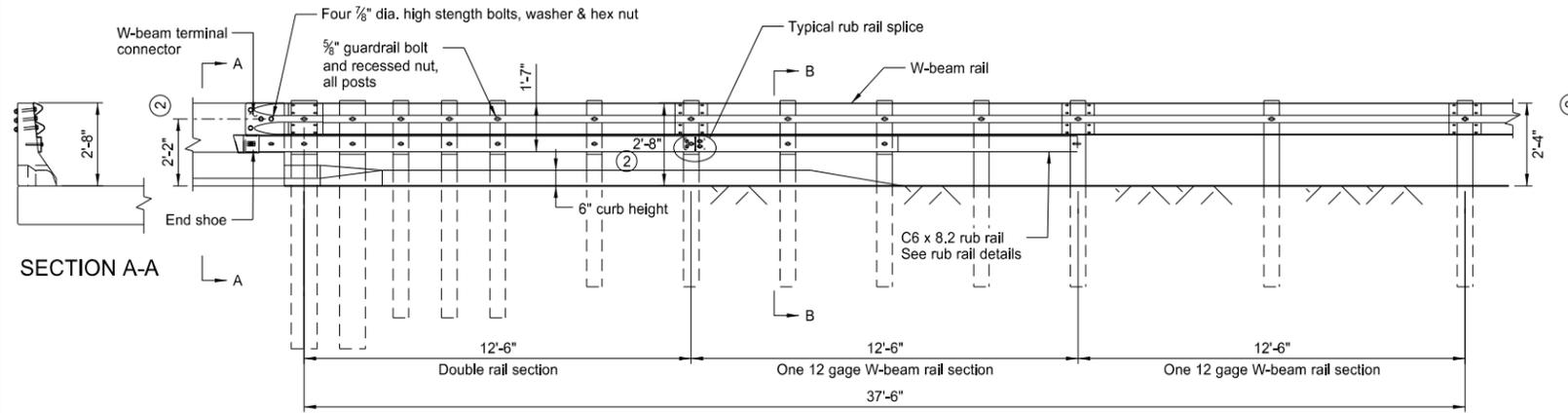
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W-BEAM TRANSITION TO CONCRETE JERSEY BARRIER WITH APPROACH CURB

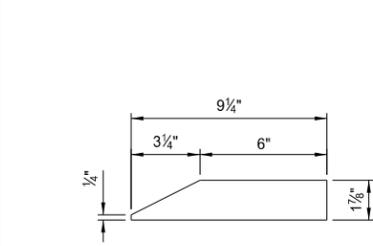
D-764-9



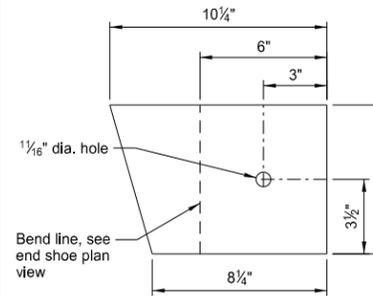
PLAN



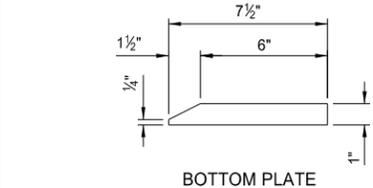
ELEVATION
GENERAL ASSEMBLY DETAILS



TOP PLATE

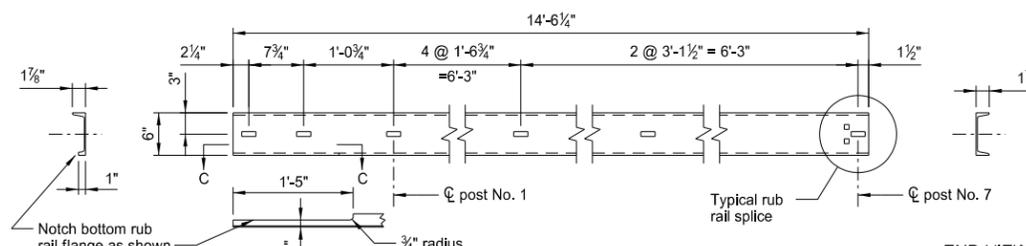


FRONT PLATE



BOTTOM PLATE

END SHOE PLATE DETAILS
(1/4" plate)

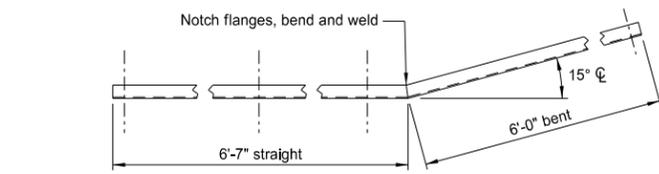


END VIEW

SECTION C-C

ELEVATION

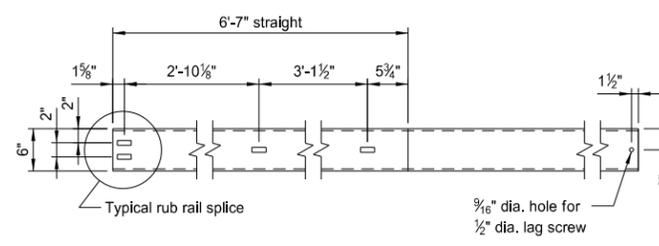
RUB RAIL STRAIGHT SECTION



PLAN VIEW

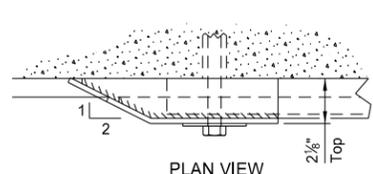
ELEVATION

RUB RAIL BENT SECTION

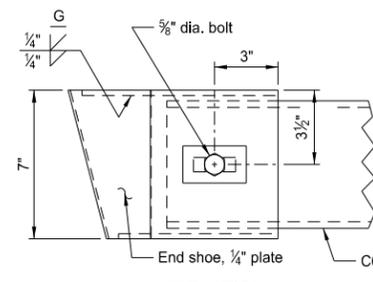


ELEVATION

RUB RAIL BENT SECTION

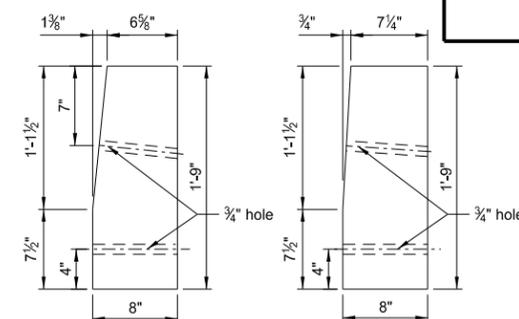


PLAN VIEW



ELEVATION

RUB RAIL END SHOE ASSEMBLY



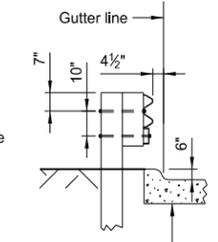
END VIEW

Block No. 1
(width = 10")

END VIEW

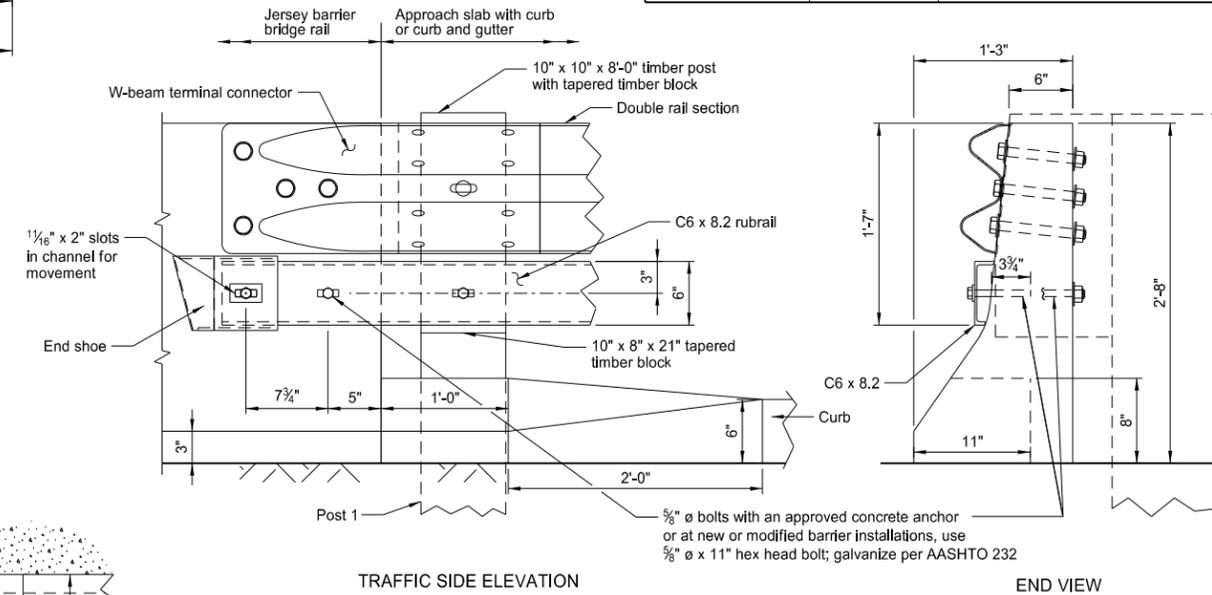
Block No. 2
(width = 10")

TAPERED TIMBER BLOCK DETAILS



SECTION B-B

POST, TIMBER BLOCK & BOLT TABLE		
DESCRIPTION	POST NO.	SIZE
Post	1 & 2	10" X 10" X 8'-0" min long
	3-5	6" X 8" X 7'-0" min long
	6-13	6" X 8" X 6'-0" min long
Spacer block	1-2	10" X 8" X 21" tapered block
	3-9	6" X 8" X 21"
	10	6" X 9 3/4" X 14"
	11-13	6" X 8" X 14"
	Guardrail bolt & recessed nut	1 & 2 & 10	5/8" Dia X 20" - guardrail
3-9, 11-13		5/8" Dia X 18" - guardrail
1-2		5/8" Dia X 22" - rub rail
	3-9	5/8" Dia X 20" - rub rail



TRAFFIC SIDE ELEVATION

RAIL ATTACHMENT AND CURB DETAIL

END VIEW

- ① Additional blocking may be required at post No.1.
- ② Height is 2'-8" from 0' to 12'-6" from bridge. Height tapers from 2'-8" to 2'-4" between 12'-6" to 37'-6" from bridge.

NOTES:

C6 x 8.2 rub rail and structural steel shall be AASHTO 270M Grade 250, and shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with AASHTO M111.

All slotted holes are 1 1/16" x 2".

All square holes are 1 1/16".

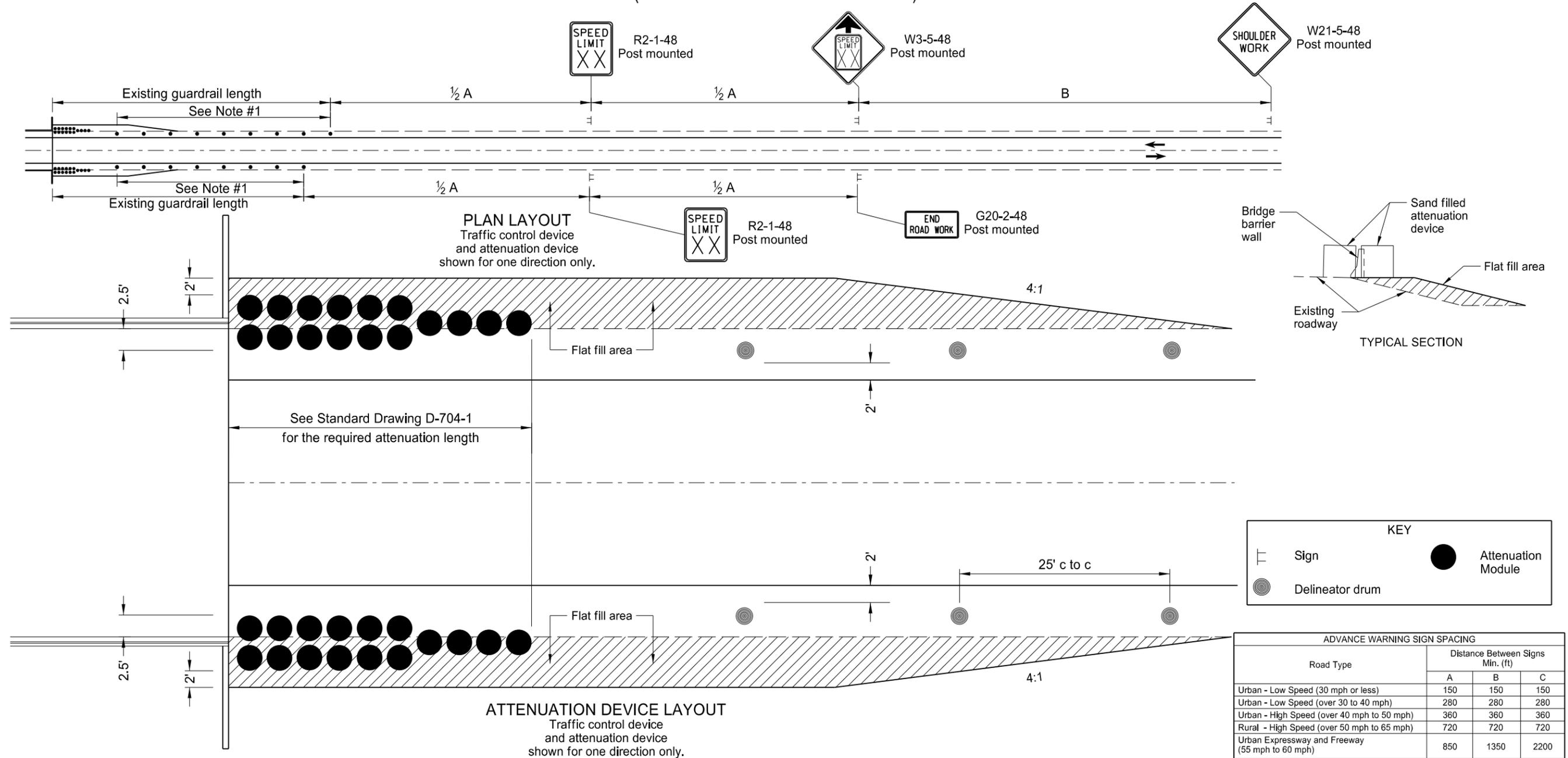
Galvanize all hardware in accordance with AASHTO M232.

All posts and blocks for the W-beam guardrail shall be timber.

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SHORT TERM END TREATMENT FOR BRIDGES
(ATTENUATION DEVICE METHOD)



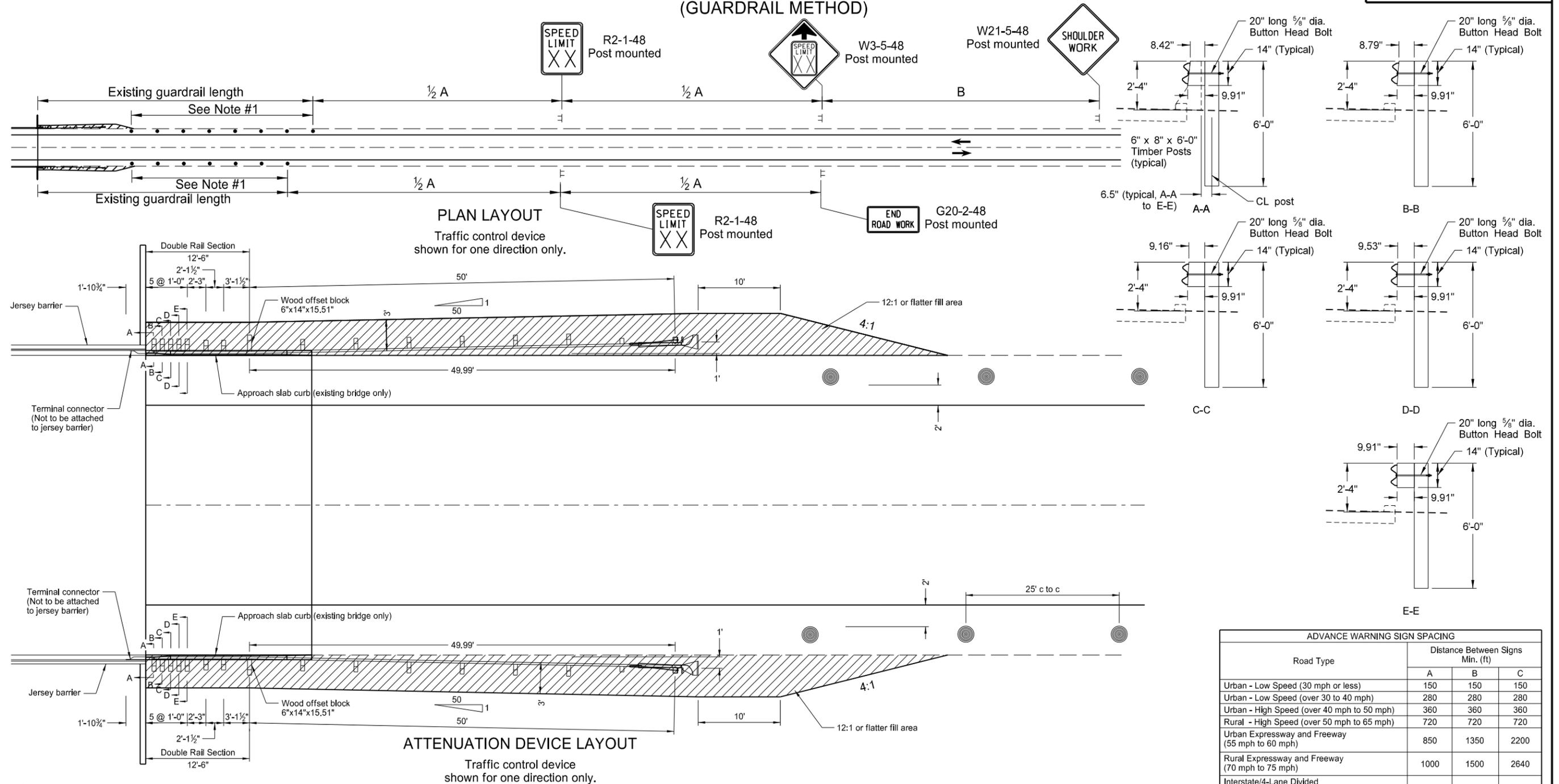
Notes

1. If the shoulder width is less than 3', the vertical panels shall be used and placed as far from the driving lane as possible and still be on the finished shoulder. When there is no shoulder, the vertical panels shall be placed as near as possible to the driving lane on the foreslope of the shoulder.
2. If the bridge is within construction zone signing, the reduced speed ahead sign can be eliminated.
3. The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 mph. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 mph, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 mph. The second speed limit shall be placed at 1/2 B.
4. The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
5. Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
9-27-13	
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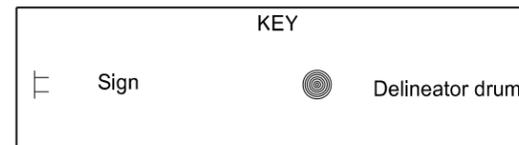
SHORT TERM END TREATMENT FOR BRIDGES
(GUARDRAIL METHOD)



Notes

1. If the shoulder width is less than 3', vertical panels shall be used in place of delineator drums and placed as far from the driving lane as possible and still be on the finished shoulder. When there is no shoulder, the vertical panels shall be placed as near as possible to the driving lane on the foreslope of the shoulder.
2. If the bridge is within construction zone signing, the reduced speed ahead sign can be eliminated.
3. The reduced speed limit shall be determined dependent on the in place speed limit before construction. The speed limit reduction should not exceed 10 mph below the existing speed limit, unless the design speed of the work zone feature has been reduced below the 10 mph. In this case, the speed limit reduction shall not exceed 30 mph. Where speed limits are to be reduced more than 30 mph, a second speed limit sign shall be installed with the desired speed reduction but shall not exceed 30 mph. The second speed limit shall be placed at 1/2 B.

4. The speed limit shall be re-established. The exact speed limit shall be determined in the field, dependent on location and conditions.
5. Existing speed limit signs within a reduced speed zone shall be covered.



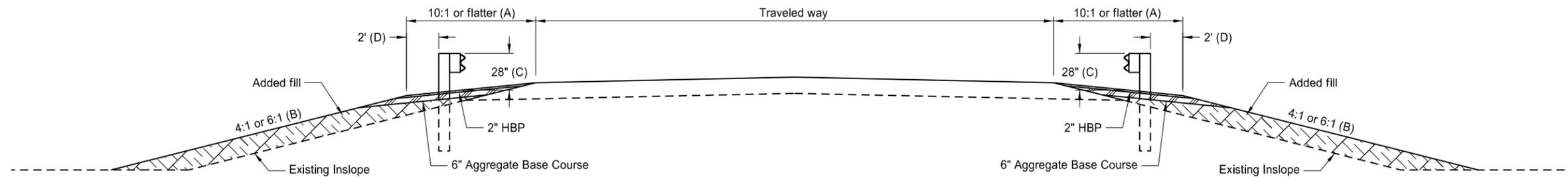
Road Type	ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING		
	Distance Between Signs Min. (ft)		
	A	B	C
Urban - Low Speed (30 mph or less)	150	150	150
Urban - Low Speed (over 30 to 40 mph)	280	280	280
Urban - High Speed (over 40 mph to 50 mph)	360	360	360
Rural - High Speed (over 50 mph to 65 mph)	720	720	720
Urban Expressway and Freeway (55 mph to 60 mph)	850	1350	2200
Rural Expressway and Freeway (70 mph to 75 mph)	1000	1500	2640
Interstate/4-Lane Divided (Maintenance and Surveying)	750	1000	1500

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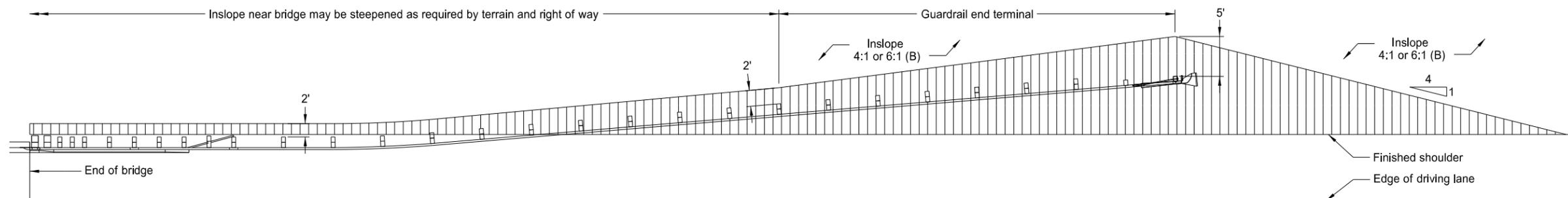
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TYPICAL GRADING AT BRIDGE ENDS
WITH W-BEAM GUARDRAIL

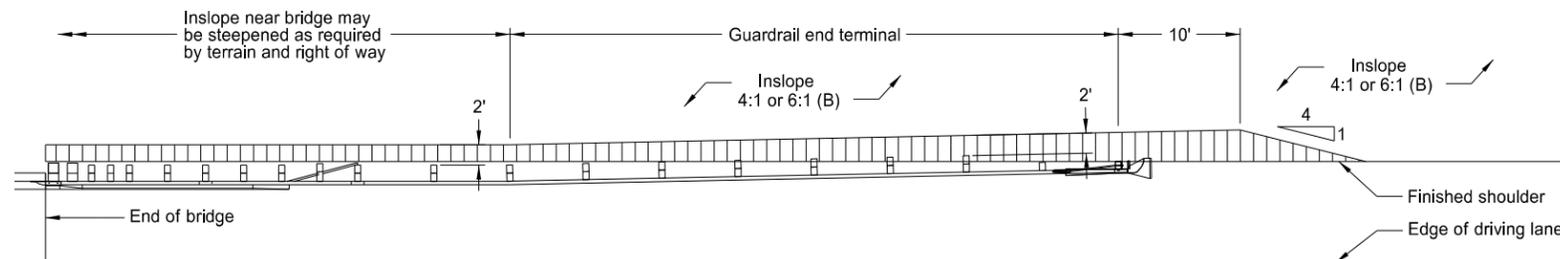
D-764-22



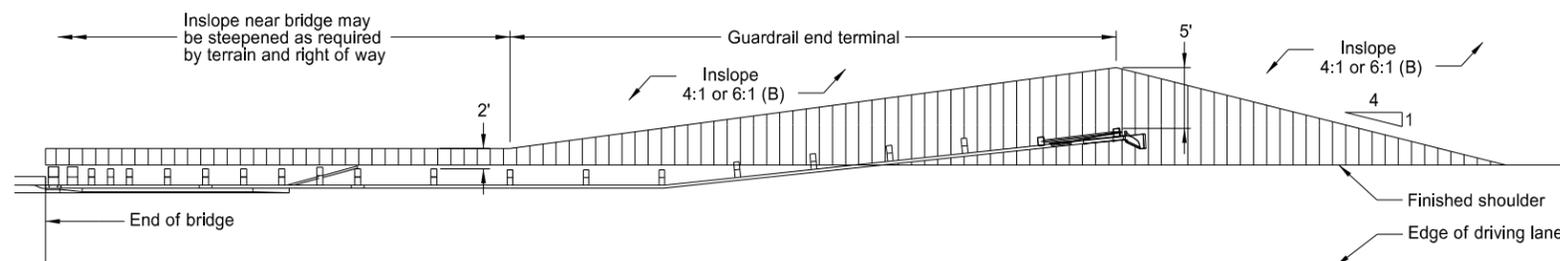
TYPICAL SECTION



PLAN LAYOUT
FLARED GUARDRAIL WITH END TERMINAL



PLAN LAYOUT
NON-FLARED GUARDRAIL WITH TANGENT END TERMINAL



PLAN LAYOUT
NON-FLARED GUARDRAIL WITH FLARED END TERMINAL

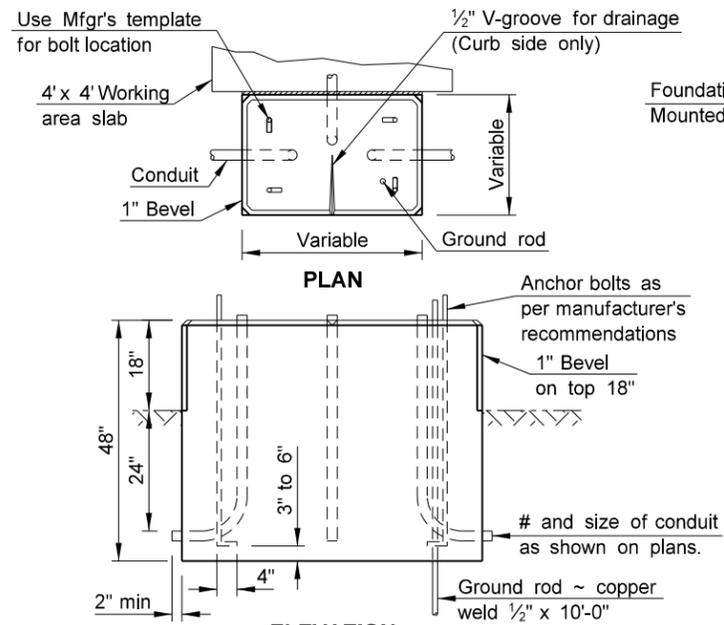
NOTES:

- (A) Slope flatter than 10:1 may be required to provide proper guardrail height.
- (B) Where normal inslope is 4:1 the added fill shall be 4:1. Where normal inslope is 6:1 the added fill shall be 6:1.
- (C) Measured from top of guardrail to top of surfacing at front face of guardrail.
- (D) Dimension at end terminals may vary per Plan Layouts shown on this sheet.

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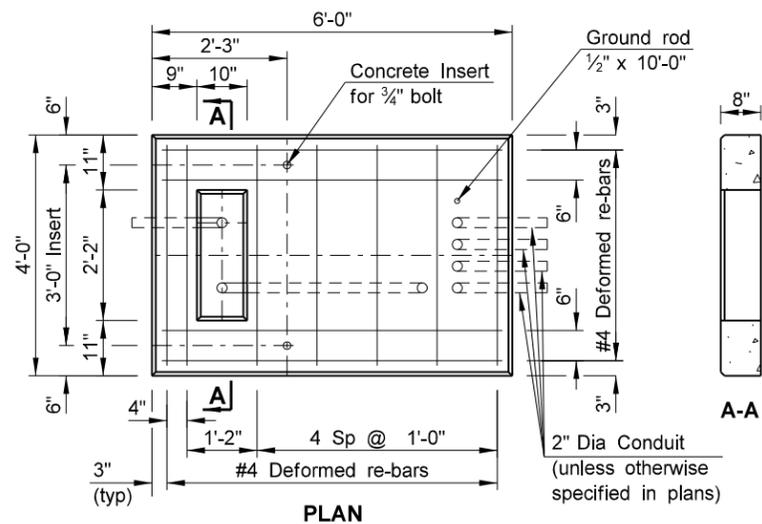
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**CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS
(TRAFFIC SIGNALS & HIGHWAY LIGHTING)**

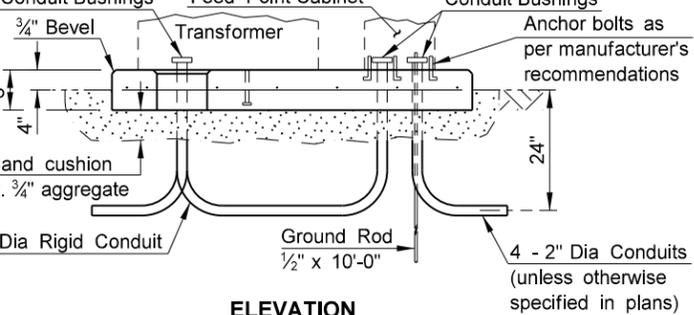


CONTROLLER CABINET FOUNDATION PAD MOUNT

The Controller Cabinet Foundation shall be bid as Concrete Foundation - Traffic Signals.

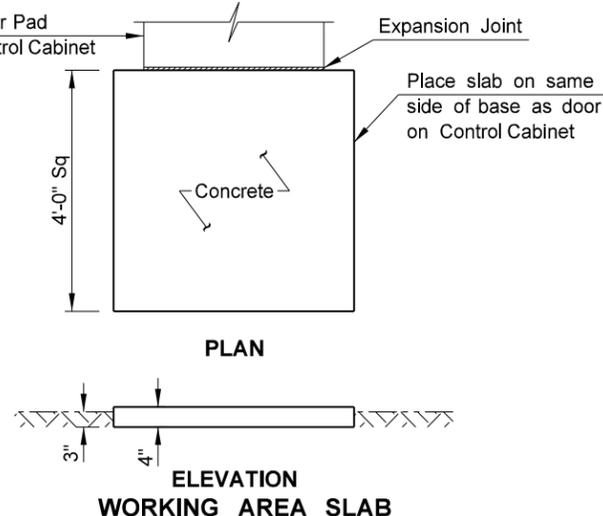


TRANSFORMER & FEED POINT CABINET FOUNDATION PAD MOUNT

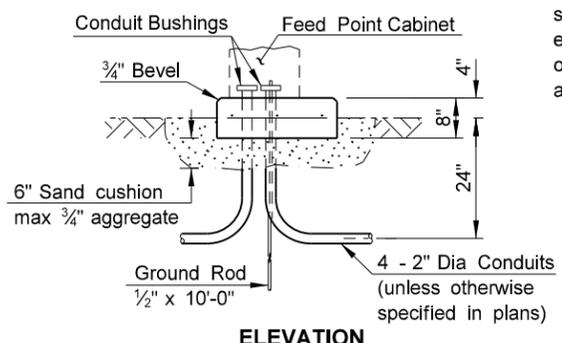
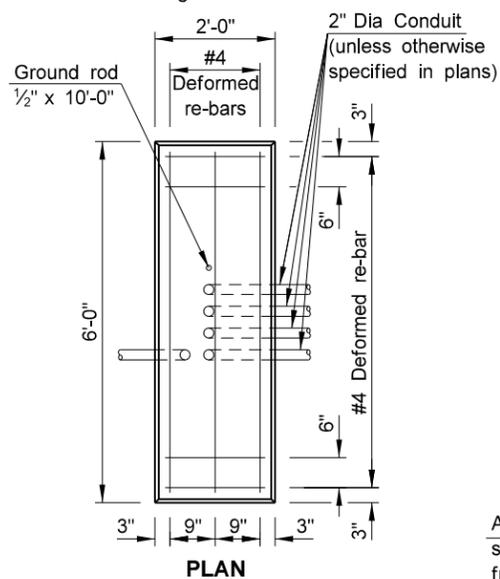


TRANSFORMER & FEED POINT CABINET FOUNDATION PAD MOUNT

The Transformer & Feed Point Cabinet Foundation Pad Mount shall be bid as Concrete Foundation ~ Feed Point ~ Type A.

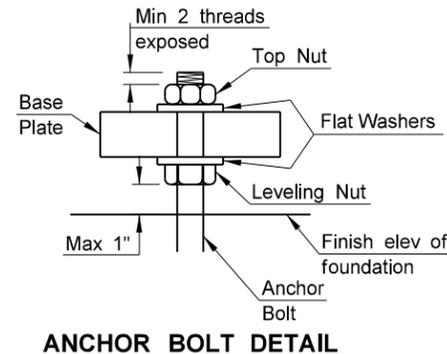


The Working Area Slab shall be installed where shown on the plans and shall not be bid separately but shall be included in the price bid for Concrete Foundation - Traffic Signals.

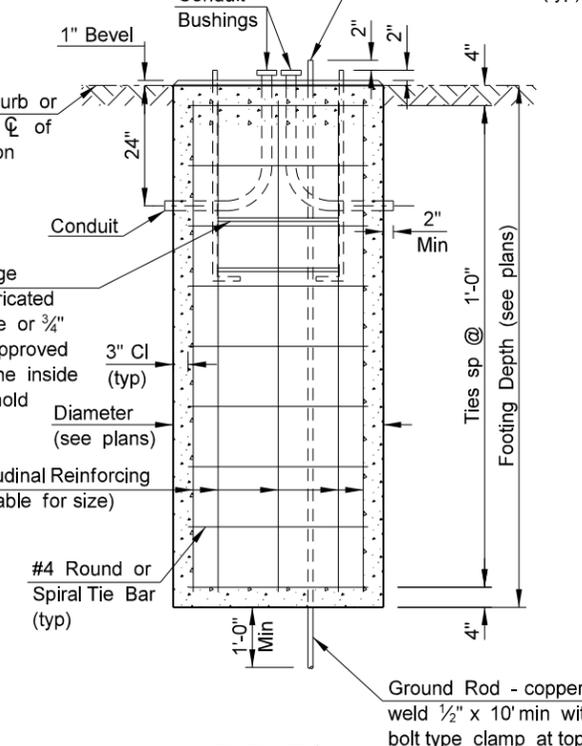
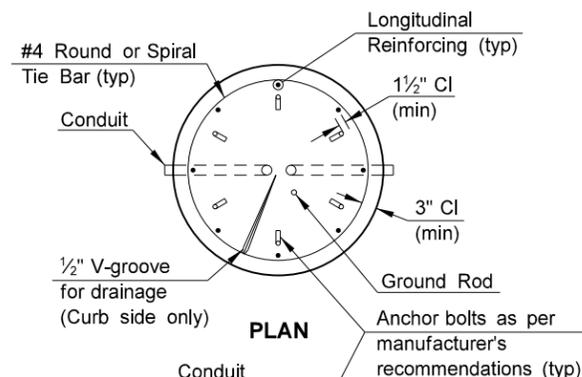


FEED POINT CABINET FOUNDATION PAD MOUNT

The Feed Point Cabinet Foundation Pad Mount shall be bid as Concrete Foundation ~ Feed Point ~ Type B.



ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL



LIGHT & SIGNAL STANDARD FOUNDATION

An anchor bolt cage shall be shop fabricated from #6 bar circle or 3/4\"/>

NOTES:

LIGHT & SIGNAL STANDARD FOUNDATIONS:
See plans for conduit size, number of bends and correct position for each foundation. When conduit does not continue beyond the foundation, conduit with a 105° bend and bushings on both ends may be substituted for the 90° bends shown. See plans for correct size & location of foundations. The grade and exact location shall be established by the Engineer in the field. All reinforcing shall be Grade 60. Tie bars shall have a minimum of a 12\"/>

CONTROLLER CABINET FOUNDATION PAD MOUNT FOUNDATION: See plans for the number of 90° bends per foundation and correct positioning. The foundation for Pad Mounted Controller Cabinet shall be of sufficient size so that there is a minimum of 3\"/>

WORKING AREA SLAB: The materials and preparation of this slab shall be as approved by the Engineer in the field.

TRANSFORMER & FEED POINT CABINET FOUNDATION PAD MOUNTED: The foundation shall have a wood float finish. All conduits shown shall be installed. Conduit that is not used at this time shall be plugged with an expandable plug.

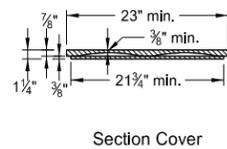
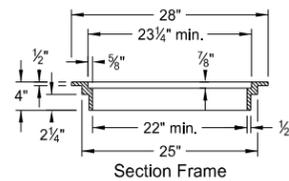
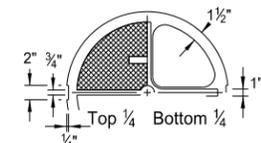
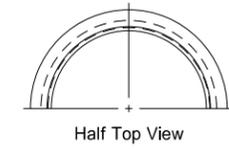
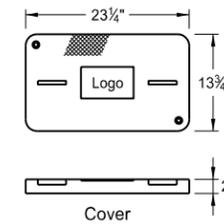
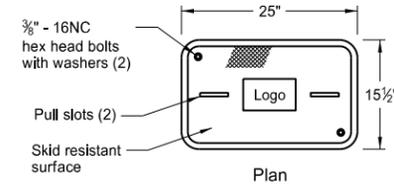
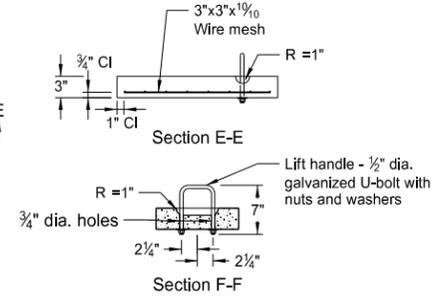
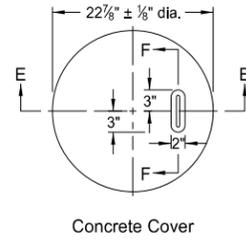
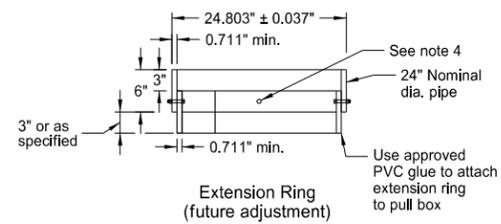
FEED POINT CABINET FOUNDATION PAD MOUNTED: The foundation shall have a wood float finish. All conduits shown shall be installed. Conduit that is not used at this time shall be plugged with an expandable plug.

LIGHT & SIGNAL FOUNDATION TABLE	
FOOTING DEPTH (ft)	LONGITUDINAL REINFORCING
≤ 12	8 - #5
13 - 14	8 - #6
15 - 16	8 - #7
17 - 19	8 - #8

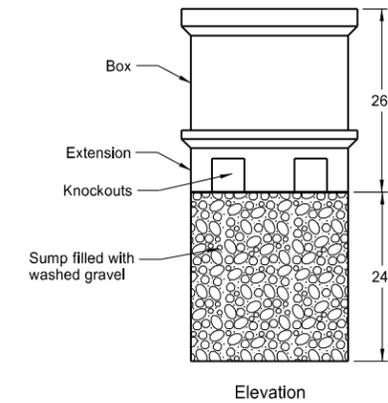
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PULL BOX DETAILS



Cast Iron Frame and Cover

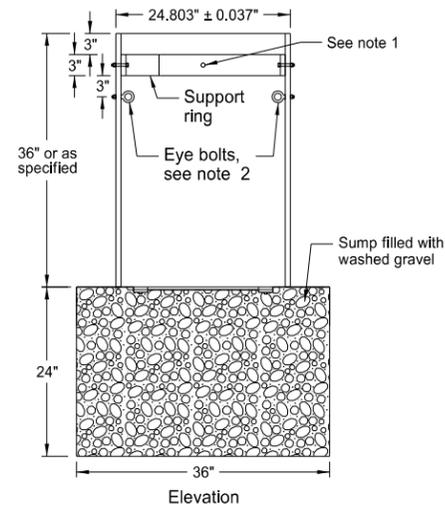


Polymer Concrete Pull Box

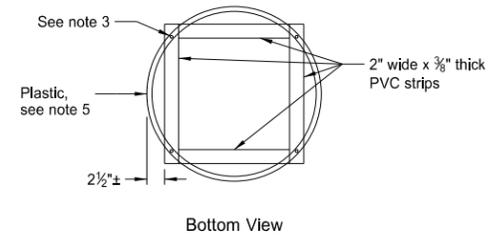
Note: Polymer concrete reinforced by a heavy weave fiberglass

Notes:

1. Place top of pull box flush with surfaced area and approximately one inch above earth or sodded areas on level surfaces.
2. Pull box shall have at least one knockout per side.
3. Polymer Concrete pull box shall be Tier 22 as per ANSI / SCTE 77.



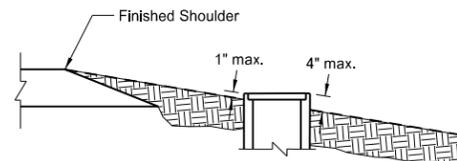
Elevation



Bottom View

PVC Pull Box Notes:

1. Attach split 24" nominal diameter PVC cover support ring with four 3/8" dia. x 2" long stainless steel hex head bolts with nuts at 90 degrees apart.
2. Two type 2 shoulder eye bolts, 3/8" dia. x 1 1/4" shank length with hex nuts 180 degrees apart (for lifting pull box and supporting electric cable).
3. Four 1/4" x 1 1/4" long galvanized lag screws. Screw assembly together.
4. Attach split 24" nominal diameter PVC cover support extension ring with four 3/8" dia. x 2" long stainless steel hex head bolts with nuts at 90 degrees apart.
5. Bolt assembly together.
6. Conduit holes located in barrel section shall be sized no more than 1" larger than size of conduit being used.
7. After pull box and conduit installation all inside walls and cover shall be made water tight to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
8. PVC pipe to meet requirements of ASTM F679T-1 or equal.
9. Hex head bolts and nuts shall be austenitic stainless steel. Other fasteners to be galvanized as per AASHTO M-232.
10. Concrete cover shall be coated on top and sides with an approved epoxy coating. The epoxy protective coating shall be light gray, clear, or neutral in color and shall be applied as recommended by the manufacturer. The surfaces of the concrete to which the epoxy protective coating is applied, shall be cleaned by wire brush and shall be dry before application.
11. Cast Iron Cover castings shall be gray iron as per AASHTO M 105, Class 35B.

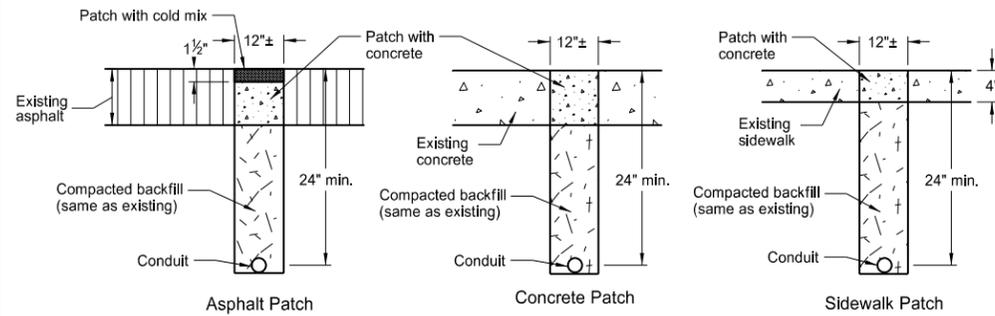


Typical Pull Box in Rural Section

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10-8-13	
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7-8-14	Added Note 3

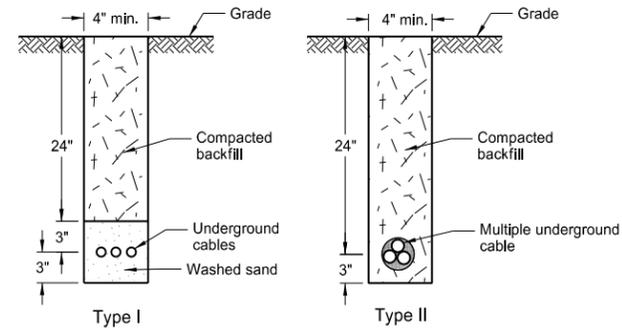
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LIGHTING AND SIGNAL DETAILS



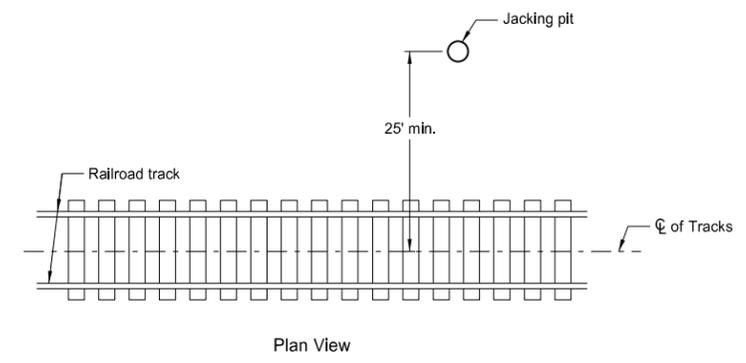
Surface Patch Details

Note: All trenches shall be saw cut. The replacement concrete shall be P.C.C. pavement and the coarse aggregate gradation, maximum size and method of curing shall be as approved by the Engineer. Immediately prior to pouring replacement concrete, all surfaces shall be painted with an approved epoxy compound.

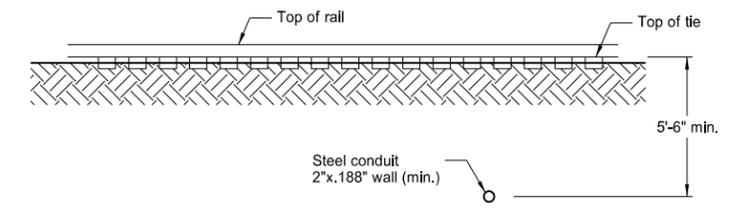


Cable Trench

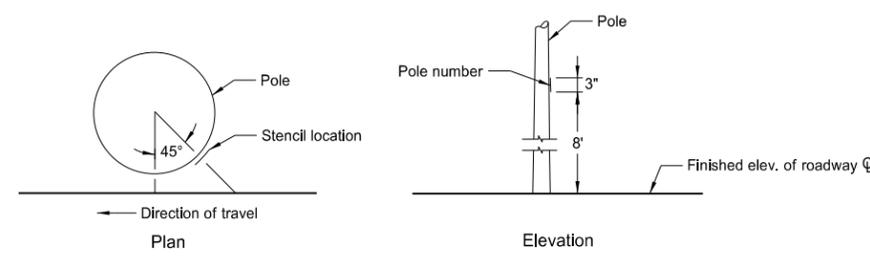
Note: The entire area which is disturbed by the trenching shall be sodded or as directed by the Engineer.



Plan View

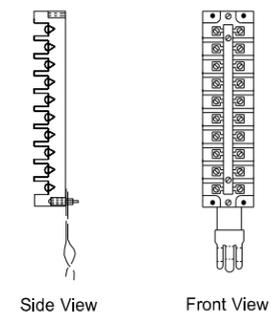


Elevation View
Conduit Placement under Railroad Tracks

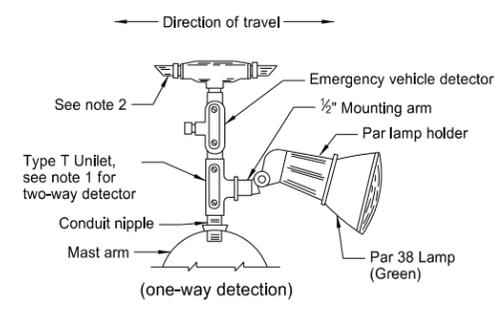


Light Standard Numbering

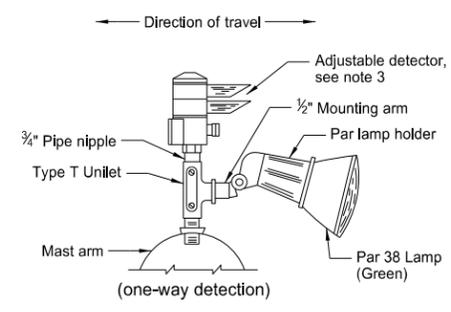
Note: On the roadway side of each light standard, the Contractor shall stencil on the pole number using black paint or an adhesive coated plastic such as Scotchcal by 3M or as approved by the Engineer. See layout sheets for pole numbers.



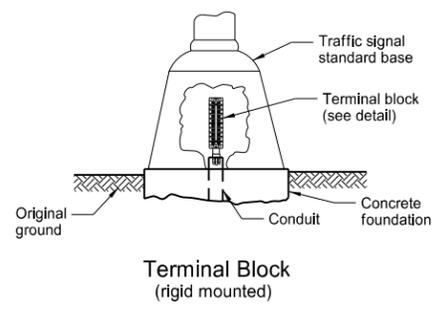
Terminal Block Detail



Emergency Vehicle Detector Detail

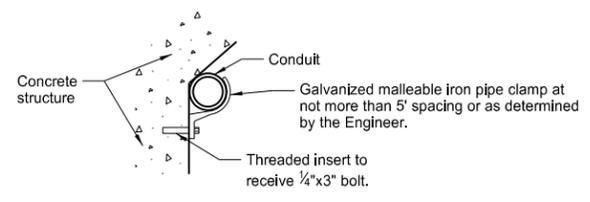


Alternate Emergency Vehicle Detector Detail (adjustable)

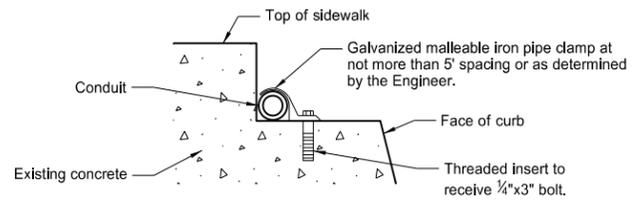


Terminal Block (rigid mounted)

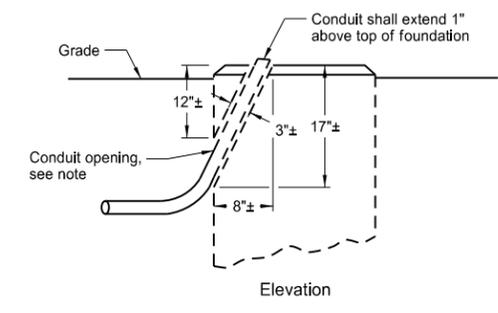
Notes:
1. Two-way Detector shall have Type X Unilet with two Par lamp holders and lamps. (one in each direction).
2. One-way Detector shall have the unused end plugged with metal pipe plug.
3. Two-way Detector shall have the detector lens rotated to face the direction of travel, and shall have Type X Unilet with two Par lamp holders and lamps (one in each direction).



Bridge Mounted Conduit Hanger



Curb Mounted Conduit

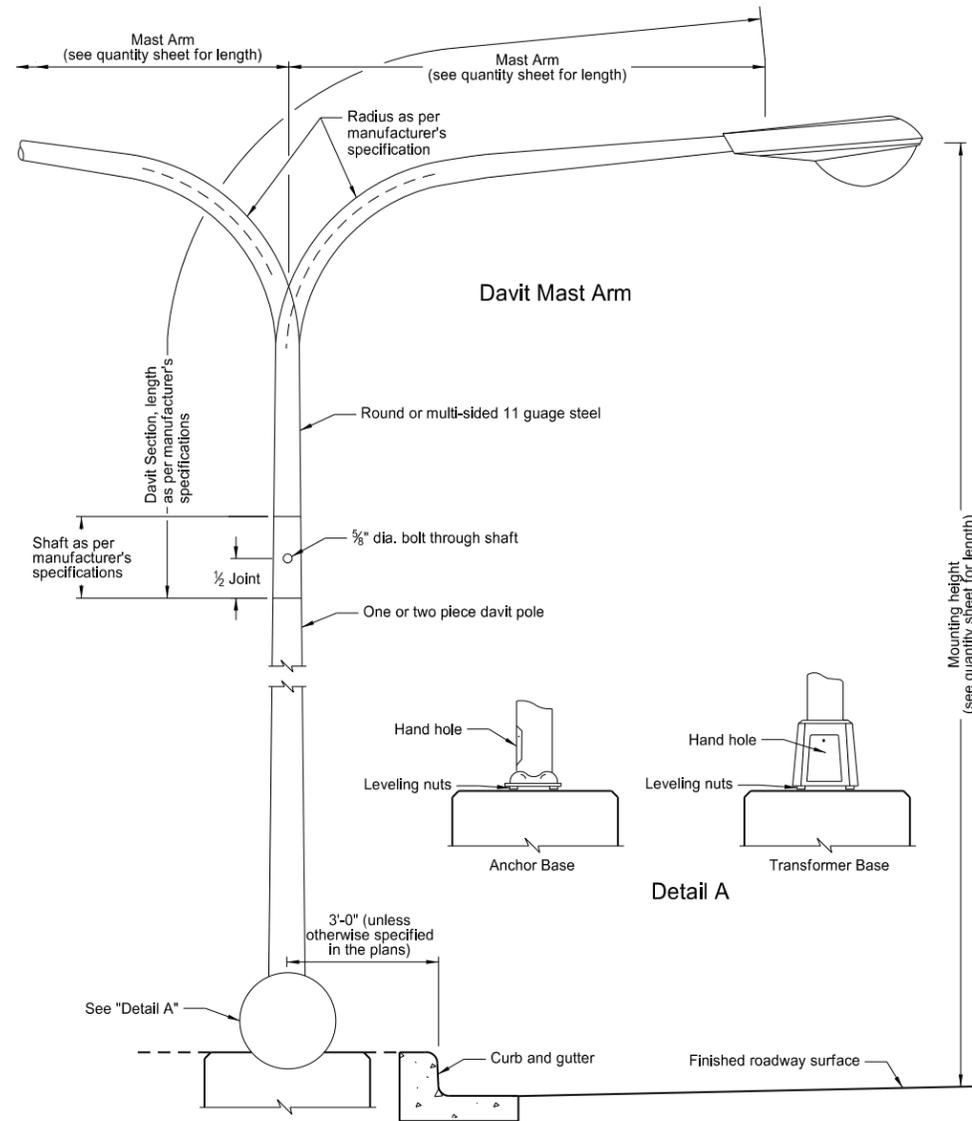


Revise Concrete Foundation

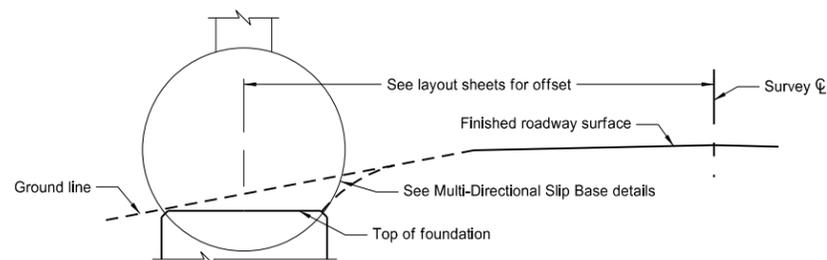
Note: Jackhammer or drill to remove material and provide a location for conduit. Make opening no larger than necessary. Place conduit, fill with concrete and finish foundation to original appearance.

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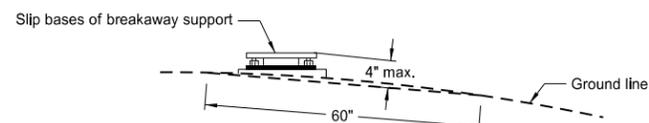
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Light Standard Details

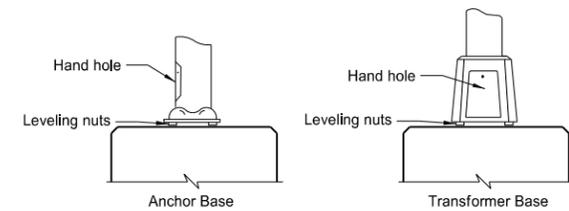


Concrete Foundation Location



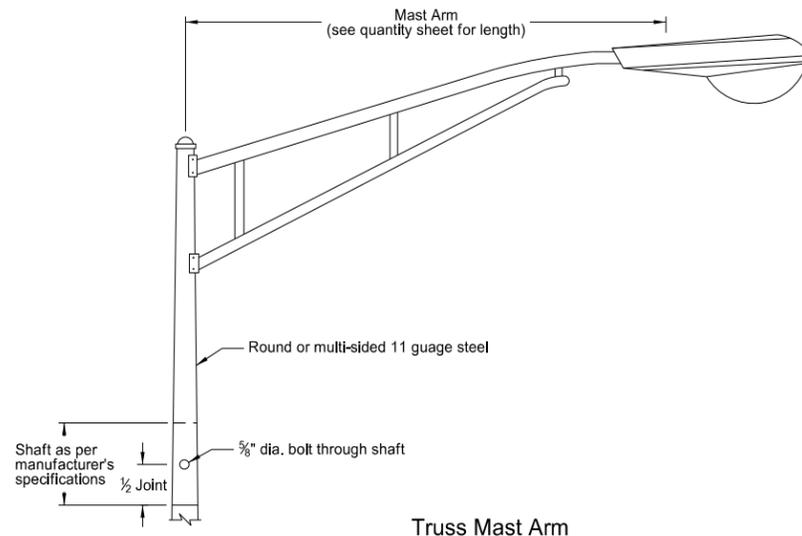
Breakaway Support Stub Clearance Diagram

Mounting height (see quantity sheet for length)

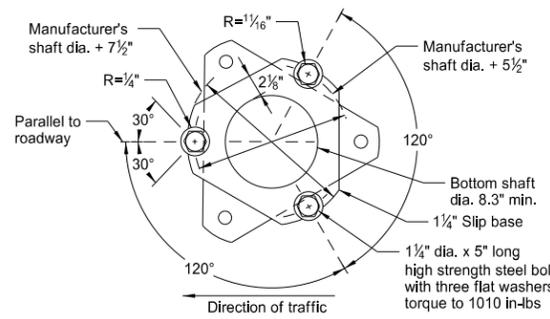


Detail A

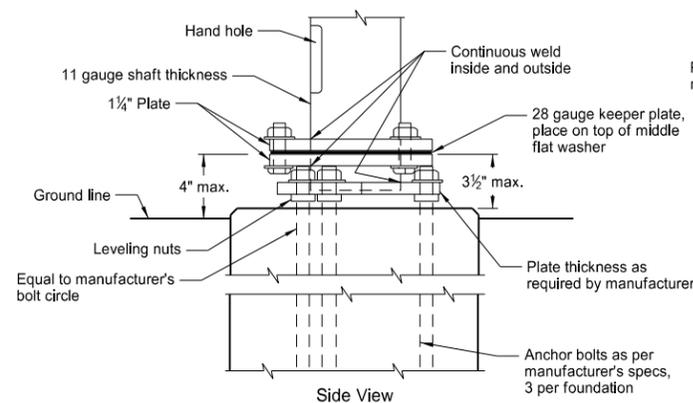
LIGHT STANDARD DETAILS



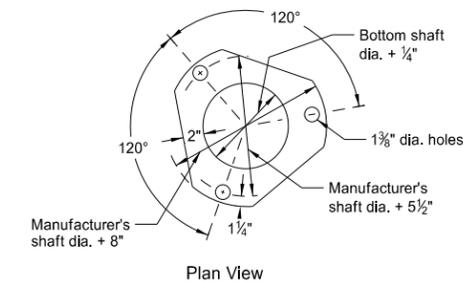
Truss Mast Arm



Top View



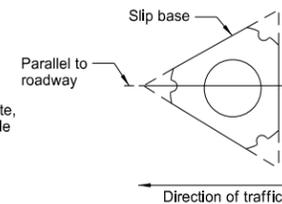
Steel Base Detail



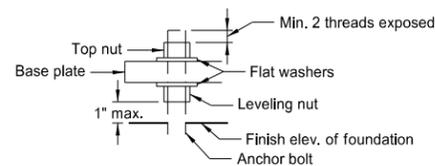
Plan View

Keeper Plate Detail (A)

(A) ASTM A446 Grade "A" 28 gauge keeper plate on top of middle flat washer. The Keeper plate shall be galvanized after fabrication.

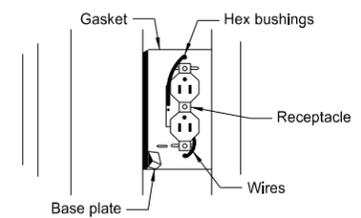


Slip Base Placement Detail

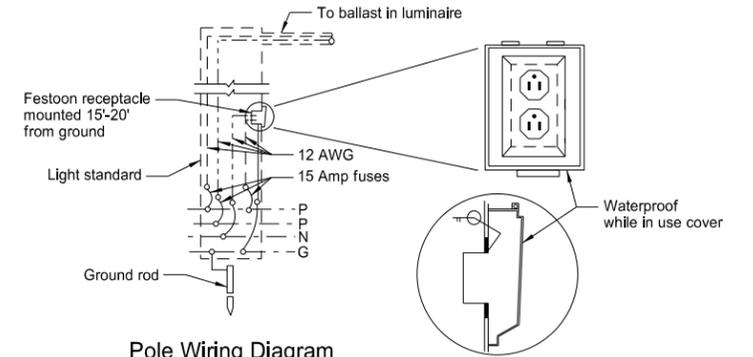


Anchor Bolt Detail

Multi-Directional Slip Base



Optional: Festoon receptacle mounted on multi-sided pole.



Pole Wiring Diagram

Receptacle Mounting Detail (B)

(B) Receptacle shall be mounted on the side of the pole that faces the street side. Festoon Receptacle shall be installed only when specified in the plans.

Notes:

Light Standard Locations: The offset distance shall have a minimum offset from the curb face of 3 feet. Light standards that are placed in urban areas and where speeds are less than 30 mph, may be placed at 3 feet. Where speeds are 30 mph or more, light standards shall be placed at least 16 feet from the driving lane.

Steel Standards: Marred or scratched areas shall be touched up after erection.

Luminaire: Shall be internal ballast-constant wattage 120x240 voltage. See layout sheets for type of luminaire, wattage, I.E.S. distribution, and operating system.

Fusing: Fusing in base, see specifications.

Slip Base Bolt Torque Procedure:

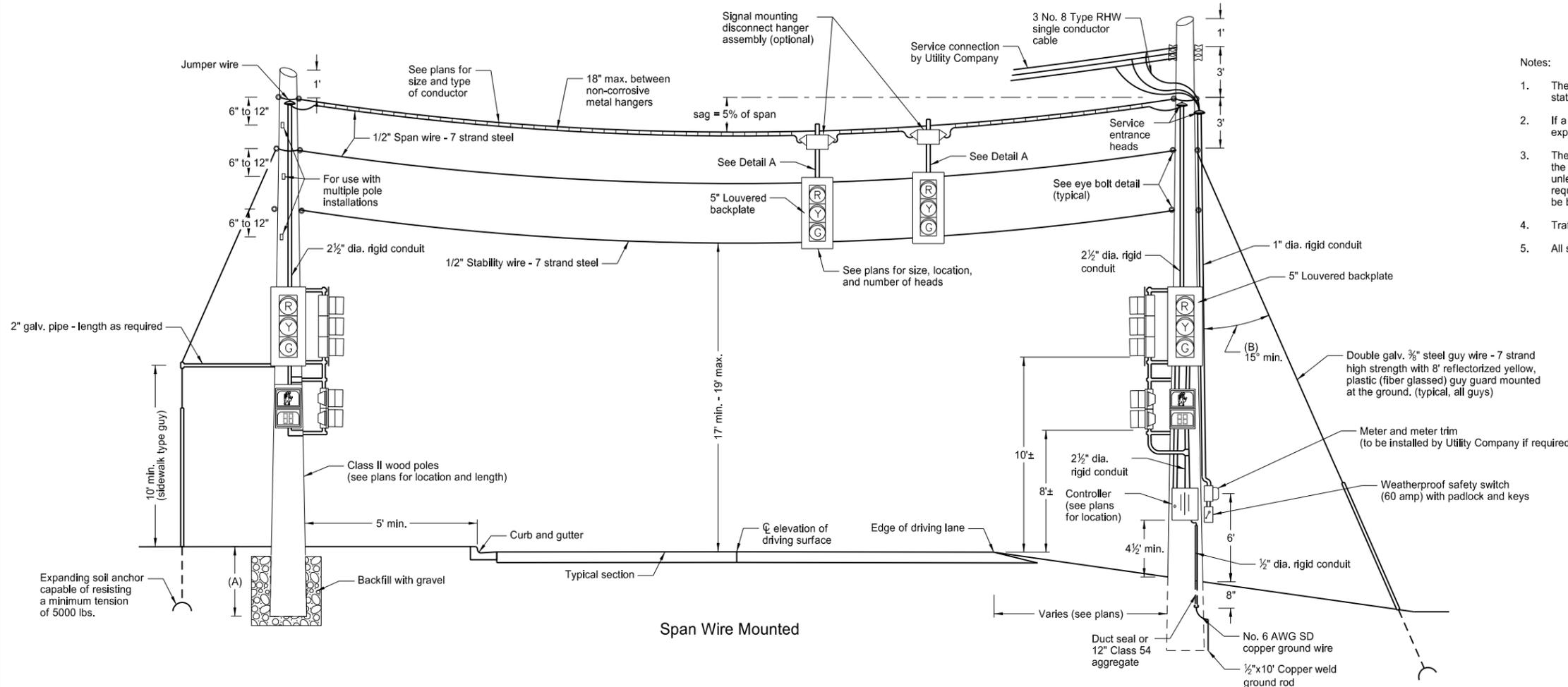
1. Tighten all bolts the maximum possible with 12" to 15" wrench to bed washers and to clean bolt threads, then loosen.
2. Retighten bolts with a systematic order to prescribed torque.
3. Loosen each bolt and retighten to prescribed torque in the same order as initial retightening.
4. Burr threads of junction with nut using center punch to prevent nut loosening.

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SPAN WIRE MOUNTED TRAFFIC SIGNALS

D-772-6

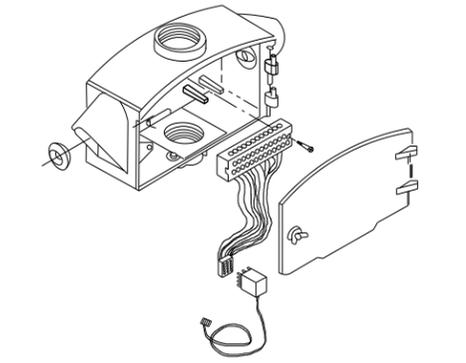


- Notes:
1. The span wire mounted traffic signals shall meet the requirements as stated in the Standard Specifications Section 772 and 896.
 2. If a guy wire angle of less than 45° is used, the capability of the expanding soil anchor to resist tensions on site must be increased.
 3. The contractor shall maintain the required 17 to 19 ft. signal height over the roadway for a minimum period of 90 calendar days after installation, unless written permission is granted the engineer to waive the 90 day requirement. The cost of maintaining the signal head elevation shall not be bid separately but shall be included in the price bid for interim signals.
 4. Traffic signal controller shall be operated on 120 volts.
 5. All span wire and stability wire shall have thimble type connections.

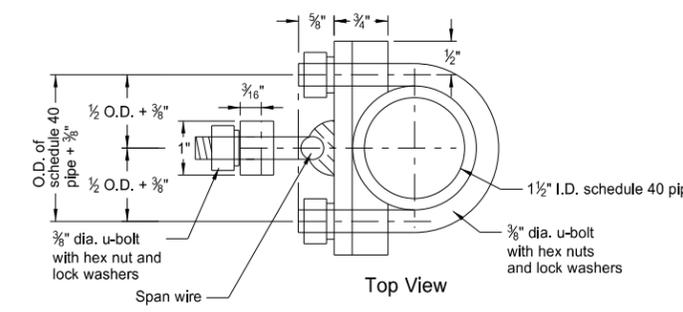
Length of pole (ft)	Depth of pole min. (ft)
35	6
40	6
45	6.5
50	7
55	7.5

Angle	Anchor Resistance min.
30°	12,000 lbs.
15°	24,500 lbs.

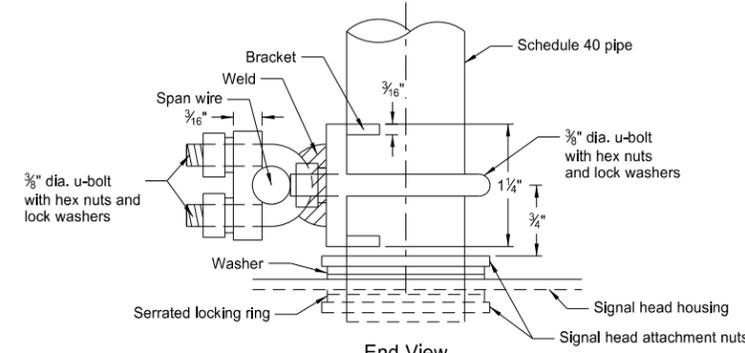
Expanding soil anchor capable of resisting a minimum tension of 5000 lbs.



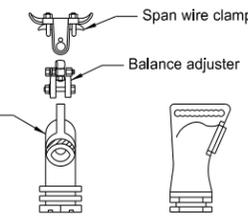
Signal Mounting Disconnect Hanger Assembly



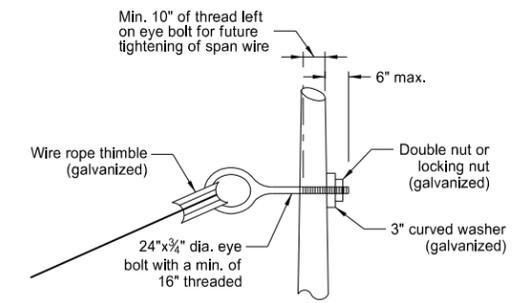
Top View



End View Detail B



Detail A



Eye Bolt Detail

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2-28-14	
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7-8-14	Title change, span wire size and sag

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